This Is the Cry That Rings Thro' Tokio's Streets. "GOGAI! GET THE LATEST GOGAI!" See What It Means In Next Sunday's American

THE WEATHER.

For Boston and vicinity: Fair to-night; Friday fair and warmer; light variable winds, becoming southwest.

High water: 12:34 a. m., 1:09 p. m.

10 PAGES

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY NEWSPAPER

AND NEW YORK JOURNAL

NIGHT EDITION

10 PAGES

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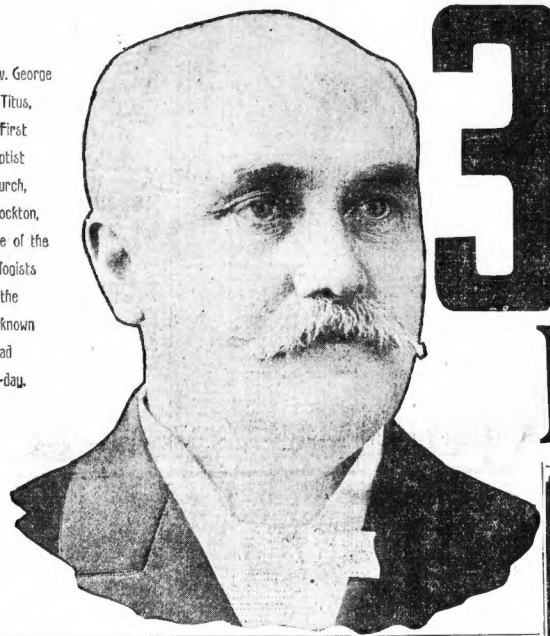
BROCKTON IN SILENT GRIEF BURIES HORROR VICTIMS

39 UNKNOWN DEAD IN ONE GRAVE



Rev. George B. Titus, of First Baptist Church, Brockton, One of the Eulogists of the Unknown Dead To-day.

Official List of Missing.

BROCKTON, Mass., March 23.—City Marshal Royden has issued the following corrected list of missing. Following the publication of the first list a rush was made to the central police station of people whose names appeared on the list of the missing. The number is now down to forty-three. This list does not include the identified dead.

ANDERSON, HJALMER.
ATWOOD, MRS. CLAIRE.
ABERCROMBIE, W.
BAKER, IRVING C.
BELL, F. W.
BOULDREY, E.
BURGESS, GEORGE B.
BURGESSON, LENA.
BURGIN, MYRA.
CHANDLER, JESSIE.
CURTIS, MRS. M. J.
DAHLBERG, ALBINA.
DESMOND, TIMOTHY J.
EMERSON, FRANK.
ETHIER, C.
LEGATE, ——
LOVEJOY, SAMUEL.
MERRILL, FLORENCE.
PIERCE, ARTHUR.
PIERCE, H. M.
RAY, S.
SNOW, JOSHUA.
FITZPATRICK, MARY.
FINDL, WALLACE.
FORTIER, A. J.
GANLEY, M.
HALLET, ALMORAN.
HOXIE, ISAAC.
HURD, LILLIE.
JEFFERS, WILLIAM.
JACKSON, JAMES.
KILBIE, H. C.
KELLEY, S. ..LLA.
LANGLEY, THOMAS.
LEONARD, MARY.
LEWIS, BARNABUS.
LEARY, NELLIE.
SNOW, J. F.
SULLIVAN, JOHN N.
TILLY, SAMUEL A.
TURNER, J. W.
TUFTS, MARION.
WEEKS, H. N.
WINSLOW, R.

Factories Stilled, Business Closed and Buildings Draped in Mourning as People Listen to Services for the Victims of the Shoe Factory Disaster.

Special to the Boston American.

BROCKTON, March 23.—Brockton to-day is burying its dead. Thousands began to gather as early as noon at the half-dozen places where funeral services for the victims of the disaster at the R. B. Grover & Co. factory were to be held. Before the services actually began other thousands made the throng even greater. The city's grief is a common one.

From the list of forty unidentified, for whom the services are being held, only one has been removed. This was Mrs. Lillian B. Hurd, of No. 806 Warren avenue, identified to-day by a scrap of her clothing. Thirty-nine others are to be laid to rest, unnamed, late this afternoon.

Death's Stillness Reigns

The stillness of death has reigned over Brockton since its awakening to-day. Crepe flutters from hundreds of stores and homes, business is suspended, stores are closed, schools and municipal buildings have their flags at half mast, and the busy whirr of machinery is stilled. In the streets, at first almost deserted, sorrow stricken thousands were moving by noon on their way to the services.

City Theatre was crowded to the doors when those who had lost their loved ones arrived. Sombre black was everywhere, draping the caskets, the walls and the pews. There it is that Rev. Fr. W. E. Keating, of St. Patrick's, delivers a eulogy of the dead. He says in part:

TO THOSE WHO MOURN.

"Ever stern is the mission of death, ever is it abhorrent in its nature, ever is the blight in its breath, but when the strong, the beautiful, the healthy are stricken down we stand overpowered as in the presence of an unfinished statue where the chisel has fallen from the motionless hand of the master artist.

"Fathers and mothers who have lost children for whom you have toiled and sacrificed, remember Gethsemane's garden, remember the agonized Saviour. This is but one drop from His cup. Brothers and sisters who weep for those neared and dearest, remember His crucified agony. This is but one thorn from His crown. Husbands and wives who grieve for cherished companions, remember Calvary's summit. This is but one nail from His cross."

Services in Six Places.

Mayor Keith presides at the services at the City Theatre. Municipal officials attended those services in a body. In addition to Father Keating, the Rev. Dr. Rush R. Shippen, of Unity; Rev. R. L. Rex, of the Waldo Congregational; Rev. Julian S. Wadsworth, of the Central Methodist; Rev. James A. O'Rourke, the hero priest of St. Margaret's; Rev. George Reiser, of the First Baptist; Rev. Francis Bingham White, Rev. J. Alfred Anderson, of the Swedish Lutheran; Rev. W. O. Ayer, Rev. Louis G. Hosek, Rev. W. H. Morrison and Rev. Herman E. Ellis participate in the services at the City Theatre and in the churches and halls.

Early it was seen that the places first selected would be inadequate to accommodate the throngs who would attend the services. It was finally decided to hold services in six places, the theatre, the Porter Congregational Church, St. Paul's Episcopal Church, the First Congregational Church and Canton and Massasoit Halls. All these places are filled to overflowing.

SOLEMN REQUIEM FOR DEAD.

One of the services of the morning, which was largely attended was that at St. Patrick's Roman Catholic Church. The service took the form of a solemn high mass of requiem for the repose of the souls of four parishioners, who, it is believed certainly perished in the fire, though none was among the identified dead. Rev. James J. Kelley, the pastor, was the celebrant at the mass.

Seville Council, Knights of Columbus, attended the services in a body, while delegations from many national Hose and were present, the International Hose and Shoe Workers' Union being represented by its president, John J. Tobin, of Boston.

Other special services were those for former Councilman Ernest C. Carlson, one of the identified victims, and also for Miss

Continued on 2d Page, 1st Column.

HEARING TODAY ON EX-MAYOR MATTHEWS'

BILL FOR MUNICIPAL GAS

The Proposed Legislation Makes Sweeping Changes in the Law on Lighting.

Follows Governor Douglas's Recommendation in His Inaugural Message.

Municipal ownership of gas plants for Boston is provided in a bill drawn up by former Mayor Nathan Matthews and given a hearing in the State House to-day by the Joint Committee on Public Lighting. Governor Douglas is, in a measure, responsible for the preparation of the proposed measure. He recommended municipal ownership in his inaugural address. The Public Lighting Committee has been giving hearings on bills to prevent over-capitalization by the Gas Trust.

The municipal ownership bill is the latest move in the fight which began when Mayor Collins advocated eighty-cent gas, and the BOSTON AMERICAN obtained the signatures of more than 70,000 readers to a petition asking for a rate reduction to that figure.

The bill favored by Mr. Matthews is as follows, and is a practical revision of Chapter 34 of the Revised Laws. Its chief features are as follows:

Insures Immediate Possession.

1. A provision that towns and cities taking advantage of the law shall be entitled to immediate possession of the property, if the company elects to sell. Under the present law, the company retains possession until the close of the litigation which usually ensues over the amount payable, which the Governor thinks they ought not to have a certain possession of the plant during the litigation. The result usually is that no extensions or improvements are made during the interval between the final vote and the conclusion of the litigation and there is no inducement, of course, for the company to keep the plant up.

2. A change in the basis of valuation. The present law contains many suidgenous expressions, and Mr. Matthews's proposition is that the value "shall be determined without enhancement on account of earnings, past, present or prospective, and without any allowance for the value if any of franchises, good will or rights in the public ways; the measure of said value to be the sum which a willing purchaser, having the requisite street rights, franchises and business prospects, but no plant, could fairly afford to pay in cash for the plant in question, without enhancement on account of earnings or any allowance for the value of franchises, good will or rights in the

Continued on 3d Page, 4th Column.

10 PEASANTS SLAIN, 50 HURT BY TROOPS

ELEVEN MORE WILL DIE FROM CLASH WITH RUSSIAN SOLDIERS ON HIGHWAY.

KUTNO, Russian Poland, March 23.—Ten peasants were killed and forty-two wounded at Lamenta on March 21. They were shot down by infantry sent to quell disturbances.

A crowd of peasants from Beningowna proceeded to Lamenta to induce the farm laborers there to strike, and rioting occurred. The Chief of Police with a company of soldiers hurried to the scene and the troops fired two volleys at the peasants, killing two on the spot and wounding fifty.

The latter were brought in carts to the hospital here, where seven men and one woman subsequently died. Eleven others are dying.

Kutno is seventy miles West of Warsaw. It has a population of about 10,000.

TWO OLD FIRE FIGHTERS DEAD

Two of Boston's famous fire fighters have passed away within a few hours of each other. Both were on the retired list.

Captain Thomas W. Conway, of Ladder 9, Main street, Charlestown, was found unconscious on Massachusetts avenue, and died on the way to the City Hospital. Captain George J. Wall died at his home, No. 16 Mt. Vernon street, Dorchester, of injuries received in one of the big lumber yard fires on Albany street several years ago.

Captain Conway was connected with the department from 1874 to August 12, 1894. Captain Wall was connected with the department since 1879. He retired January 16, 1903.

FLOOD IN CALIFORNIA.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 23.—Extensive washouts on the Southern Pacific Railroad have completely tied up all trains on that road between this city and the East, in Arizona and along the Colorado River.

MRS. CHADWICK WILL TESTIFY

CLEVELAND, March 23.—Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick says she will go on the witness stand in the bankruptcy proceedings against her and make known all the facts in her possession that will aid her creditors.

Some of her disbursees, she says, may not be pleased, but she will not say anything that cannot be backed up by documentary evidence.

RECKLESS DRIVER IS BADLY HURT BY CAR

NEW BEDFORD, March 23.—Jarvis Gibbs, of Pocasset, was struck by an electric car of the Middleboro and Buzzards Bay Street Railway and buried through the window of the front vestibule, receiving injuries that may prove fatal. Gibbs had been driving furiously about the town, during the police to arrest him. He tried to cross the tracks just as the car was coming and could not avoid it.

POWERS IN PEACE PLAN BY INTERVENTION

BRITISH CABINET MEETS TO DISCUSS MOVE TO FORCE RUSSIA TO END WAR.

Special Cable to Boston American.

LONDON, March 23.—Peace between Russia and Japan through intercession by the Powers was discussed at a specially called meeting of the British Cabinet to-day.

One of the Powers has suggested that all the great nations unite in stopping the war.

The decision of the Cabinet has not yet been made known, but definite action grows out of the conference is expected immediately.

The British Cabinet met to discuss this matter by request of a certain power—believed to be France, which has an alliance with Russia. The session of the Cabinet was fully attended and closely guarded.

It is a fact that Europe generally believes that Russia has irretrievably lost in her battle against Japan. As conditions now exist in the Far East they are a menace to the rights of other nations—particularly commercial rights—hence a suggestion from another power to consider the matter and take action if considered advisable was welcomed here.

RUSSIA INSPIRES REQUEST?

Whether Russia inspired this request for intervention is not made known here. It is probable that she did so, however, as since the defeats of Mukden and Tie-Ling Russia has been aroused to a realization of the full extent of the disaster to her arms and all recent attempts at mobilization of another army for service in Manchuria have practically failed.

Dispatches received from St. Petersburg say that certain grand dukes, supported by General Bakharof, Minister of War; Admiral Avelan, head of the Admiralty, and what is known as the war party, are still bitterly opposed to the idea of peace. Under the present circumstances, however, the Ministers of War and Marine, the Ministry backed by M. Witte, solidly favors this course, and the convincing arguments they offer are telling.

NEW INTERNAL LOAN AGREEMENT FOR RUSSIA SIGNED

ST. PETERSBURG, March 23.—The agreement for the new Russian internal loan of 200,000,000 roubles was signed to-day. The loan will be issued at 96 and will be redeemable in fifty years.

LECTURE ON RUSSIA FOR CLUB HOSPITAL

"Russia Yesterday and To-day" will be the subject of a lecture to be delivered next Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock in Potter Hall, in the New Century Building, No. 417 Huntington avenue. The money raised will be used for the benefit of the Woman's Charity Club Hospital.

SINGLE FUNERAL FOR 39 OF BROCKTON HORROR'S UNKNOWN DEAD

Last Tribute of Sorrow for Unidentified Victims of Explosion at Grover Factory.

Continued from First Page.

Mamie O'Connell and Miss Serena Shaw Barrows.

The funeral procession is under the direction of City Marshal William A. Bowden. Sixty carriages have been provided and placed at the disposal of the relatives of the dead.

Battery I, First Heavy Artillery, under command of Captain George E. Horton; Major James Frye Camp, Legion of Spanish War Veterans; the High School Cadets; the First Battalion of the Uniformed Rank, Knights of Pythias; fraternal societies and delegations from the labor unions will make up the escort.

The procession starts at 4 o'clock. At that hour three hearses and a number of undertakers' wagons, containing the caskets, will be in front of the City Theatre. Then will follow the relatives in carriages and members of the city government.

The march will be to Melrose Cemetery, where there will be a commitment service.

THE DEATH ROLL.

Revised figures of the loss in the disaster bring the probable total to fifty-eight. The identified dead number eleven, the unidentified thirty-nine and the missing forty-three. As soon as the list of the missing was published yesterday, many of the living were surprised to find their names on the dread roll. They had fallen in the excitement and the horror to report that they had escaped and were believed to be missing.

They reported at once, however, after the list was made public and reduced the number of missing accordingly. The three missing in excess of the number of unidentified dead were probably totally consumed in the fire that destroyed the factory after the explosion. Medical Examiner Bowker says that there is practically no prospect of the recovery of any more bodies.

Chief Shaw is reported to have stated that not only was the brace-bar in the end of the boiler defective, but also defects were found in the front end of the boiler, where the steam gauge was located. The defects indicated that the steam gauge did not properly record the pressure.

PIERCE STORY A MYSTERY.

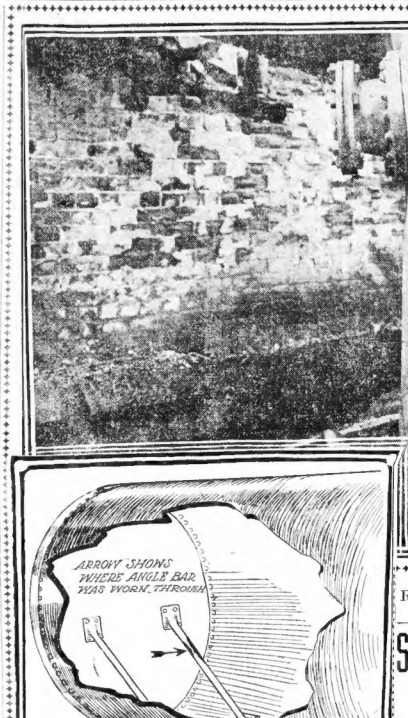
The secret information that Hiram Pierce, one of the injured, wishes to convey personally to Charles O. Emerson, treasurer of the Grover factory, remains as much a mystery as ever. Mr. Emerson says that he has been physically unable to go to the hospital in person, but as soon as he heard that Pierce wanted to tell him something about the catastrophe he sent Mr. Hunt of the firm to see what the injured man wished.

"Mr. Hunt has not told me what it was that Pierce wanted," said Mr. Emerson. "He told me when he came back that it was a personal matter and that I need not bother myself about it."

Mr. Pierce says that he can not account for the explosion, and denies that he had the slightest idea that the boiler was defective. Three members of his own family perished in the wreck, and Mr. Emerson himself escaped only by a fortunate chance. He had left the building but a moment before the explosion occurred.

Mayor Keith, City Marshal Bowden and District Attorney French are preparing to take up the matter of investigation more carefully and more determinedly than ever as soon as the last of the funerals of the victims is held. While the city is still numb with grief and the shock of the disaster only the perfunctory work of investigation has been carried on.

The city officials, however, declare that they are going to go to the bottom of the catastrophe and ascertain, if it be possible for human agency to accomplish this, who is responsible for the terrible affair. They say that it is their duty to place the blame and they will do so.



BAR WHICH SOME THINK CAUSED DISASTER.

Photographed by BOSTON AMERICAN Staff Photographer.

REMAINS OF BOILER HEAD, SHOWING CRACK.
Arrow shows the break which was hidden.

TRIBUTES OF GRIEF TO UNKNOWN DEAD

Special to the Boston American.

BROCKTON, March 23.—Eulogies of the victims of the Grover factory disaster, in the City Theatre, are given below. Over the caskets containing all that is mortal of those who died in the explosion and fire, tributes were paid by four of the most eloquent men of Brockton. The eulogies follow:

By Father W. E. Keating, Of St. Patrick's Church, at City Theatre.

"In the midst of life we walk in death."

Have these words ever been brought more forcibly to our minds, remember, than today when the pall of death canopies our city; today when hearts are filled with anguish at the loss of scores of our dearest; when lips of loved ones are mute to the anguished cry of father or mother, husband or wife; when eyes of loved ones are closed forever in dreamless sleep, when hearts are silenced, heedless to words of praise or affection.

To-day when we consider the magnitude of the great calamity that has plunged our city into unutterable grief, has bereft many homes and has rent asunder the dearest ties on earth, when we consider that, though the pang of loss like a keen sword, penetrates our hearts to its very hilt, that though we mourn for those who have been playmates in childhood, chosen companions perhaps in later life, who sat at the same table, knelt at the same shrine, shared their joys and sorrows, we can but bow our heads in humble submission to the decrees of an all wise Providence whilst we say with an agonized Saviour, "Father, not my will but Thine."

"Is My Time Not Yet?"

Ever stern is the mission of death, ever is it aberrant in its nature, ever is the blight in its breath, but when the strong, the beautiful, the healthy are stricken down, we stand overpowered, as in the presence of an unfinished statue, while the chisel has fallen from the motionless hand of the master artist.

When the young, the hopeful, are mowed down by the merciless scythe, is it any wonder we pause and ask ourselves "Is my time next?" What assurance have we that it is not? As it not written, "It shall come like a thief in the night." Is in such moments as these that all-wise, provident God reveals to us our nothingness here below, our greatness beyond, reveals to us that here is no lasting habitation, that there is the true home, heaven.

Grief Inexpressible.

In our moments of deepest emotion we find ourselves instinctively silent. When we would speak most feelingly our hearts are most depressed, words fail us, our voices are mute.

What then can we say when to-day we would fain pay a tribute of love and reverence to the memory of those whom we mourn, when we would say one word of comfort to assuage the bereaved ones we can but offer the comfort of the apostle.

"We not sorrowful even as others who have not hope, for if we believe that Jesus died and rose again, even so them who have slept through Jesus will God bring with him."

We would not bid you not to grieve, for did not the Saviour weep for Lazarus whom he loved? Did he not commiserate our unhappiness so far as to shed tears over one that was dead? Fathers and mothers who have lost children for whom you have prayed and sacrificed, remember Gethsemane's garden, remember the agonized Saviour. This is but one drop in the cup. Brothers and sisters who weep for those nearest and dearest, remember the crowned Saviour. This is but one thorn from his crown. Husbands and wives who grieve for cherished companions, remember Calvary's summit, look where Jesus is dying. This is but one nail from his cross.

Reunion Is Promised.

But though to-day you stand beneath the shadow of the cross, though hearts within you seem ready to burst, yet a rainbow shines through each tear and you can surely remember that Christ rose as the dawn of a bright eastern morn, that there is a great beyond, where neither sorrow nor pain, nor sighing can enter, that as the golden chains of love and friendship are broken here on earth, to be reclaimed, link by link, in the bright realms above. This is the hope, the trust and consolation, which calls as healing balm on broken hearts. This is the death of its greatest terror. This is what makes us look forward to the life to come so as to one which is to be at once a day, not only of separation, but of reunion as well.

Plea for Eternal Rest.

Bereaved friends, the people of Brockton love to-day those in their christian character by their expressions of sympathy and condolence, by their presence here and in the various places of worship where memorial services are being held. The business life of this industrious and prosperous city pauses to-day, while people thousands stand reverently by and with bowed heads pay the last tribute to this most impressive funeral this city has ever known. Before these bodies have been buried or remains been consigned to their last resting place attended with such circumstances full of woe, with many mourners, such a procession will pass slowly by; let our prayers ascend to the throne of the all merciful Father. Eternal rest grant unto them, O Lord, and let perpetual light shine upon them.

St. Patrick's choir is one of the most

In the centre aisle on a raise bier was one casket. No flowers were arranged about the channel rail. There was no sign that four souls were having the last rites said for them.

Miss Nellie Leary, Miss Mary Leonard, Timothy Desmond and Thomas Langley, Sr., had been four of the most devout of St. Patrick's Church. Just in the awful disaster, they were mourned for not only by their relatives and friends, but by the whole congregation. The service was impressive. The church was crowded. Rev. Fr. J. J. Kelley was celebrant of the high mass of requiem. He was assisted by Rev. W. E. Keating as deacon and Rev. Fr. Walsh, master of ceremonies.

No eulogies were delivered. In place of them, the surpliced boy choir sang the Gregorian chant.

GOD IS A PRESENT HELP IN TROUBLE

By the Rev. George B. Titus Of First Baptist Church, at City Theatre.

Beloved fellow-mourners: Allow me in this very trying hour to open the word of God at the forty-sixth Psalm and to read to you the first verse:

"God is our refuge and strength, a very present help in trouble."

A passage whose author did not leave us his name, but which has nevertheless given inspiration and encouragement to very many afflicted and troubled souls, and by its triumphant assurance has brought comfort and peace to many hearts in the darkest hours and most bitter experiences that believers in God have passed through.

We are brought face to face to-day with a most painful calamity, the most dreadful trouble we have fell upon our city, a trouble so great as to overwhelm heart in every home and sadness in every tender, pitying heart. Of the thousands of industrious men and women who left their happy homes on Monday morning to enter the busy factories of our city, a hundred had worked busily on from hour to hour, met them and they stepped within the rail.

Hard to Say, "Thy Will Be Done."

We mourn their sudden and awful death, but in mourning the great mystery of it all thus passed beyond our sight and our touch, let us not forget to be thankful for the great number that escaped from the fire and the peril alive, as by a miracle, to home and friends in safety. The trouble is enough surely, but it might easily have been far more grievous than it is to us.

I suppose that in no time is it so hard for many of us to realize that God is love as in the time of sorrow and affliction. We can appreciate the faithfulness and goodness when health is given and prosperity smiles upon us, but when the clouds of trouble lower and the pitiless storm beats upon us and sweeps away our comforts, we find it difficult to imitate the old patriarch of Uz and to say: "The Lord gave and the Lord hath taken away; blessed be the name of the Lord."

God a Help in Trouble.

Yet God is a father indeed in the hour and so good by those who trust him, as when trouble is hardest and heaviest. He is the all wise provider not only of our all-wise dealings, refuge, strength and help.

Any words that we may say to-day can not affect the departed, but we bring our best sympathy and comfort to the world being remembered. They represented that honest and industrious class of American workers that is distributed all over the United States and that constitutes our strength, the stalwart character and substantial wealth of the nation. They were busily and faithfully and died where I am sure we would wish to die—at their daily tasks.

And it must be a comfort to every one related to the deceased that the remains of several cannot be recognized, yet the names are recalled, and they will live in the fond memory of the survivors, their friends and neighbors, the dwellers in this same city. And it is a comfort that the sensitive office and people hastened to care for and honor the dead and to console the widows and orphans in our midst.

Human Help Does Not Avail.

This calamity has been deeply felt and profoundly moved this week, and it has offered freely of its treasure, its tears and its sympathy in the many meetings to solace and relieve the sufferings of the afflicted. And the unsatisfactory part of it all is that our help is insufficient, is inadequate, is not appreciated, but it does not reach far enough, and the number that can help and relieve the afflicted, the bereaved.

After the funerals of the victims of the disaster have taken place Brockton proposes to find out who is responsible for the terrible visitation. Mayor Keith, City Marshal Bowden and District Attorney French have announced their determination to learn who is guilty.

Investigations were begun almost immediately after the catastrophe, inspectors have been at work, police have examined the ruins and people who might know some fact of importance in deciding the person or persons at fault, but the real investigation will be taken up after mourning Brockton has followed her dead to their graves.

With the positive statements of Secretary Daniel S. Howard, Jr., and Charles O. Emerson, treasurer of the R. B. Grover Shoe Company, that they have every reason to believe from the statements of Inspector McGrath and City Marshal Bowden that the explosion of the boiler was not caused by overpressure through carrying more steam than allowed, the question of responsibility for the horror now hinges more directly upon the alleged defects of the boiler itself.

District Attorney French was in conference with Chief Shaw of the State police yesterday, but declines to make public the report of the State boiler inspectors. No date of gross negligence will cause prosecutions to be started in the Criminal Court.

The question of criminal responsibility in connection with this boiler explosion," said Mr. French to a reporter for the BOSTON AMERICAN, "is one of the most delicate imaginable.

WILL ATTEND INQUEST.

"I shall carefully study the report of the four boiler inspectors and until I am convinced with every detail I shall not attempt to decide what procedure I shall take.

"There will undoubtedly be an inquest, probably in the latter part of this week, which I shall attend in my official capacity, and from what testimony I hear, added to the report of the boiler inspectors, I shall decide whether in my opinion there has been gross negligence. Technically, deaths resulting from negligent acts or gross negligence constitute homicide or manslaughter.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

SEEK GIRL IN INQUIRY INTO STOREY FIRM

Postoffice Inspectors Want to Talk with Stenographer of Cotton Company.

Post Office Inspector B. S. Snow is seeking a talk with Miss Marion Dudley, a stenographer, living at No. 223 Boylston street, Brookline, who, he thinks, had charge of the Bolton office of the Storey Cotton Company. He is investigating this concern, which offered to pay 400 per cent that it would yield 32 per cent. interest a year, because of complaints so far, but I expect to be flooded with them from the farming communities in Vermont, New Hampshire and this State. I do not think there is any danger, though a lot of circulars and pamphlets sent out offered enormous returns for investors through its being able to get inside information. They stated that one of the concern was a member of the Liverpool Exchange, but if investors thought thought this really a cotton exchange they are in error. It is simply a room for brokers and member ship in it costs but $25 a year.

A Philadelphia Concern.

"My attention was first called to the concern on March 17. It was organized in New Jersey about five years ago, and its paid in capital was only $1,000. Its officers are H. Conant Storey, president; Thomas Harper, treasurer, and Charles L. Wakefield, secretary. They are Philadelphia men, and are trying to find out its connection with the Provident Investment Bureau, another Philadelphia concern about which there is a great deal of talk."

A Philadelphia dispatch says that the wreck of the Provident Investment Bureau is responsible for one of the largest failures there was from a woman and reads: "It is the first intimation we have had of the failure of the Storey Cotton Company."

STOCKS SLUMP, THEN RALLY

Prices pursued an erratic course in the Wall Street stock market today. The opening was firm enough to lead some of the traders to believe that the reaction had run its course, but those who acted on that supposition were quickly disabused of the idea when the list began to run off rapidly under the lead of Union Pacific, which dropped down to 127, and Reading, which broke below 93. Around noon a moderate rally set in, carrying stocks back near the opening level.

The Boston market closely followed the trend of fluctuations in Wall street. During the forenoon dullness was heavy but the prices rallied somewhat.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

	Opening.	1 p. m.
Amal. Copper	71⅞	71⅞
Amer. Car	47½	47½
Amer. Locomotive	46½	47
Amer. Sugar	140	140
Atchison	88⅞	88⅞
Baltimore & Ohio	104	104
Brooklyn Transit	69½	69½
Canadian Pacific	147	147
Ches. & Ohio	50⅞	50⅞
Chi. & N. W.	204½	204½
Colorado Fuel	45⅞	45⅞
Louisville & Nashville	107	107
Manhattan	150	150
Mexican Central	23½	23½
Missouri Pacific	100	100
New York Central	150½	150½
Norfolk & Western	59½	59½
People's Gas	106⅞	106⅞
Pressed Steel Car	46½	46½
Southern Pacific	65⅞	65⅞
Texas Pacific	29½	29½
U. S. Steel	40⅞	40⅞
Union Pacific	128	128
U. S. Steel	40⅞	40⅞
U. S. Steel pfd.	94	94

THE VALUE OF CHARCOAL

Few People Know How Useful it Is to Preserving Health and Beauty.

Nearly everybody knows that charcoal is the safest and most efficient disinfectant and purifier in nature, but few realize its value when taken into the human system for the same cleansing purpose.

Charcoal is a remedy that the more you take of it the better it is and a drug at all, but simply absorbs the gases and impurities always present in the stomach and intestines and carries them out of the system.

Charcoal sweetens the breath after smoking, drinking or after eating onions and other odorous vegetables.

Charcoal effectually clears and improves the complexion, it whitens the teeth and further acts as a natural and eminently safe cathartic.

It absorbs the injurious gases which collect in the stomach and bowels; it disinfects the mouth and throat from the poison of catarrh.

All druggists sell charcoal in one form or another, but probably the best charcoal and the most for the money is in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges, they are composed of the purest powdered willow charcoal, and other harmless antiseptics in tablet form or rather in the form of large, pleasant tasting lozenges, the charcoal being mixed with honey.

The daily use of these lozenges will soon tell in a much improved condition of the general health, better complexion, sweeter breath and purer blood, and the beauty of it is, that no possible harm can result from their continued use, but on the contrary, great benefit.

A Buffalo physician in speaking of the benefits of charcoal, says: "I advise Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges to all patients suffering from gas in stomach and bowels, and to clear the complexion and purify the breath, mouth and throat; I also believe the liver is greatly benefited by the daily use of them; they cost but twenty-five cents a box at drug stores, and although in some sense a patent preparation, yet I believe I get more and better charcoal in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges than in any of the ordinary charcoal tablets."

WOULD 'CIVILIZE' THE EMIGRANTS

NAPLES, March 23.—The Matthieu today, in an article on Italian emigration to the United States, says:

"Our address from the United States clearly confirms the expectation that a law to bridle Italian immigration will soon be promulgated. If we Italians have a fragment of national honor left, we must prepare to parry the stroke before it falls."

The paper proceeds to say that the government should found schools and other institutions to teach the English language so that Italians who contemplate emigration may develop their intellectual powers so that it will send to America civilized beings instead of a horde of criminals.

CHILD'S PLAY FATAL.

SHELBURNE, Vt., March 23.—While playing with matches the three-year-old daughter of Mrs. Roy M. Lyon received burns which caused her death.

SHAW PREDICTS EXTRA SESSION

Secretary of Treasury Says President Will Call One to Examine Tariff.

SOUNDING BUSINESS MEN

NEW YORK, March 23.—Secretary of the Treasury Shaw announces that the President will call an extra session of Congress some time this Fall, to consider tariff readjustment. The Secretary opposes revision.

Senator Allison, ranking member of the Senate Finance Committee in the absence of the chairman, Senator Aldrich, who is abroad, has been in the city since Monday conferring with representatives of various trades as to possible reductions.

This makes it probable that within a short time the fight in the Republican party between the revisionists and the "stand-patters" on the tariff question will be on in earnest.

Senator Allison leaves town to-day, but will return from time to time during the next two months to meet other members of his committee and of the House Committee on Ways and Means.

TO PROBE STRANGE FIRE IN MELROSE

Authorities will investigate the fire in the two-story wooden dwelling house owned and occupied by Patrick Kervin, at No. 38 Tappan street, Melrose, which damaged the property to the extent of about $500 early to-day.

The blaze began in a first floor closet, which is several feet from any stove, and held, it is said, no combustibles. The house was tenanted only by Kervin and his son, William, who is a sailor just returned from service in the Philippines.

Going Out of Business
$250,000 WORTH
CLOTHING
Shoes, Hats and Furnishings
At 60c on the Dollar
We are retiring from business. A trial of 18 months has satisfied us that our store is too far from the business center. Not being able to secure store that is large enough, in a desirable location, we have decided to get out. This necessitates the speedy disposal of our entire stock. The great Closing-Out Sale at sacrificing prices is now in full blast; never are standard, reliable goods been distributed to the people at such fabulously low prices. Our new spring stock, bought before we thought of retiring from business, goes with the rest. Nothing reserved, every Vestige of stock in the building must be got rid of, no matter how great the sacrifice.
SPRING SUITS AND TOP COATS
NOTE—The great price cuts will be are readily recognized when it is remembered that our former prices were the lowest ever named in Boston, and we never carried any inferior grades.
Here Are Some of the Bargain Groups.
ROUP 1—$10 and $12 Suits and Top Coats go at..... 5.75
ROUP 2—$13.50 Suits and Top Coats go at..... 6.75
ROUP 3—$14 and $15 Suits and Top Coats go at..... 7.75
ROUP 4—$16.50 and $18 Suits and Top Coats go at..... 9.75
ROUP 5—$20 and $22 Suits and Top Coats go at..... 11.75
Winter Overcoats at Less Than Half Price.
SPECIAL
Fine Silk Lined Full Dress and Tuxedo suits, $30 and $35 Suits to at..... 13.75
LAUGHTER OF BOYS' CLOTHING
50 Boys' Blue or Tweed Sailor Suits, ages 3 to 10, go at..... 98c
50 Norfolk Bloomer Suits, 6 to 16 years, go at..... 1.65
90 Buster Browns' Sailors and Double-Breasted Suits go at..... 1.95
60 All-Wool Cover Coats, 3 to 10 years, go at..... 1.95
Corduroy Knee Pants go at..... 23c
OPEN UNTIL 9 AT NIGHT.
SATURDAY 10:30
Metropolitan Clothing Co
D-702 Washington St., Cor. Kneeland

CUTICLINE
Cleans Quickly
Ink, paint, grease, stains and rust ordinary soil disappear instantly when you scrub with Cuticline, the new and scientific cleanser that is better than soap and costs less. 25c and 50c everywhere in sanitary top tins or free sample from CUTICLINE CO., Bath, Maine.

KILLS PAIN
SLOAN'S
LINIMENT

Can Only Bow the Head and Say: "Father, Not My Will, but Thine"

To-day when we consider the magnitude of the great calamity that has plunged our city into unutterable grief, has bereft many homes, that has rent asunder the dearest ties on earth; when we consider that though the pang of loss like a keen sword penetrates our hearts to its very hilt, that though we mourn for those who have been playmates in childhood, chosen companions, perhaps, in later life, who sat at the same table, knelt at the same shrine, shared their joys and sorrows, we can but bow our heads in humble submission to the decrees of an all wise Providence whilst we say with an agonized Saviours "Father, not my will, but Thine."

—From eulogy by the Rev. W. E. Keating, St. Patrick's Church, Brockton.

PLACING THE BLAME HALTS FOR FUNERALS

Special to the Boston American.

BROCKTON, March 23.—Who is guilty? This is the question that remains to be answered. The city of Brockton is holding the interrogation in abeyance until after she has buried her three score dead.

While every heart in the city is aching, while the broken and burned and blackened bodies of the victims remain as visible reminders of the awful calamity that has darkened so many homes, the question of guilt is unanswered.

After the funerals of the victims of the disaster have taken place Brockton proposes to find out who is responsible for the terrible visitation. Mayor Keith, City Marshal Bowden and District Attorney French have announced their determination to learn who is guilty.

Investigations were begun almost immediately after the catastrophe, inspectors have been at work, police have examined the ruins and people who might know some fact of importance in deciding the person or persons at fault, but the real investigation will be taken up after mourning Brockton has followed her dead to their graves.

With the positive statements of Secretary Daniel S. Howard, Jr., and Charles O. Emerson, treasurer of the R. B. Grover Shoe Company, that they have every reason to believe from the statements of Inspector McGrath and City Marshal Bowden that the explosion of the boiler was not caused by overpressure through carrying more steam than allowed, the question of responsibility for the horror now hinges more directly upon the alleged defects of the boiler itself.

District Attorney French was in conference with Chief Shaw of the State police yesterday, but declines to make public the report of the State boiler inspectors. No date of gross negligence will cause prosecutions to be started in the Criminal Court.

The question of criminal responsibility in connection with this boiler explosion," said Mr. French to a reporter for the BOSTON AMERICAN, "is one of the most delicate imaginable.

WILL ATTEND INQUEST.

"I shall carefully study the report of the four boiler inspectors and until I am convinced with every detail I shall not attempt to decide what procedure I shall take.

"There will undoubtedly be an inquest, probably in the latter part of this week, which I shall attend in my official capacity, and from what testimony I hear, added to the report of the boiler inspectors, I shall decide whether in my opinion there has been gross negligence. Technically, deaths resulting from negligent acts or gross negligence constitute homicide or manslaughter.

ST. PATRICK'S PAYS MOURNFUL TRIBUTE

In St. Patrick's Church, Brockton, to-day services were held for four members of the congregation lost in the great fire whose bodies were not recovered.

SUBDUED CALM OVER WHOLE CITY TELLS OF PEOPLE'S AWFUL GRIEF

Shock of Terrible Catastrophe Emphasized by Cortege to Common Burial Lot.

By Warren Blair Davis.

BROCKTON, March 23.—On the corner of one of the business streets an old organ grinder placed his stool and ground out a mixture of doleful airs, some intended to be joyously gay.

Across the street from where he sat the employes of a dry goods store had commenced to place long streamers of black crepe across the front of the building. Men and women passed with bands of mourning on their arms.

There was little money dropped in the old man's tin cup. Some looked at him with a curious air as they passed, but paid little attention to him or his music. He kept stolidly at his task and ground out the airs as he had done at many holiday festivals.

A woman, occupied with thought, her black veil not wholly hiding the whiteness of her face, stopped at the corner to wait for a car. The sound of the old organ's music reached her ears. She turned to look.

For a moment she seemed to hesitate. Then shaking fingers brought out a pocket book. She selected a bill.

NO TIME FOR MUSIC.

She held it out to the old man. He did not hesitate as he took it but looked up with questioning eyes.

"Take it and go away," the woman said. "It is not the time to have music on the street. We have lost our friends and our neighbors."

The avarice in the old organ grinder was strong. He hesitated.

"Please go," the woman said, entreatingly, in her eyes as well as her voice. "I cannot stand it to think you are here."

Slowly the look seemed to catch the organ grinder. He lifted his hat with an air of servile humility. Then he shouldered his organ and made his way to the street that led to the railroad station.

Across the street from where he had played his doleful airs the sign of the business house read:

"We shall be closed to-morrow out of respect to the memory of those lost in the explosion at the Grover factory."

The act of the woman whose black clothing denoted that she suffered called the attention of passers.

"She must have lost someone in the explosion," said one.

TOOK SAD JOURNEY.

The woman waited until a car marked Campello came along. She rode past the great black place that is the graveyard of many, but where no granite headstones will ever be raised.

They do not want music in Brockton today. They want only the most solemn respect to the memory of the many who are dead, the unknown dead.

To-day they bury them. In one long line there are forty carriages, each with a hearse. There are no names on the caskets. No one knows who they are. They are being buried by the city, but they were not paupers.

In the carriages which follow the line of hearses sad eyes look out upon the city. There were not enough burial conveyances in the city, there were relatives and the friends of those who are known to have died.

ONE FUNERAL FOR FORTY.

In one of those unmarked caskets there is all that is left of the great organ, reared of her who was a loving wife. Another contains a father, but his children know not which one. In the funeral procession there is the girl who was to have been a bride. She is there because she believes that she is attending the funeral service for the one who was to have been her husband.

Forty dead; one funeral for them all. Is it a wonder that the thoughts of all Brockton have turned to-day toward the City Theatre, toward the Norfolk Congregational Church, toward St. Paul's church, in all three of which there were funeral services?

Not since the disaster has Brockton seemed to feel the shock as it has to-day. There are crowds on the street, but the crowds are not those of holiday folk. There are young men together, but they are not in a merry mood.

There is too much black on the buildings, too many people with the black badge on their arms to permit one to think of thought of gayety. One awful calm has settled over the city, a greater calm than that which followed the rush of those to the scene of explosion.

ALL PRAY FOR PEACE.

In the City Theatre and in the pulpits of the churches the voices of clergymen are raised in supplication that there may come peace to those who are afflicted. Each of the ministers speaks from the heart. Each of them has lost friends.

Is it a wonder that Brockton does not want music, that even the organ grinder is turned away?

Until the last moment there were held out two bodies that it was thought might be identified.

"One has a silver filling in an upper tooth," Dr. Paine explained. "There is also a piece of a coat by which he may be known."

It was thought that the body might be John Sullivan's. Dr. Quinn, who had filled Sullivan's teeth, said it could not be he.

There is another man's body in the morgue to which there was attached a piece of shirt of a peculiar color. It was thought that by this shirt identification might be made. No one who has seen it could say who it was. His body was placed like the others in a casket and marked with a number.

ONE SHAFT FOR ALL.

No effort has been made to identify the others. They, too, have numbers marked on the silver plate.

One last tribute can Brockton pay to those who perished unknown. At some future date there will arise from the general burial lot in Melrose Cemetery a granite shaft. On this shaft will be marked the names of those who perished but whose bodies could not be placed.

Brockton, through Mayor Keith, told the outside world that it needed no aid. Its citizens had said that they would care for the widows and the fatherless. But the outside world was not to be denied this privilege of giving to those who had given in other times of need.

Brockton was not too proud to accept that which was given in such a generous spirit. The funds have come pouring in with letters of sympathy. In a few days Mayor Keith will have in his hands enough to see that those who need will be amply provided for.

SYMPATHY FOR MANY.

Sympathy has come even from across the water. The shoe workers of the United Kingdom have sent theirs. From Washington has come a telegram from Senator Lodge expressing to Brockton his grief that such a thing should have occurred.

In the preparations for the great funeral held in the cathedral of the unknown, there is suspended for the time the investigation as to the causes of the disaster.

"Will the matter be allowed to drop? Will there be one of those whitewashing reports issued?" Brockton has asked.

"No," Mayor Keith responds.

"No," says District Attorney French, who has taken him into his office to show experts who believe that they have placed the blame.

"No," answers City Marshal Borden, who, as head of the police department, has been active in his search for the evidence which will lead to the punishment of those responsible.

Out among the ruins of the factory in Campello men have dug and prodded, searching for lost valuables. Even the remains of those who are still among the missing, then to find the little things which will help to place the blame.

"WHO IS GUILTY?" NEXT.

Once the funerals are over the work will be taken up in earnest. It takes more than a day for people to get over such a thing as this. The anxiety to discover traces of relatives, of friends, to know whether they are living or dead, overshadows every other one.

To-morrow there will be the cry, **"TELL US WHO IS GUILTY!"**

Brockton is ready to tell you that question is answered. There may be some men who will then want to shield themselves from view.

The damage that has been done to Brockton cannot be soon repaired. Like every other city, Brockton will have its scars effects. Already there have been steps taken elsewhere to see that such a thing is made impossible in the future.

HERO SMITH BURIED.

One of the first funerals to be held was that of George Smith, the man whose name had pulled aside the timbers that held down Mrs. Lena Baker and permitted her escape. He was buried from his late home at the corner of Calman street and Warren avenue.

Many were there. Amongst them was a young man who had been with Mr. Smith, who had admired the big man's strength and manly purpose. Paddy Ryan wept. But when the minister said the few words that endeavored to sweep aside the grief and make those who had known and loved the man look upon the greatness of his sacrifice—

"I wanted to help him," the boy sobbed. "He swore at me something awful when he told me to get out of the building myself. I never heard Mr. Smith swear before that."

With the sweet words ringing in his ears Paddy looked into the open grave, while the man who swore had gone down to death.

REV. J. S. WADSWORTH — REV. R. L. RAE — REV. FRANCIS B. WHITE

BROCKTON MINISTERS WHO PRESIDE OVER BURIALS TO-DAY.

SENATOR LODGE WIRES SYMPATHY

BROCKTON, March 23.—Mayor Keith has received the following telegram from Senator Lodge, dated Washington:

"I have received with deep sorrow the account of the serious disaster which has fallen upon Brockton. Pray accept my sincere sympathy which I deeply feel for all those who have suffered by this accident."

MAY IDENTIFY WOMAN'S BODY BY PIECE OF DRESS

BROCKTON, March 23.—One body of a woman weighing about 175 pounds is at the morgue, and the authorities think that it may possibly be identified by parts of the clothing. The material of the dress was thought at first to be black, but now that it has dried out it is seen to be a plaid, and it is believed that identity may be established through that fact.

George E. Keith Company	$2000.00
E. B. Grover & Co.	1000.00
Brockton Shoe Company	1000.00
United Shoe Machinery Company	1000.00
Singer Sewing Machine Company	1000.00
Fund for the Boston Print and readers of the Post	794.00
Eugene N. Foss, Brockton	500.00
Joint Shoe Council	500.00
James Logue Shoe Co., Malden	250.00
Kingsbury, Boston Store	100.00
Walker, Pratt Manufacturing Co.	100.00
Tuttle Shoe Company, Boston	100.00
Curran & Burbine, Brockton	100.00
Curran & Burbine, Boston	100.00
A friend, Boston	100.00
Leonard & Co., Boston	50.00
Curran & Burbine, 126 State street, Boston	100.00
Mayor John T. Duggan, Malden	50.00
Howard Seminary girls, Bridgewater	53.00
Howard & Colbert	50.00
Talbot Clothing Company	50.00
Mayor Keith, Brockton	50.00
Mrs. Lucy Keith, Brockton	25.00
Campello Lodge, A. O. U. W.	25.00
L. Newman & Son, 9 Summer street, Boston	25.00
Dry Goods Clerks' Union	25.00
Clerks at Howard & Coldwell's	17.00
Walter Raue	25.00
Campello Council, O. U. A. M.	25.00
Rev. R. S. Cutler, Boston	5.00
Knights of Pythias Lodge, K. of P.	5.00
Lewis J. Willett	5.00
Mrs. Sarah Whitcomb, Boston	5.00
A friend, Boston	100.00
Somerset Lodge	50.00
Fletcher Webster Post, G. A. R.	150.00
Carver Brothers Company	100.00
Finishers' Union	200.00

GERMANY IS OFFENDED BY BOWEN NOTE

Resents United States Assuming Position of Venezuela's Preferred Creditor.

BERLIN, March 23.—Germany is offended by the note presented by Minister Bowen to the Venezuelan government. German bondholders who consider themselves as holding a prior lien on the Venezuelan finances, in accordance with the agreement of England and Germany with the South American republic, do not relish the idea of the United States in the position of preferred creditor, which is the role, from their standpoint, in which President Roosevelt's action has placed it.

Diplomatic circles are aroused over the matter, and an official representation, covering the situation from the view point of Germany may be prepared in connection with the concerted action expected to be made by the British and German creditors of Venezuela.

BRITISH AGREE WITH GERMANS ON THE COMPACT

LONDON, March 23.—At the office of the Council of Foreign Bondholders it was said that an agreement between the Venezuelan government and the British and German bondholders adjusting and consolidating the exterior debt will be signed to-day.

It was added that the guarantees comprise considerably more than 50 per cent. of the customs duties of all ports except La Guayra and Puerto Cabello, but the officials declined to give the exact figures.

Surprise was expressed at the dispatches from Washington, intimating that the American minister at Caracas, Mr. Bowen, was seeking to prevent the ratification of the agreement, which the Council of Foreign Bondholders contends is entirely in accord with the Washington protocol. The British and German foreign offices have been consulted and express that the bondholders are entirely within their rights and the provisions of the protocol.

CASTRO IS TRYING TO EMBROIL US WITH ENGLAND

WASHINGTON, March 23.—The notable activity of the President, Acting Secretary of State Adee, secretary of War Taft, who is acting in a diplomatic capacity in Italy's absence, and certain senators indicates that the Venezuelan situation is most important, if not acute.

It is admitted by officials in touch with the situation that President Castro is playing a remarkably shrewd game, and that it will require shrewder diplomacy to beat it.

Castro's fine hand is shown by the arrangement he has made with British and German bondholders to consolidate the exterior debt of 3 per cent. bonds, and to pledge for their payment the revenues at all other ports than Puerto Cabello and La Guayra.

If the United States should decide on drastic action in the asphalt case and to levy on the revenues of Venezuela to meet any damages that may be awarded the asphalt company, Castro expects that Britain and Germany would step in and assert the prior lien of the German bondholders, and in this way he plays two nations against the United States.

The British-German deal looks like the pledging of Venezuelan revenues to the extent of more than $25,000,000, and the payment of that amount would mean British and German influence over Castro for many years.

"That is precisely what he wants," say some of the diplomats here. In other words, he is trying to set the nations by the ears and particularly to embroil the United States with them.

The Old Reliable
ROYAL
BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY
PURE
There is no substitute

BILL TO PROVIDE FOR MUNICIPAL GAS

Continued from First Page.

public ways, rather than purchase or install a new different plant.

This is substantially the basis of valuation contended for by Mr. Matthews as counsel for the city of Holyoke in the Holyoke municipal lighting case, and adopted by the commission in the Gardner water case, and is intended to secure to the companies the full value of their physical plant, common law easements, etc., not nothing directly or indirectly for franchises, good will, business or street rights.

3 Various provisions intended to ensure a more businesslike administration by towns and cities of their lighting plants, one fault which has been found with the operation of the present law is that the town accounts are kept in a very loose fashion, and there is no assurance to the taxpayers that the business will not be conducted at a loss.

The amendments are intended to make it clear that this result shall not be possible, except in those extreme cases in which the Gas Commission deem it necessary. More extensive powers are conferred on the Gas Commission over the management of municipal plants.

Governor Douglas, in his inaugural address, said:

Governor's Recommendation.

"I ask the Legislature to give every reasonable facility to those municipalities which desire to conduct their own public service utilities. It has been demonstrated by the experience of towns and cities in this Commonwealth, both with regard to water supply and public lighting, that under favorable conditions and proper management the business of gas, electric lighting and water supply can be conducted by municipal corporations with profit to the inhabitants, both in price and in service.

"When a public service corporation is given good service at fair rates it is content to do business. When its rates and prices are unreasonable it should, in the interest of the public welfare, be regulated.

"I recommend legislation giving to cities and towns ample powers in the conduct of business which derives its profit from the necessities of the community. Experience already granted have proved the economy and wisdom of the conduct of such business by the community itself."

At the hearing today were John A. Coulthurst, president of the Public Franchise League; Attorney John B. Moran; Frederic E. Snow, counsel for the Gas Trust; Thomas M. Babson, representing the city of Boston; Hon. George Fred Williams; Treasurer Barnes, of the Cambridge Gas Light Company; Andrew A. Ballou, former city solicitor of Boston; and Mr. Battles—a large number of spectators was present.

CALLS BOSTON CRAZIEST CITY

By Boston American Leased Wire.

CHICAGO, March 23.—Chicago's insanity, recently pointed out by a scientist in a general charge that "Chicago is going crazy," is only a mild form of lunacy as compared with the mental state of New York and Boston, according to Dr. H. N. Moyer, the well known alienist of this city.

"The fact is," said Dr. Moyer yesterday, "that the insanity ratio in New York and Boston is increasing at a much greater rate than in Chicago. New York's proportion is one out of every 340, Boston and New England one out of every 450, while Chicago has only one out of every 600. New York has the finest private insane asylums in the world. Chicago has practically none.

"There is no doubt about the cause for the increase of insanity. City life causes insanity. Poor food, poor homes, with no sun and air, improper clothing, worry, worrying because people are behind in the rent, etc., drive people crazy."

MEET TO FIGHT THE CIGARETTE

Enemies of the cigarette will have a chance to hear the little white coffin nails" arraigned next Saturday afternoon, when the Anti-Cigarette League holds its convention in Faneuil Hall. The principal speaker is Charles Bulkley Hubbell, former president of the Board of Education for Greater New York.

An array of talent is expected to be present, among others Miss Lucy Page Gaston, of Chicago, who is conducting a campaign against cigarettes in New England; Rev. P. S. Henson, Mrs. Mary A. Livermore, John T. Shea and Dr. H. O. Mercy.

SUICIDE GLAD TO DIE.

EAST ROCHESTER, N. H., March 23.—George E. Jacobs, a wool carder, with a wife and nine children, shot himself in the right temple through despondency over his poverty and said: "I am glad of it." Just before his death, when told he could not recover.

MURDERER HANGED AFTER ONE FAILURE

Byers Survived First Attempt. Fellow Convict Executed at the Same Time.

MANY STAYS IN EACH CASE

PITTSBURG, March 23.—William J. Byers and Reno Dardata were hanged in the Allegheny County Jail to-day. Dardata was the first to mount the scaffold. The drop fell at 10.02 o'clock.

Two attempts were necessary before the execution of Byers was accomplished. When the trap was first sprung the knot in the noose became unlixed. Byers dropped to the ground but would have fallen had he not been caught in the arms of Sheriff Dickson and supported. Although there was a red mark about his neck and he was dazed on suffering great pain he displayed remarkable nerve and walked back to his cell without assistance.

The second attempt was successful. When a new rope had been fixed in place Byers was led again from the jail to the scaffold. He had a smile upon his face, and while standing on the trap for the second time, in low and careless tone of voice, exclaimed to the hangman: "Hang me."

His eyes closed with prayer upon his lips, he dropped through the trap. Life was extinct at the end of twelve minutes. Byers has been in jail nearly three years, the self-confessed murderer of August J. Layton, near Turtle Creek, June 3, 1901. Byers was infatuated with Layton's wife. Dardata killed Thomas Sinclair, September 26, 1902, at Imperial, during a drunken fight. He pleaded self-defence.

Both Dardata and Byers have been repulsed several times, and had become accustomed to hearing their death warrants read.

DENIES HE IS TO SUCCEED OSLER

Dr. William T. Councilman, of the Harvard Medical School, says there is absolutely no truth in the report from Baltimore that he had been chosen to succeed Dr. William Osler at Johns Hopkins University. Dr. Councilman says he cannot be chosen as Dr. Osler's successor, as he is a specialist in an entirely different line.

SAY ROCKWELL WAS A TEMPERATE MAN

WEST STOUGHTON, March 23.—A nervous and physical wreck, Mrs. David Rockwell, widow of the engineer who lost his life in the Grover factory explosion, lies at the home of relatives here under the care of physicians, who will not permit her to attend the funeral services of her husband at Brockton for fear of fatal results.

The rumors persistently circulated after the explosion that her husband had been drinking heavily last Sunday and the intervals that he was unable to perform his duties properly had reached her, however. Relatives and friends say no one could have heard the report. In the strongest possible manner they denounce those responsible for circulating the story, and brand as absolutely false any story to effect that the engineer was not perfectly sober both Sunday and Monday.

AT HOME SUNDAY.

"Dave was at home nearly all day Sunday, going out but for a few minutes in the afternoon," declared the grief-stricken woman as she half rose from her bed. "They do say that he was in Dave's way drunk or not entirely capable of doing his work, and her Sunday visitors, with her eyes flashed with indignation. Then the woman fell back barely able to speak.

Frank Logan, a cousin, who, as well, at whose house Mrs. Rockwell will remain until she regains her health, was enraged at the story.

"Dave Rockwell was a steady, industrious, hard-working man, devoted to his home and his work. He spent all his leisure hours in his home, loving and being loved by his wife and three little tots. He seldom drank, and that only recently, and no one ever saw him under the influence of liquor. I suppose some one was to blame and they are trying to throw it upon the dead man who cannot defend himself. It's an outrage."

A visit to the Plymouth Rubber Co. factory in this town, where Rockwell was formerly employed for six years as an engineer before accepting the position at the Grover factory, showed that he was held in the highest esteem by owners and help alike. General Manager Seidman said:

"Engineer Rockwell when he was in our employ was one of our very best men and the best engineer we ever had. He was conservative, very cautious, in fact over-cautious if that be possible. He left us in April, 1900, to accept the position with the Grover factory, although I tried to persuade him to remain, owing to his superior ability and energy. The Grover people offered him a substantial increase in salary and that was sufficient inducement for him to leave us.

"You can say for me that there never was a better, more trustworthy engineer in the world than Dave Rockwell, for that's the truth," and the manager, superintendent of the factory, James Meade. "He never drank, when he was for us, was very enterprising and a good steady man right through. Any one that says otherwise does not know what he is talking about for I have known him since we were boys."

LEAVES THREE CHILDREN.

The dead engineer lived here for several years. He married Miss Clara Lowe, a young women. Miss Annie Lyndfield. They had four children. One of these died last Summer. The oldest is eight years of age and the youngest a mere baby—none old enough to appreciate the father's loss.

In addition to being an engineer, Rockwell was a musician of no mean ability. He played the clarionet in a Brockton band, and during last Summer played evenings and Sundays at a park outside of Brockton. This extra money he turned over to his wife to piece out the household and living expenses.

Rockwell's father lives in Providence, R. I. He is a maker of violins.

BODY IN RIVER UNIDENTIFIED

The body of a man, not yet identified, was discovered in the Mystic River, at the foot of Alfred street to-day by Richard Dobbin, an employe at the Pumping Station on the Charlestown side of the river.

The body was taken to Driggs's Morgue and is apparently that of a man forty years of age, 6 feet and 1 inch in height and weighing about 160 pounds.

The body is that of a man of light complexion, with a heavy brown mustache, who was wearing at the time of his death a mixed tweed rout and vest, light trousers, blue sweater, black shirt and blue flannel underwear. A black derby hat was on the body and shoes and overshoes.

The Knowlton Danderine Company inserted a full-page advertisement in the Chicago Evening News, February 23rd, and the SUNDAY CHICAGO AMERICAN and Record-Herald, February 26th, and received the following number of direct replies containing ten cents each, up to and including Saturday, March 4th:

AMERICAN, 6 days, 3,480

NEWS, 9 days 2,346

RECORD-HERALD, 6 days . . 620

The AMERICAN brought 514 more replies than the News and Record-Herald combined, and we can prove it.

He who boasts that he never stood a great way behind the truth, has probably never entered it.
—Vorenberg's Philosophy.

Little Boys' Top Coats

They are the smartest little garments ever turned out of a tailor shop—Tony tan coverts—made in that boxy mannish style—plain like dad's for the older boys—But for the little fellows they're embellished with rash of color and embroidered chevrons—Exceptional values.

Ages 2 to 12,

$2.98

Compare them with the coats 'round town at $5.

"The Big Store"
Vorenberg's
"With Little Prices"
Washington, Hanover & Elm Sts.

Pitts Kimball Co
THE UNDER PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Our Money-Saving Discount Book System
Copyright 1904 by the PITTS-KIMBALL CO.

$6 in Cash | $3 in Cash
On a Full Book | On a Half Book
Purchases Amounting to $100 | Purchases Amounting to $50

You Get There for a Dollar Than Anywhere Else, and 6c. of Every Dollar Back When Your Purchases Amount to $50.00

Our plan is not like Trading Stamps. They are saleable and perfect. Redeemable in hours and days. Unique to redeem the Stamps. Redeem Our Saving Discount books in cash. The redemption of book is guaranteed by
PITTS-KIMBALL CO.

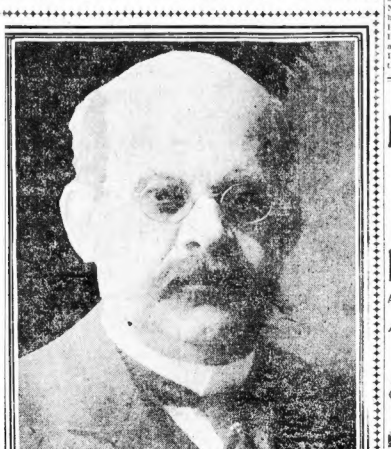
HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN
Published Daily and Sunday at 80 to 92 Summer Street, Boston, Mass.
NEW ENGLAND NEWSPAPER PUBLISHING CO.
Entered as second class matter, March 21, 1904, at the postoffice of Boston, Mass.
Price: Daily, One Cent; Sunday, Five Cents.
Terms: Postage included for the United States outside of Boston, Canada and Mexico.

Daily only	
One year	$4.00
Six months	2.00
One month	.35
Sunday only	
One year	2.00
Six months	1.00
Daily and Sunday	
One year	5.00
Six months	2.75
One month	.45

BREWERY TRUST PLEADS GUILTY; PAYS $1,000 FINE FOR ACID IN ALE

COL. CHARLES HARP

PRESIDENT OF THE BREWERY TRUST.



DR. CHARLES HARRINGTON

MAN WHO ACCUSED BREWERY TRUST.

Makers of "Red Fox Ale" Admit Truth of Charges Made Against Them in Court—Sulphurous Acid Illegally Used in Their Product.

The Massachusetts Breweries Company, the "Brewers' Trust," through its counsel, Attorney Robert A. Jordan, pleaded guilty before Judge Holmes in the Superior Criminal Court late yesterday afternoon to the charge of selling adulterated ale in the famous "Red Fox Ale" case, and was fined $1,000.

The fine was promptly paid. The whole proceeding took only a few minutes, although a dozen people were in the courtroom at the time. This abruptly closes the most sensational case that has ever been in the Massachusetts courts in the line of prosecution of a brewing concern for using in its product an ingredient considered injurious to health.

The specific adulterating ingredient on which the charge was based is "sulphurous acid." The case began with investigations by Dr. Charles Harrington, secretary of the State Board of Health, who reported his findings to the District Attorney's office.

History of Indictment.

The company was indicted on two separate and distinct counts by the Suffolk Grand Jury. This was the first time an indictment of this kind had been returned against a Massachusetts corporation.

The fine of $5000 on each count gave the total of $1,000, which the State gained from the defendant company.

When the Suffolk Grand Jury for March reported on Saturday, March 11, it returned a secret indictment against the Massachusetts Breweries Company, as follows in part:

"The Massachusetts Breweries Company . . . did sell to the Warren F. Witherell Company a certain quantity of adulterated food, to wit: seventy-two bottles of Red Fox Ale, the said ale then and there containing a certain added antiseptic substance, namely, a compound of sulphurous acid, and that the said ale when so sold as aforesaid, did not bear a label on which the presence and percentage of said compound of sulphurous acid, so contained in said ale as aforesaid, was clearly indicated."

The second count, set forth in similar terms, charged the delivery of seventy-two with selling adulterated ale to James B. Connor.

Sulphurous Acid Found.

The Warren F. Witherell Company is a concern doing a large business on Hanover street in groceries and bottled goods. James B. Connor is a Dartmouth street dealer.

When the attention of Dr. Harrington of the State Board of Health was first called to the assertion that adulterated ale and beer were being sold in Boston, Agent Inspector Terry out to make purchases of various brands. Inspector Terry bought bottles of Red Fox ale at the Witherell and Connor stores.

These bottles, bought just as any ordinary customer would go into a saloon or place and purchase a bottle of ale or beer, were analyzed by the chemists of the State board. The chemists reported that they found sulphurous acid in the samples of ale submitted to them.

Both merchants who sold the ale buy direct from the brewery, and it was for this reason that these two merchants were selected. The report to the District Attorney and the indictment followed.

What Sulphurous Acid Is.

The indictment created a great sensation. Everybody asked just what sulphurous acid was and what it went into ale for and what harm it did to the consumers if it was there.

According to the "Dispensatory of the United States," the official organ of the pharmacists, sulphurous acid "is supposed to be a strong solution of sulphurous anhydrous." If inhaled in concentrated state it proves fatal. Sulphurous acid is supposed to be destructive to the anti-oxygenizing or reducing influence, suffocating organic beings by denying them the oxygen necessary to their existence."

Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, chemist of the Department of Agriculture at Washington and chief of the famous "poison squad," said:

"The use of sulphurous acid in ale and beer is reprehensible."

Frederick J. Alley, one of the directors of the Massachusetts Breweries Company, said after the indictment was reported to him:

Denied Use of Acid.

"It is true that we use bisulphite of lime as a preservative for our ale, but I positively deny that any acid or sulphite of calcium can be detected in Red Fox Ale."

He added: "Sulphurous acid has not been used in the composition of Red Fox ale."

Secretary Edward Ruhl of the company declared that ale was "absolutely pure."

Reporters for the BOSTON AMERICAN secured many interviews from chemists, brewers and other people and the case attracted widespread attention. The State Christian Endeavor Union, through Robert H. Magwood, its superintendent of temperance work, took pains to write its thanks to the BOSTON AMERICAN for its publicity. It gave its full proceeding against the brewing company.

Plea of "Guilty."

After the indictment was returned the Commissioner of Corporations was notified, who in turn, saw that the defendant corporation was informed.

March 15 papers were served on the Massachusetts Breweries Company at its offices on Arch street, notifying it to appear before the Superior Court to answer to the indictment.

Notice of appearance was filed by counsel Jordan for the company but, to the general surprise of the legally wise, the customary plea of "not guilty" or "guilty" was omitted, though this is usually filed by the attorney at the arraignment. This caused speculation as to what the company would do when the case came for trial, would it be "guilty" or wouldn't it?

The plea of "guilty," made before Judge Holmes in the first session of the Suffolk Superior Criminal Court, answers that query.

COL. PFAFF WON'T DISCUSS MATTER

Colonel Pfaff, president of the Massachusetts Breweries Company, was seen for the BOSTON AMERICAN had the following conversation over the telephone:

"You know about the plea of guilty being entered to the indictment against your company of adulterating Red Fox Ale?" asked the reporter.

"I don't know anything about it," answered the Colonel.

"Don't you know that a plea of guilty was entered and that the fine of $5000 was imposed on each count, making $1,000?"

"I don't know about it."

"Well, the fine was paid. Have you any statement to make for the company?"

"I have no statement to make."

"Then I will say that you did not know that admission of guilt was made in court and that the $1,000 was imposed, and that you did not wish to make any statement?"

"I don't wish to make any statement."

"Am I wrong in my understanding that you know nothing of the court proceedings?"

"I have no statement to make. Good-by."

Without offering the slightest excuse for the company's action in adulterating its ale in a manner injurious to its users and its ready acknowledgment in court to the payment of the $1,000 fine, Colonel Pfaff shut off the telephone and refused further conversation regarding the matter.

Robert A. Jordan, counsel for the company, talked with the reporter as follows:

"You entered the plea for the company to 'count' and subsequently paid the fine of $1,000?" asked the reporter.

"You can look to the records for that," said Mr. Jordan.

"Will you please tell me why the company went into court and admitted having adulterated its ale in such a manner that it became injurious to health?"

"You can get the information from the records of the court."

"The record will not give that."

"Well, you can't get anything from me. You'll have to get what you can from the records. Good-by."

And Mr. Jordan broke away and refused to discuss the question.

GRASPED HEADS OF WILD TEAM

Patrolman Dennis Desmond of the East Dedham street station prevented a serious accident on Washington street near the corner of Dover early to-day, by springing at the head of a horse attached to a heavy truck, dashing down the street and bringing them to a halt. Desmond was dragged fifty feet but held on until the horses were stopped. He was badly bruised and his clothes were torn.

The huge pair of iron gray horses belonging to the Boston Transfer Company, standing in front of the Grand Opera House without a driver, they took fright at a passing elevated train. Desmond sprang at the head of the nigh horse and swerved the pair off the car tracks.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

LABOR NEWS

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES LABEL COUNCIL 96 BOSTON, MASS

The demand for wood, wire and metal lathers in this city is greater than the supply, it was reported at the meeting of the local union. The union had to send to New York for men, and eight on their arrival here were put to work immediately.

Local No. 78, of Hartford, has requested Le Boeuf local to send men to that city, but it is impossible to do so.

Officers will be elected next Wednesday night.

RYAN LEAVES BOSTON.

M. F. Ryan, general organizer of the Brotherhood of Railroad Carmen, who has been organizing the car workers in the New England States, has left Boston for Akron City after a successful campaign, where the general executive board holds a session April 12.

At a meeting of the Boston Lodge, twelve new members were admitted and three applications tabled.

JOINT SMOKE TALK.

One hundred members were present at the joint smoke talk of Tile Layers, Mosaic and Helpers' Unions. Henry Minot of the Masons was chairman, and the speakers were Lawrence Sullivan, James Goodrich, David McQueen, James Taylor, Frank McClure, Lawrence Carver. The members talked over plans for the International convention, which is to open in this city the first Monday in June.

MARBLE HELPERS ELECT.

Marble Helpers' Union No. 54 has elected the following delegates to the Building Trades Council: J. O'Brien, Frank Gurney, William Shannon, Michael McCarthy, John Haley, Timothy Bond and Clarence Hanf. The union now meets on the second and fourth Tuesday evenings at No. 16 Kneeland street, instead of at No. 1216 Bibleston street. Three new members have been admitted and four applications tabled.

LABOR NOTES.

Walter Y. Batsen delivered another in his series of technical lectures before Electrical Workers' Union, No. 96.

Musicians' Assembly No. 1,029, K. of L., adopted clean-cut wage rate for the season of 1905 at the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union.

At the regular term of the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union spoke before the Pattern Makers' Association, 1,000 members voted to buy footwear bearing the union label only.

Charlestown Union No. 97 meets to-morrow night.

President James O'Connell of the International Association of Machinists will address the meeting of the Central Labor Union, 248, to-night.

A union of painters will be formally instituted in Quincy Central Labor Union, Rockland, New England organizer of the Painters' Brotherhood.

Carpenters' Union No. 264 elects its business agent at to-night's meeting in Machinists' Hall.

Secretary Henry Abrahams of the Central Labor and Charmakers' Union, will address the Lasters' Union of shoe workers in North Abington to-night.

Boston Plate Printers' Union will send delegates to the international convention at to-night's meeting.

A new wage and hour scale is to be presented to General Manager Sullivan of the Boston Elevated Street Railway Company by the executive committee of the New England Street Railway Employees.

Resolutions of sympathy for the afflicted family of Brother Bradley were ordered by the Boston Brass Finishers' Union at its regular meeting in Charlestown. Brother Bradley was a member of the union for over 25 years.

REAL ESTATE.

100-QT. MILK ROUTE

goes with this 20-acre farm, 11 cows, 1 bull, 2 horses, all the tools and hay, and wagons; 10-room house; stable and henhouse; $1,500, worth $2,000; only $4,000; on main road; 1½ miles to E. STOCK, Braintree.

ALL $2,500—New 2-family house, 2 of every-thing, 11 rooms, shades, screens and fixtures, extra large lot; 2 minutes to electric cars; 20 minutes to Boston. OWNER, 9 PEARL ST., Somerville. Tel. Dor. 2847; Main 2914-2.

$2,500—NEW 2-FAMILY HOUSE, 7 rooms in each and one of the finest openings in suburbs; 10 minutes to Boston; 5 cent fare. Call St. N. FRENCH, 1 Milk st.

NEW AND OLD houses for sale at a bargain; also houses built to order. Apply to OTTO GLADE, carpenter and builder, 626 Broadway, Somerville; residence 10 Spencer ave.; tel. 560-2.

WANTED—To rent, an attractive, comfortable, modern house of ten rooms or more, with stable and land; not less than one acre of land, within 30 minutes of State station; write full particulars; will return this ad. to the wife of a leading Connecticut manufacturer.

Mrs. Sloan attributed her downfall to liquor and morphine, and told the court that she would like to be sent somewhere where she could be cured. Inspectors who arrested her testified that since her marriage five years ago to a Littleton, N. H., druggist, she had been engaged in several shady transactions.

That Awful Breath

IS DUE TO CATARRH AND COLDS

Possibly you haven't noticed it, but others have.

Catarrh and colds if neglected must develop into the chronic forms, accompanied by the disagreeable and disgusting symptoms. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder relieves in ten minutes. Sneezing, coryza, deafness, headache, sore throat, tonsilitis, sore eyes, hawking and spitting, foul breath, loss of smell and taste. Relieves in 10 minutes.

Dr. Agnew's Ointment is without an equal for all skin troubles, 35c. 6

Sold by WM. H. KNIGHT, 97 Court St., and LEWIS & CO., 145 Wash. St.

SOCIETY SCRIBE SENT TO PRISON

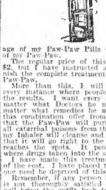
Mrs. Lillian B. Sloan, artist, writer of fiction, and formerly a Newton society girl, has been sentenced by Judge Holmes to an indefinite term at the Massachusetts Reformatory for Women at Sherborn. Mrs. Sloan was charged with obtaining several hundred dollars' worth of goods from a department store by representing herself to be the wife of a wealthy Connecticut manufacturer.

Advertise Your Wants IN THE Boston American

RECOVER $500 IN GOODS; 2 ARRESTS

Property valued at over $500, and pawn tickets representing as much more, has been recovered in a West End room by Inspector George Patterson and Acting Inspectors Walker A. Smith and Thomas J. Norton. The goods were taken from the home of Mrs. C. E. Littlefield of No. 16 Hayward street, Brookline, March 17. John H. Hill, No. 32 Smith avenue, Brockton, and Herbert Miller, No. 82 Erie street, Dorchester, were arrested, charged with the break.

FREE
MUNYON'S
ONE DOLLAR
INHALER
GIVEN AWAY
With Each Bottle of
PAW-PAW
Also a Package of Catarrh Tablets and a Package of Paw-Paw Pills
ABSOLUTELY FREE!



Making a Complete and Positive Cure for Catarrh

Catarrh of the head and throat treated positively to-day with both local and blood treatment because it is impossible for a healthy body to suffer from catarrh. I am prepared to offer the public a complete treatment for catarrh at actual cost. I am willing to give the inhaler and a package of Paw-Paw Pills, and a package of Munyon's Catarrh Tablets, all for the price of one Paw-Paw Pills without charge. The regular price of this complete treatment is $2, but I have instructed my druggists to furnish the complete treatment at the regular price of one dollar.

I positively guarantee this offer. I will refund the money in every instance where people are not satisfied with the results after using the treatment for one week. I want every sufferer from catarrh to know exactly what Doctors he may have consulted, no matter what remedies he may have used, that this combination offer from his druggist, I know that Paw-Paw Pills and Munyon's Catarrh Tablets will cure all catarrhal troubles from the stomach. I know that Paw-Paw Pills will cure all blood troubles, and I know that the Munyon Inhaler will cure all catarrhal troubles that reaches the spots. It penetrates nascal recesses where drugs cannot reach, and where all catarrh germs breed. I have made this treatment complete, regardless of the cost of manufacture, because I want to show you that you need be deprived of this safeguard to health.

Don't delay, but go to your druggist to-day and get the treatment, and if he does not have it on hand tell him you will bring the outfit back to him. I will refund the money.

MUNYON, Philadelphia.

AGENTS.

WE CAN PROVE that our general agents make $25 per day and upward. Exclusive territory. Every month write to us; we forbid $100 to any person getting in our line. Write for particulars and application. BRAHAM CO., R 4468, Cincinnati, O.

HELP WANTED—Male.

TOBACCO TAGS.

WE will pay highest price in cash or exchange for your tobacco tags, or for premium stamps. Do not destroy if you are short of tags you want we will supply them. Call at our place for rates. Bring or send tags. Tobacco Tag Exchange, H. ROBBINS & CO., 31 Bromfield st., Room 1, Boston.

Unemployed Union, open until 10 p. m., tel. Hay 1881.

WANTED—Men to learn the barber trade; a few weeks only required; knowledge of business unnecessary; we assist you to a position; tools and kit furnished. Call or write MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, 6 Harrison ave., Boston.

AMBITIOUS MEN who are looking for steady employment at good wages, call at 33 Mt. Vernon Room 1012, 101 Tremont st., Boston.

Ball staff now forming; selling specialty. THE RUMFORD MFG. CO., Concord, N. H.

WANTED—You can make $10 a day; new eyelet. Send 10c. for sample. THE EYELET CO., Providence, R. I.

ANY person to distribute our samples; $15 weekly; steady work. 1 MADISON AVE., Chicago.

WANTED—Experienced salesmen to sell a new and steady seller. ACME SPECIALTY CO., 7 Eden court, Boston.

CIRCULARS and sample distributors wanted every city; steady work; good pay. ENCYCLOPEDIA VIVE ADV. CO., New York.

WANTED—Two first-class printers waiting compositors; good wages; steady work; address and stamp, Box 1, Boston American.

ENERGETIC MEN wanted to sell full quarts; are benefit policy; no capital required. Address Insurance Co., good pay and quick promotion; call 9 to 10 a. m. and 7 to 8 p. m. 1 to 3 p. m. Sunday, Room 7, 1140 Col. ave., opp. L.

FIREMEN and BRAKEMEN on Massachusetts and other railroads; young men, age 20 to 30; $75 to $175 per month; experience unnecessary; we furnish you transportation; brakemen earn $60 to $75 per month; firemen $75 to $175 per month; steady; some positions advanced; send stamp for particulars. RAILROAD INSTRUCTION BUREAU, Room 227, 227 Monroe street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

GENTLEMEN can earn $3 to $5 per day; best paying home work; particulars, stamped addressed envelope. ROYAL MFG. CO., Orange, Mass.

MEN can make from $5 to $10 a day selling medicine; no peddling; sell from sample case on the floor and stand on floor without hooking them. DR. J. P. ADAMS, 172 Tremont st., Boston.

st. Cambridgeport, Mass.; tel. 1477-2.

WANTED—Local representative in every city and town, selling goods to householders; commission basis; $1,000 per year and upward; no canvassing; for particulars, H 19, Boston American.

WANTED—Local representative to sell well known staple article to dealers; steady work and permanent income; $1,000 per year and upward; references, R. D. ROBINSON COMPANY, Los Angeles, Cal.

WANTED—First-class carriage blacksmith; experienced in horse shoeing; good wages and steady work. ARCHIBALD MARTIN, 167 Pine st., Brookline.

WANTED—Two bright agents to sell talking machines in and about Boston; an entirely new proposition; big profits. Call Room 1078, Boston Safe Deposit Building, 70 Kilby st.

WANTED—Colored boy to shine shoes; $7 a week. CASEY'S SHOE STORE, 166 Belmont st., Worcester.

WANTED—Harness fitter, with experience on heavy team harness; steady work. CHARLES H. CLMIRA, HARNESS & COLLAR FACTORY, Elmira, N. Y.

WANTED—At once, 10 paving cutters. JAMES BRIDIE & SON, Quincy Point, Mass.

YOUNG MAN, with $100 capital, for local business; opening worth $20 week. Room 704, 42 Tremont st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

AUDITING or position wanted by thoroughly experienced bookkeeper, age 24; first-class references and bond. Address D 14, Boston American.

BAKER (German), first hand all-round worker, wants steady work; can furnish best of references from country. CHAS. BERKEIS, 425 Sixth st., Jamaica Plain, Boston, Mass.

BOOKKEEPER—Experienced double entry bookkeeper, with reliable habits, desires position; best-class references. Address D 14, Boston American.

YOUNG MAN, 20, wishes position in retail store; willing to work hard for small wages at first; address P. O. Box 79, Malden.

YOUNG MAN, 20, wishes GOODMAN desires steady position; 4 yrs. Boston American.

FIRST-CLASS cook desires position; reference given. Address L. RAO, 99 Hudson st.

GARDENER and florist desires position in private family; 6 yrs. Eliot st., city.

GENERAL MAN desires steady position on farm; care of horses, cows, carriages, harness, gardening; strictly temperate. Address D 14, Boston American.

SITUATION wanted as manager or head waiter of cafe or lunch room; best of references. Address H 19, Boston American.

WANTED—Carpenter wants to exchange work with baker. S. G. Boston American.

YOUNG MAN, from Macedonia, Turkey, 21 years of age, educated, wants position in a gentleman's house. Address E. Y., No. 32 Kneeland st., Boston, Mass.

YOUNG COLORED MAN would like position of any kind; can give good city references. H. F., 91 Wen terguild st.

HELP WANTED—Female.

AT HOTEL AGENCY, 56 Summer st., room 2: Maid, cook, out of town, $20 & month; cafe cook, $25 & month; all round cook, near Boston, $35; cook for summer home, go at once, $25 & month; 2 pastry cooks for first-class summer hotels, $40 & month; waitresses for hotels, $4 & week; laundress for institute, $18; head laundress, $25 & month; laundry help, all kinds, for first-class summer houses; waitresses for cafes and commercial houses, out of town; country we have over 25 places ready now; kitchen girls, city and country, 56 Summer st.

WANTED.

THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED OPERATORS on ladies' jumper dresses; steady work and good wages. Apply to H. CUSHMAN CO., Haverhill, Mass.

EXPERIENCED TUCKERS and waist makers wanted; steady work and good pay. PURITAN WAIST CO., 125 Kingston st.

EXPERIENCED, well-dressed girl canvassers to solicit special sale coupons for a large photograph studio in a New England city; studio has no competition; pay $3 a day. Boston American.

HOUSEKEEPER wanted, not over 30, for widower's family of two; near Boston; good pay to right party. A 19, Boston American.

WANTED—Girls to $15, no canvassing, 45 to 56 weekly working evenings, experience unnecessary; stamp for instructions, simply; etc. Address B. WILSON & CO., 603 Walnut st., Philadelphia, Pa.

HOW BIG IS YOUR BUST? Dr. Conner's Bust Tablets is the only remedy on earth which enlarges the bust 4 to 10 inches; no longer sold on installments; price $5; sent prepaid on receipt of money. DR. CONNER'S ORIENTAL SPECIFIC CO., 35 Temple place, Boston, Mass.

I WANT to make 1,000 ladies a present of a beautiful rose-wood music box, with eight beautiful selections; 25 cts. each; state length of perfumed desired. V. C. KELLEY, 42 Whitcomb st., Brockton, Mass.

LADIES having fancy work to sell, embroideries, stamping, etc., also to do order work; send stamped envelope. LADIES' EXCHANGE, 34 Randolph street, Chicago.

MOTHER AND DAUGHTER or two friends wanted to do the housework for small private family in the country, near Boston. Address Box 650, Concord, Mass.

WANTED—A young lady as stenographer and typewriter in an insurance office; must be first-class penman; state experience and pay expected. Box 604, Sanford, Me.

WANTED—Stenographer, must be rapid; good spelling; permanent; state experience, references, etc. P 2, Boston American.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

AMERICAN woman would like position as housekeeper in widower's family, or chamber work in hotel; best of reference. Call or write during day. IDA BROWN, 27 Charles st., city.

A GOOD smart girl would like refers or small work to clean or work by the day. Inq. 5, 6 Mansard st., Charlestown.

A RELIABLE woman wants position as pastry cook; aged 25 years; best of references. Address M. P., 52 Joy st., Boston.

A GOOD, smart woman wants position as housekeeper for gentleman or small family. 2 Ringgold st., city.

COMPANION, managing housekeeper or private secretary; settable; refined; references. W 2, Boston American.

HOUSEKEEPER, Protestant, woman 38 years of age, well recommended, wishes a situation where going to the country. C 36, Boston American.

LADIES wishing experienced maternity nurse, residing in Jamaica Plain, please address Box 1, N. Eng. 174, Station A, physicians' references.

NURSE desires position with the business gentleman's office; age 30, B. G. F., 39 Taylor st., Brookline.

POSITION wanted by a capable Protestant woman of a number of years experience as working housekeeper in a widower's family; fond of children; references. 19 Ringgold st., city.

SEAMSTRESS, thoroughly experienced and reliable, wishes work by the day at $2 a day; best of references and car fares; first-class work and references. T 19, Boston American.

WANTED—Position in chemist shop (city) in the West End; 3 years' experience in the business; some experience. G. J. E., 290 Columbus ave.

WANTED—Position as working house-keeper by an experienced young widow; elderly people preferred. Address Mrs. BLAKE, 44 St. Alphonsus st., Roxbury.

WANTED—By elderly saving woman, sewing in family; $1 per day; references given. 19 Ash st., Cambridge.

WANTED—Position as housekeeper by middle-aged woman; no objection to country. MRS. PRINTY, 2405 Mass. av., North Cambridge.

WANTED—Work by hour; references. MRS. BUBB, 13 Eighty-first st., Roxbury.

YOUNG GIRL of 16 years old wants housework in plain family. 27, Boston American.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

LIGHT HOUSEKEEPING—Large square room, clean, respectable house, 85 East Brookline st.

NICE, sunny, furnished room; private family in Dorchester; one minute from electric cars; rent reasonable; to a gentleman only; no other boarders; references required. Address Q 80, Boston American.

NICE, sunny, large, corner, front, square and side rooms, newly furnished, gentlemen preferred. 47—Square room, basement housekeeping, $12.50; square room, $8.50.

ROLLINS ST., 11—To let, furnished rooms with hot and cold water.

TEMPLE ST., No. 25—Large front parlor, well furnished; also single room.

TO LET—Kitchen and dining room, furnished, with piano; also single and side room; must be strictly connected and housekeeping; other rooms. Apply 1012 Washington st., Dorchester, over Bank.

UNFURNISHED—2 desirable connecting rooms; 1 with kitchenette; 1 with bath; 1 flight. 1, Boylston.

VERMONT HOUSE, 95 Leverett st., West End. Rooms, $2 to $3 per week. Telephone, 1446 Main.

WORCESTER SQ., 41—Large, well furnished room; heated, small square room, good closet, $3.50; also single room, $2.50; 2 flights; bell on right.

WEST NEWTON ST., 62—Large, square, front room.

2 HANSON ST.—Newly furnished pleasant side room.

2 CALUMBUS SQ.—The large square room and single room to let, with all conveniences.

38 JAMES st.—Large, sunny square and side rooms, overlooking park; summer prices.

1 HANSON ST.—Large, front parlor and square room, $4, and 6, water, bath floor, 5th board.

1 PARK PLACE—Furnished square and side rooms; all housekeeping rooms.

1 WEST NEWTON PL.—Two square and one side room; private family.

2 PARK SQUARE—Sunny square room, near State House, fine location, $3.50.

2 WEST NEWTON ST.—Beautifully furnished front parlor and square room; $3 and $2.50; suitable for gentlemen.

20 GREENWICH PARK—Front parlor and square room, with board; also 4 other rooms.

22 JOY ST., near state House, front and side 1 flight; large and sunny; also single closet.

26 W. DEDHAM ST.—Furnished rooms, suitable for gentlemen; private family; $3 to $4.

24-21 HANSON ST.—Square room, 1 flight, front; also 2 connecting rooms; rent $3.50.

181 WARREN AVE.—Newly furnished small square room; clean; heat; permanently; $2.

2 WEST NEWTON ST.—Large, sunny, heated room, hot and cold water.

71 TEMPLE ST.—Two connecting square front and back rooms; together or separate; one flight; also others.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

DRUG STORE—Good business, elegant fixtures, only two rooms; will invoice good for cash; reason, owner cash altered to 24 personally 1 Milk st., Room 1, Boston Safe Dep. Bldg. Boston.

KANSAS VERSER STANDARD OIL COMPANY'S well and gasoline plant for sale; always for sale; will sell cheap; will exchange for real estate. Address Box 1078, Boston, Mass.

SPOT CASH PAID (private) for stocks, stores, any kind, anywhere. ALLEN, 10 Tremont st.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST.

A bird skin, marked U. S. Agricultural Department, Biological Survey. BREWSTER.

This was lost on the corner of Boston and Dartmouth streets, Monday morning, March 20, about 10 o'clock. Finder will please return to 1 Boylston st., Boston.

Diamond ear pin set in platinum. Liberal reward if returned to N 7, Boston American.

TALKING MACHINES.

TALKING MACHINES of every make, easy payments, $1 per week; we have a large stock of machine and find you cannot get the selections you want; call and see us; we have the largest list of Edison and Columbia records in Boston. We are the only exclusive talking machine people in Boston; we have a large assortment of records. PIKE'S, 41 Washington st., Cor. Friend.

HOTELS.

WOMEN TRAVELLING ALONE should go direct to the Franklin Square House, 11 Rest Newton st., Boston. Rates, $1 per day and upward. Take Washington st. cars from Boston terminal stations, or transfer to the Franklin Square car.

DOGS, CATS, ETC.

$25.00 REWARD.

INFORMATION wanted of a Boston terrier dog, male, white with black spots, about 1 year old; dark brindle body, all white head, ear cuts, tight curly tail; any one offering information leading to recovery of dog will receive reward. Address Box 1, Boston American.

YACHTS AND BOATS.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—A 21-foot yacht, sloop rig, new sails and rigging, large cabin and self-draining cockpit; will sell outright or exchange for gasoline launch or dory. G. F. BROOKS, 307 Westerly av., Cambridge, Mass.

DRAMATIC.

SLIGHTLY sore spring and evening dresses, $3 and up. To sell or let. MADAM DESBOUT, 193 Tremont st., 2 mins. walk from subway.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

WOOD
PIANO CO.

ALL AGREE that the tone of a piano is the most important thing to consider. Before you purchase hear the tone of the pianos we sell. Chickering, Knabe, Hallet & Davis, Steinway, Fischer, Poole, Chickering & Sons and all makes to select from. Our terms will be made to suit your convenience. Write us for our list of pianos left used. WOOD PIANO CO., 180 Tremont st., pianos of all makes to rent.

IVERS & POND uprights, mahogany and walnut cases, $180 and $200, slightly used. WOOD PIANO CO., 180 Tremont st.

PIANOS TO RENT.

WE MAKE a specialty of renting pianos; all money paid, as rent allowed on purchase. WOOD PIANO CO., 180 Tremont st.

STEINWAY PIANO taken in exchange for new Chickering quarter grand; a nice bargain; price $150. WOOD PIANO CO., 180 Tremont st.; write to-day for list of bargains.

HALLET & DAVIS uprights; several of this make in stock; will agree to take them back in case of a change. WOOD PIANO CO.; if you cannot call write us; 180 Tremont st.

WRITE us to-day; we will save $50 for you in the purchase of your piano; our bargain list includes all makes, in many cases half prices asked elsewhere.

WOOD PIANO CO.

180 Tremont St.

RENT A PIANO 3 MOS., $6

Uprights from $25 to $200. Squares from $15 to $25, organs from $2 to $25. Nearly every make of piano represented. Rent allowed when you buy pianos. Write to-day for full bargain list; terms reasonable. Call at our warerooms or write. Open evenings. Write us for our list of pianos left used. WOOD PIANO CO., 180 Tremont st., pianos of all makes to rent.

RENT A PIANO, 3 months, $10; allow rent within one year toward purchase if that or any piano in our warerooms. DAVIS uprights; several of this make in stock; will agree to take them back in case of a change. WOOD PIANO CO.; if you cannot call write us; 180 Tremont st.

$75—MY peerless Henry F. Miller upright must be sold at once, cash basis; same elegant design, easy action and exterior shine altogether go now; big bargain if taken immediately. 3 Boston American.

ELEGANT Hallet & Davis upright, full size, not a scratch on case, as good as new, $125; Chickering, $150; many others guaranteed as good as pianos guaranteed as advertised. CHAMPLIN, 146 Boylston st., Boston, Mass.

FOR SALE—Upright piano, taken for debt; a bargain; fully warranted; terms reasonable. 30 Dudley st., Roxbury.

LADIES' PIANO will be sold for private party for $90; reason for enrolling, breaking up housekeeping. E. S. 37, Boston American.

NICE MILLER UPRIGHT piano, which cost $325 new, will be sold for $125; stool and scarf and sheet music included; also guarantee; make appointment. W. S. 37, Boston American.

PROPOSALS.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS, METROPOLITAN WATER AND SEWERAGE BOARD. Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Metropolitan Water and Sewerage Board, 20 Somerset street, Boston, Mass., until 12 M. on FRIDAY, March 31, 1905, for the delivery of any or all of the following lots of Spun Cast Centrifugal Cement Centrifugal Cast, or coal such as the Board shall deem equal thereto:

On cars at GOB WATER WORKS, Spot Pond Pumping Station, 400 tons.

In bins at Spot Pond Pumping Station, 800 tons.

In bins at Arlington Pumping Station, 400 tons.

FOR SEWERAGE WORKS.

In bins at Deer Island Pumping Station, 2,000 gross tons.

In bins at East Boston Pumping Station, 2,200 gross tons.

In bins at Charlestown Pumping Station, 1,000 gross tons.

In bins at Ward Street Pumping Station, 2,000 gross tons.

In bins at Alewife Brook Pumping Station, 250 gross tons.

In bins at Quincy Pumping Station, 500 gross tons.

In bins at Squantum, 400 gross tons.

The coal is to be delivered in said storage bins as required by the Board. The coal and material required by the engineers of the water and sewerage works during the months of April, May and June of each year will depend upon the available storage room in said bins. The coal is to be delivered as follows:

Belmont Hill Pumping Station, 1,500 tons.

Spot Pond Pumping Station, 1,000 tons.

Arlington Pumping Station, 400 tons.

Ward Street Pumping Station, 1,000 tons.

East Boston Pumping Station, 600 tons.

Charlestown Pumping Station, 600 tons.

Ward Street Pumping Station, 600 tons.

Alewife Brook Pumping Station, 250 tons.

Quincy Pumping Station, 100 tons.

Squantum, 400 tons.

The coal to be delivered at the Chestnut Hill Spot Pond, Arlington, Ward Street and Alewife Brook Pumping Stations, and at Squantum, at the option of the time of delivery by a sworn weigher of the engineer of the water works, and at the other stations as directed or certified to by said weigher. The weight of coal delivered at Deer Island, East Boston, Quincy and Charlestown stations, and at Nut Island is to be determined by the weights of the cars as they are weighed by the engineer of the sewerage works, and certified to by said weigher. The coal is to be delivered in the bins at the several stations. Each contractor shall assume all risks to persons and property which may arise from the delivery of the coal and teams required for delivering coal into the bins, and shall indemnify the Board against all claims for damages arising therefrom. No contract shall exceed 1,000 tons nor must submit with the proposal a certified check for $1 to be forfeited to the Board in the event of the execution of the contract, if awarded, and to be returned to the bidder if not awarded. Bonds with sureties for the satisfactory fulfilment of the bid, contract and warranty will be required of the successful bidder in the sum of the bid and nine per cent of such sum in addition, conditioned for the faithful performance of the contract, and for the payment of all claims for labor and materials, and for the protection of the public from liability to spontaneous combustion and heating of the coal. Each bidder must state in his proposal the name of the mine at the several pumping stations, and the Board reserves the right to reject any bid which is not deemed for its interest the proposal for each lot deemed best for the interest of the Board.

Specifications may be obtained at the office of WALCOTT, SEAMAN, Chairman; HENRY P. KENDALL, WILLIAM E. FOSTER, JOHN R. MURPHY, Metropolitan Water and Sewerage Board, WILLIAM N. DAVENPORT, Secretary.

Boston, March 20, 1905.

MEDICAL.

J. S. HAY, M. D.

Specialist in all diseases of women. Registered under Massachusetts law. Graduate Northwestern University Medical School. Practicing in hospital connected. Advice free. Office hours, 9 to 12 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m. Sundays, 10 to 2. 218 Tremont street, op. one Boylston Market. Tel. Oxford 1000.

W. H. PRICE, M. D.

Office 144 Tremont st., Specialist in female diseases. Hours, 9 to 12, 2 to 5. Sundays, 10 to 12.

DR. PERRY,

Specialist in diseases of women; 17 years' experience. Consultation free. Graduate attendant, Hrs., 10-8; Sun., 2-5. 163 Tremont street, Boston.

Dr. J. P. ADAMS Office hours, 9 to 5 daily. 172 Tremont st., Boston. Ladies and gentlemen; registered physician; private home. Consultation free. Graduate assistant. Tel. Oxford 1000.

A. W. TURNER, M. D.

Office, 181 W. Springfield st., Boston's leading specialist in all diseases of women. Hospital connected. Advice free. Hours, 9 to 12, 2 to 5.

Old Dr. Hall OFFICE 5 BEACH ST., Boston. Established 1850. Regular graduate. Hours, 9 to 12, 2 to 5. Sundays, 10 to 12.

LYING-IN HOME.

Private licensed home; ladies taken before and during confinement. Address Mrs. MALONE, 668 Tremont st., Boston.

DR. GORDON 2 Office, 603 Tremont st., Boston. Ladies only. Consultation free. Experience, lowest prices. Hours 9-8; Sundays 11-3.

FURNITURE.

RED STORE FURNITURE CO.,

HANDSOME parlor set, mahogany, beautiful design, $15; kitchen cabinet, $5; refrigerator, $5; agents, $2.25; National oil stove and stool sliding shelves, $3.50; 3 rooms complete, $25; 5 rooms complete, $50; 6 rooms complete, $75. 1 DAY ONLY, March 23, 9 to 5; best sofa bed, $12; $1 cash and $1 per week; 1 day only. 1 DAY ONLY, March 23, 9 to 5; 1 day only. Buy your furniture of factory prices; the only store in Boston selling factory prices; no old goods; we will pay your car fare to call at RED STORE, 28 Portland st., Boston.

$12.50 OAK sideboard, 6 ft. high, large French bevel plate mirror, 22x28 inches; $12.50 cash; $1 cash and $2.50 each week; fine dining-room chairs, $1 each; $1 cash and $1 per week; no interest. 314 Washington st.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE—DIVORCES.

STRICTLY PRIVATE office and book on causes for divorce, sent free; divorces obtained everywhere, success all countries in Mass.; leaves home; no publicity required; fees low. LAWYER C

OIL KING, ANGERED, MAY REVOKE GIFT

ROCKEFELLER TO RECALL GIFT OF $100,000

Incensed at Criticism of Offering for Foreign Missions.

INGRATITUDE IS CHARGED

Before the American Board of Foreign Missions, which meets in this city on next Tuesday, has had an opportunity to pass upon the acceptance or rejection of the $100,000 gift of John D. Rockefeller, the Oil King. It is probable, according to the statement of a personal friend, that the contribution will be revoked.

Mr. Rockefeller is indignant, according to the same authority, at the action of the Congregational ministers who have entered a protest against the acceptance of the gift. It is said that the millionaire feels the rebuke very keenly and that he looks upon the action of the Boston clergymen as an exhibition of gross ingratitude.

Mr. Rockefeller, it is declared, only agreed to make the contribution after he had been solicited twice by representatives of the Mission Board.

The matter has been widely discussed by clergymen throughout the country, and different views are held regarding it. Some of the clergymen agree with the Boston ministers, while others criticise them. The BOSTON AMERICAN prints a number of the statements of the clergymen:

Compromised Church.

Describing the meeting of Congregational ministers in Boston when the question of accepting Mr. Rockefeller's money was discussed, one of the pastors present, Rev. Reuen Thomas, of Brooklyn, said:

"About forty ministers assembled in conference to consider the advisability of mailing protest against taking Mr. Rockefeller's gift. The opinion seemed unanimous that it was a shrewd indictment of a notorious individual way of making money by overriding and crushing out legitimate competitors, and that in the present state of affairs the Christian religious societies ought not to be compromised."

Would Muzzle Pulpit.

The Rev. Everett S. Stackpole, of Bradford, said:

"Huh, what did he give it for? What does he care about the heathen? He thinks to muzzle the ministers with a gift of a few hundred dollars; thinks the Congregational ministers of the country will be hushed up. The ministers are wise and the American Board will be wise in refusing to accept the gift. The people of the proposal will so impress the people of this country that the money which will be turned down will be voluntarily contributed."

On the other hand, another New England clergyman, the Rev. George C. Lorimer, D. D., of Haverhill, views the matter in the light of what is frequently every day from the church pulpits, that there must be business in the church to make it work successful.

"When an offer is freely made," said he, "and with conditions, it makes no end of work for the church to go back and investigate its source."

Grave Danger Involved.

The Rev. Calvin M. Clark, pastor of the Centre Congregational Church of Haverhill, said:

"Personally, I feel the same in this matter as the ministers who have protested the acceptance of Mr. Rockefeller's gift. As I have said in my pulpit, if money is offered which is not tied and which is given without conditions, then the circumstances are altered. However, there is grave danger in accepting this money, for, although it might be accepted free of conditions, we would feel that we were morally bound not to criticise too harshly its donor, and matters have come to such a head that we must make a stand and say to Rockefeller and his kind: We can get the money we legitimately require without such as yours."

Guilty of Lawlessness.

Rev. Robert Walker, of Cambridge, is very outspoken. He said:

"The Standard Oil Company is guilty of the greatest sin on earth, that of lawlessness. I fully believe that the American Board will be justified in declining his money. On the other hand, if it is a personal gift and conscience money, why I suppose it would be all right for such a worthy charity to accept it."

Rev. H. Spencer, Cambridge, said:

"The language of the protest of the Congregational ministers opposed to accepting the gift expresses my opinion so fully that I could add nothing to it."

Whole Clergy Aroused.

Leased wire dispatches from New York say that it is believed that John D. Rockefeller's gift of $100,000 to the Congregational Board of Foreign Missions, which has aroused so much discussion among the clergy of that denomination, was made to please Mrs. Rockefeller, who is a Congregationalist.

Speaking of the gift, Rev. Charles E. Jefferson, of the Broadway Tabernacle, said:

"Mrs. Rockefeller is a Congregationalist, and her sister, Miss Spelman, is a member of my church. It is fair to assume that it was her interest in her church which was responsible for the gift.

"There is no doubt in my mind that the board will accept Mr. Rockefeller's gift. The action of the New England clergymen in no way reflects the general sentiment of the Congregationalist church on this subject.

"It has never been the practice in investigate the manner in which money donated for church work was accumulated by the giver. The acceptance of the gift does not confer on the donor a certificate of good moral character. I certainly would accept it, and so, I believe would the great majority of the clergy or any denomination."

Receiver as Bad as Thief.

Rev. I. L. Haldeman, pastor of the First Baptist Church, said:

"**A man who takes money from a thief is a receiver of stolen goods, and as such condones and becomes a partner in his crime. If the church accepts money from Mr. Rockefeller, knowing it to have been dishonestly obtained, it indorses the method by which he acquired it.**

"My opinion does not apply to Mr. Rockefeller as an individual, but simply to the question as an ethical matter. It is the duty of the church to keep itself pure."

Rev. Dr. Parkhurst said he was sometimes tempted to say what he would say, because he, for one, did not know how Rockefeller got his money.

Parkhurst Not in Favor.

"Where did the widow who offered her mite get her two mites?" asked Dr. Parkhurst.

"How did the woman who anointed the hands and feet get the oil? It is said her character was not of the best.

"How did Mr. Rockefeller get his wealth? Better still, how did he get the particular $100,000 he offered to the Congregational board. I do not know. If a clergyman offered me money for my church work I'd not accept it.

"The effect of accepting this gift from Rockefeller would undoubtedly be to stifle his vocal status in the community. If the trouble to reach any agreement."

MRS. JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER.

WIFE OF MAN WHOSE GIFT IS SPURNED.

DUTY OF THE CHURCH TO KEEP ITSELF PURE

BY REV. I. L. HALDEMAN,

Pastor First Baptist Church, New York.

A man who takes money from a thief is a receiver of stolen goods, and, as such, condones and becomes a partner in his crime. If the church accepts money from Mr. Rockefeller, knowing it to have been dishonestly obtained, it endorses the method by which he acquired it.

My opinion does not apply to Mr. Rockefeller as an individual, but simply to the question as an ethical matter. It is the duty of the church to keep itself pure.

ROOSEVELT UNDERSTANDS; MUNSTERBERG

Harvard Professor Denies Reference to President Attributed to Him In Detroit.

GROTESQUELY MISQUOTED

"President Roosevelt appreciates how grotesquely the report of my speech at the dinner of the Cosmopolitan Club was distorted."

In these words Professor Hugo Munsterberg, of Harvard, who has returned home from Detroit, replied to a query as to whether or not the President had communicated with him regarding the interviews attributed to him at the dinner of the Cosmopolitan Club in that city.

It would of course be eminently improper to divulge what has passed between President Roosevelt and myself, but nobody understands better than he how grotesque is the report that I had quoted him as referring to the Declaration of Independence as 'glittering generalities'."

Professor Munsterberg at first refused to discuss the subject, but when pressed for an account of what really occurred at the dinner he consented to make a brief statement to the BOSTON AMERICAN, which he expressed the hope would close the incident.

By Prof. Hugo Munsterberg.

At a dinner in the Cosmopolitan Club of Detroit, on March 17, I delivered an address on "American Ideals." At its conclusion, in accordance with the custom of the club, there was a general discussion, in my address and nothing that was not contained in my book on Americans. At no time did I use the words 'Declaration of Independence' or 'glittering generalities.'

Five of the men present took part in the discussion. The first speaker gratefully agreed with me. The fifth speaker was Mr. Loesing, a Democrat, who had recently been defeated for Congress. Mr. Loesing took occasion to make an anti-imperialistic speech. He referred to Jeffersonian principles and to the Declaration of Independence. He said the government was safer relying upon the principles of Jefferson, and spoke along that line.

Mr. Loesing also said he knew that in high official circles in Washington the Declaration of Independence was looked upon as made up of "glittering generalities." He was the only one to use those words. His remarks were in the nature of a rejoinder to mine.

Didn't Quote President.

When the chairman asked me if I cared to say anything to close the discussion, I replied that I thought there were still some words to be said. It was then that I merely said President Roosevelt never had quoted the Declaration of Independence. That was all. I made no statement quoting the President. What I said was a simple statement of fact which anybody can learn by looking through his writings. As an expression of my own opinion I did say that the principles of the Declaration of Independence were as sound to-day as when it was written, but I did not believe reforms should be laid upon the formulation of those principles.

Finally I repeat that I used the words "glittering generalities" at all, and I did not quote any opinion of President Roosevelt.

FISH NOT FRIGHTENED.

The United States Fish Commission reports that the target practice by warships off the New England coast does not frighten away the fish.

TO CLASS LOST JEWELRY BY NEW SYSTEM

Chairman Emmons Adopts Plan to Help Recovery of Stolen Valuables.

TO AID POLICE IN WORK

Chairman Emmons of the Police Board has adopted a new method of describing and classifying lost and stolen jewelry, with the hope that it may better facilitate its recovery. The new method is designed to assist the loser in describing his property in such a manner that the police will have a very clear idea of what it consists.

Watch chains are divided into five classes—cable, curb, long, rope and trace. Knives and spoons are put under the head of table articles, even though they may be designs. Rings are classified as Belcher, Tiffany, signet and tooth. On the new classification card that Judge Emmons has issued for the guidance of the loser of articles there are pictures of the articles illustrating the styles and designs mentioned.

Pawnbrokers in making their reports to the police will hereafter be required to make them conform to the new classification schedule.

The police also clip the lost and found advertisements from the daily papers every day, and do all in their power to locate the articles, even though they may not be reported at police headquarters as having been lost. By following out Judge Emmons's suggestion people who have lost property will do much toward regaining it.

SEA ROMANCE LED TO MATCH

Boston friends of Former Health Commissioner George F. Babbitt and Mrs. E. Humphrey Allen, soprano at Tremont Temple, were surprised to-day to learn that they were married in New York yesterday. The bride and groom passengers there years ago on a transatlantic steamship. They also had been a widow for nearly three years. Her first husband, Charles H. Allen, was a member of Tremont Temple deacon. She is a native of Portland and has lived in Somerville since her marriage.

Mr. Babbitt is a well-known newspaper man. He has been editorially connected with various newspapers, or editorial writer since he graduated from Harvard in 1894. He was a private secretary for Mayor Prince and appointed to the Health Board by Mayor Quincy, remaining in office twenty years.

He is one of the most popular men in town. Mr. and Mrs. Babbitt will remain at the Algonquin until next month, when they sail for the Mediterranean. They have arranged to be away six months.

BOSTON MAN COLONIZER.

VICTORIA, B. C., March 23.—Representing Boston capitalists, C. K. Berry is in the province to confer with the Government of British Columbia half a million acres of agricultural land, for the purpose of establishing farming communities.

COMMITTEE ON LABOR REPORTS 8-HOUR BILL

Provides for Length of Public Employes' Work Day and for Current Wages.

VIOLATION BRINGS FINE

The committee on labor of the Legislature, to which was referred several bills for an eight-hour day for public employes, has voted to report a bill drafted by Samuel Ross of New Bedford. House chairman of the committee. Senators Keyes and Cummings and Representatives Anderson of Pelham and Gunn of Northbridge dissent. The text of the bill follows:

Section 1—Eight hours shall constitute a day's work for all laborers, workmen and mechanics now employed, or who may hereafter be employed, by or on behalf of the Commonwealth, or any county thereof, or any city or town which has accepted the provisions of Section 29 Chapter 106 of the Revised laws; but in cases where a Saturday half-holiday is given the hours of labor upon the other working days of the week may be increased sufficiently to make a total of forty-eight hours for the week's work.

To Pay Current Wages.

Section 2—Each contract to which the State or a municipal corporation is a party which may involve the employment of laborers, workmen or mechanics shall contain a stipulation that no laborer, workman or mechanic in the employ of the contractor, sub-contractor or other person doing or contracting to do the whole or a part of the work contemplated by the contract shall be permitted or required to work more than eight hours in any one calendar day except in cases of extraordinary emergencies caused by fire, flood or danger to life or property. The wages to be paid for a legal day's work as hereinbefore defined to all classes of such laborers, workmen or mechanics upon all such public work shall not be less than the prevailing rate for a day's work in the same trade or occupation in the locality within the State where such public work is situated. Each contract hereafter made shall contain a stipulation that each such laborer, workman or mechanic employed by such contractor, sub-contractor or other person upon such public work shall receive such wages herein provided for.

Section 3—This act shall apply to all persons engaged upon any works which are or may be intended to be the property of the Commonwealth, or of any county thereof, or of any city or town which has accepted the provisions of Section 29 of chapter 106 of the Revised Laws, whether such persons are employed by public authority or by a contractor or other private person.

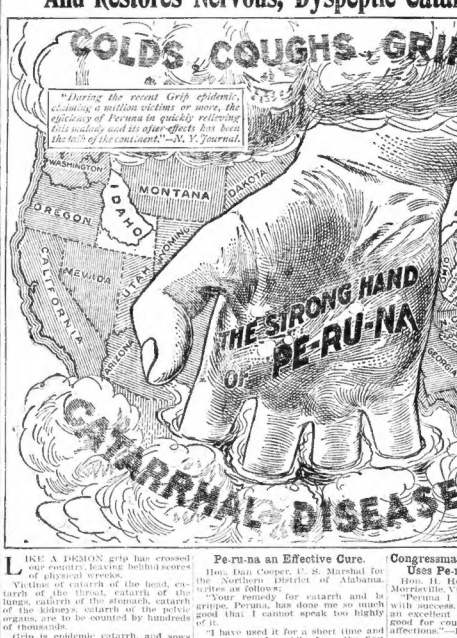
Penalty of $50.

Section 4—Any agent or official of the Commonwealth or of any county, city or town who violates any provision of this act by employing any person to work for longer hours or at a lower rate of pay than is provided for in this act, shall be subject to a penalty of $50 for each offense. This section and the provisions of section 5 shall not apply to nor affect contractors or sub-contractors for work for which contracts have been entered into prior to the passage of this act.

Section 5—So much of any act as is inconsistent herewith is hereby repealed.

Section 6—This act shall take effect upon its passage.

The Hand That Wards Off Coughs, Colds, Grip And Restores Nervous, Dyspeptic Catarrh Wrecks.



LIKE A DEMON grip has crossed the country, leaving behind scores of physical wrecks.

Victims of catarrh of the head, catarrh of the throat, catarrh of the bronchial tubes, catarrh of the stomach, catarrh of the kidneys, catarrh of the pelvic organs, are to be counted by hundreds of thousands.

Grip is epidemic catarrh, and sows the seed of chronic catarrh within the system.

This is so true that few grip sufferers are able to make a complete recovery until they have used Peruna.

Never in the history of medicine has a remedy received such unqualified and universal eulogies as Peruna.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Pe-ru-na an Effective Cure.

Hon. Dan Cooper, U. S. Marshal for the Northern District of Alabama, writes as follows:

"Your remedy for catarrh and la grippe, Peruna, has done me so much good that I cannot speak too highly of it.

"I have used it for a short time and have improved rapidly from the first day. I was very much surprised at such a quick and effective cure."

For the After-Effects of La Grippe

Captain K. Eswell, Company "K" 21st Michigan V. I., 29 Hermitage St., Grand Rapids, Mich., writes:

"Noting the success that several of my comrades, I made up my mind it would be good for me.

"I suffered for years from effects of the la grippe, which seemed to settle in my stomach and kidneys. Five bottles of Peruna made a new man of me."

Congressman Powers of Vermont Uses Pe-ru-na in His Family.

Hon. H. Henry Powers writes from Morrisville, Vt.:

"Peruna I have used in my family with good results, and can recommend it as an excellent family remedy, and very good for coughs, colds and catarrhal affections."—H. Henry Powers.

Pe-ru-na For Catarrhal Nervousness and Stomach Troubles.

Hon. W. A. Purman, ex-member of Congress from Florida, writes from 1422 Q St., N. W., Washington, D. C.:

"From representations to me, and from my own experience, I feel justified in recommending your Peruna to any and all persons suffering with catarrhal nervousness or stomach troubles."—W. J. Purman.

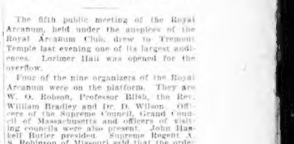
Address Dr. S. B. Hartman, President of the Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

PARKER GUEST OF ARCANUM

The fifth public meeting of the Royal Arcanum, held under the auspices of the Royal Arcanum Club, drew to Tremont Temple last evening one of its largest audiences. Lorimer Hall was opened for the overflow.

Four of the nine organizers of the Royal Arcanum were on the platform. They are W. O. Robson, Professor Bilsh, the Rev. William Bradley and Dr. D. Wilson. Officers of the Supreme Council, Grand Council of Massachusetts and other subordinating councils were also present. John Hasbell Butler presided. Supreme Regent A. S. Robinson of Missouri said that the order had grown from nine members in 1877 to 208,424 to-day. Attorney-General Parker was the guest of the evening.

The highest-grade, loveliest-priced clothing that bears the Union Label is Morse-made.



Although winter seems inclined to linger in the lap of spring, it is not a bit too soon for you to be thinking of your new spring clothing.

While your thoughts are on this subject, here are a few facts for you to bear in mind—

Prices on woolen fabrics have advanced sharply since last season—and since we placed our orders for spring woolens.

Those manufacturers who bought late are forced to either raise the selling-price of their clothing or else cheapen its quality.

Just which process has taken place is something the consumer will be unable to tell until he has paid the higher price or experienced a severe disappointment in the wearing quality of the garments for which he paid the usual price.

Fortunately, our earliness in buying our woolens makes it possible for us to guarantee to our customers the same reliable quality that they have always associated with Morse-made clothing at the same low price as usual.

Just what the conditions will be next season we are at present unable to state, but this is sure—under no conditions will the high standard of Morse-made clothing be lowered.

Open Saturday Night Until 10.

Everything That Men and Boys Wear.

Leopold Morse & Co.

Designers and Makers of "Superior" Ready-to-Wear Clothing for Men.

Washington and Brattle Streets.

Sleeplessness

Read my offer—a full dollar's worth of my Remedy free to try—without deposit, or risk, or promise to pay.

Sleeplessness, restlessness, nervousness, irritability—all are symptoms of weak and nerve disturbance. The fault is not with the nerves which give true warnings—with the nerves which enable you to feel, to walk, to talk, to think—no, not the INSIDE nerves, the automatic power nerves—these are the nerves which control every movement, reward and reward, including fretfulness, recklessness, sleeplessness, irritability. All of these things are fully explained in the book I will send you when you write.

In more than a million homes my remedy is known and relied upon. Tell me you've not heard of it. So I make this offer to you, a stranger, because I want every sufferer's doubt may be removed. Send no money—make no promise—take no risk. Simply write and ask. If you have never tried my remedy, I will send you an order on your druggist for a full dollar bottle—not a sample, but the regular standard bottle, kept constantly on his shelves. The druggist will require no conditions. He will accept my order as cheerfully as he would your money. He knows I will send the bill to me.

Write me about this opportunity to learn at MY EXPENSE ABSOLUTELY how to be rid forever of all forms of nervousness and insomnia—to feel and look and be well and happy. All this and more which produced it? Write to-day.

For a free order for Book 1 on Dyspepsia
a full dollar bottle on Book 2 on Heart
your address Dr Shoop, Book 3 on the Kidneys,
Box 8, Racine, Book 4 on Rheumatism,
Wis. Write which book Book 5 for Women,
you want. Book 6 on Rheumatism.

Mild cases are often cured by a single DAY'S
For sale at forty thousand drug stores.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative

WHOLE WORLD OF SPORTS COVERED FOR THE BOSTON AMERICAN BY ITS CORPS OF EXPERTS

BUDDY RYAN FOUND GRIM INVINCIBLE

PHILADELPHIA, March 23.—Joe Grim was not only on his feet at the end of the sixth round at the National Athletic Club against Buddy Ryan, but appeared just as fresh and active as he did when he entered the ring.

Ryan took things generally easy in many of the rounds, evidently working under the impression that one round of good walloping would settle Joe Grim's antics and efforts to box. In this he was greatly mistaken, as Joe was right there when it came to mixing it, and he often forced the Chicago boxer to cover up to escape his wild swings.

HAGAN WON FIGHT.

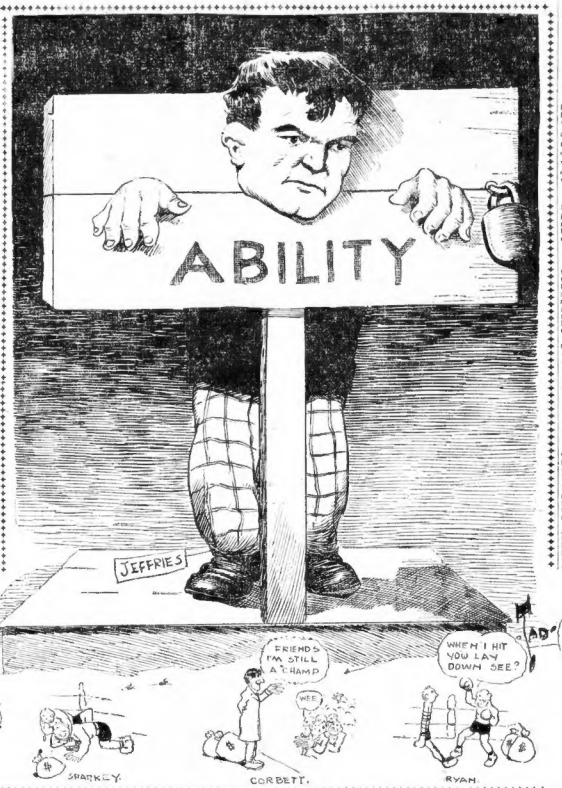
WILMINGTON, Del., March 23.—Joe Hagan and Harry Jones, both of Philadelphia, put up a terrific six-round fight before the Wilmington A. A. which was won by Hagan after being knocked down in the second round and almost got out.

GARDNER HAS HARD BOUT ON FOR MONDAY

That old whaling town, New Bedford, will have a chance to see something fine in the ring goods when Jimmy Gardner and the idol of Fall River, Peter Sullivan, mix it up next Monday night. Peter has a couple of decisions over Jimmy Briggs, and Gardner will be sent down to give tough Peter his quietus.

Gardner is in the pink of condition, as was seen in his bout with Charley Sieger, Sullivan will probably have some advantages on Gardner when it comes to weights, but so did Sieger, yet the Lowell boy got away with him. In Sullivan he meets one of the hardest men in the business to stop, and the people down his way know it. It will be surprising if the battle goes the limit of fifteen rounds, as the boys will go at it from the tap of the bell.

INCOMPARABLE JEFF LOAFS WHILE OTHER FIGHTERS GROW RICH?



DANNY GALLAGHER IS AFTER PANTZ

The Buffalo Sunflower, who beat George Murray at Salem last week, is matched to box Monk, the Newsboy, at Webster, the first week in April.

The inventors recognize these obstacles and for the present they are content to contemplate the benefits which they may derive from having the ugly gloves accepted as the standard mittens to be used in big punishing contests.

Larsen and Thompson have also claimed patent on a boxing trunk or jacket. This the meeting, but he refused to listen to the propositions they advanced, and informed the club people that he had several big things in view at the Michigan cities and he intended staying in the West until he went through with all his contracts. The club tried to get several good men to meet Briggs but failed in every instance. As a substitute match, Joe Gans and Rufe Turner have been engaged, but it is the intention of the matchmaker to sign Young Corbett to meet Briggs in Philadelphia early in April. The ex-champion is booked for a bout in the Quaker City April 3.

Willie Fitzgerald left the Washington Sporting Club of Philadelphia in a dilemma by reason of his sudden departure for the West, where he fought one night after and they were forced to call off the match between Briggs and Fitzgerald, which was scheduled for next Monday night. They made an attempt to bring Fitz back for

FOREIGN CARS IN VANDERBILT RACE

Special to the Boston American.

NEW YORK, March 23.—If American importers of foreign automobiles are correctly informed, so many nominations for the Vanderbilt Cup race will be made from abroad that an elimination trial will be necessary in France at least. Under the deed of gift the representation this year will be limited to six machines from any one country, and already that number of French cars are said to be probable cup contenders.

Following the announcement that M. Gabriser would enter three Richard Brasiers, of 100 horse power each, comes the news from the Penhard Levassor American branch that at least three powerful machines of that make will be nominated.

Many Fast Cars.

Sidney B. Bowman asserts that at least two Clement-Bayard racers are to try for the cup, Emile Voigt claims the same number for C. G. V. automobiles, and it is said also that the De Dietrich and Renault will attempt international representation. In addition at least one entry is looked for from the makers of each of the following cars: Decauville, Darracq, Mors, Hotchkiss and Gobron-Brille.

E. R. Hollander is authority for the statement that the full Italian representation will be made by Fiats. Two of these will be of 120 horse power each, and driven by Lancia and Cedrino; a third will be of only thirty-two horse power, driven by Nagel, while the other three will be handled by private owners, and will be of ninety horse power or upward, each.

It is said that the German complement will be made up of Mercedes cars, and that all of them will be entered by private owners. The British entry is likely to be composed of Napier, Wolseley and Argyll cars. J. S. Heller expects there will be two Pipe entries from Belgium, and there may be an Austrian Mercedes in the list.

American Entries.

The American representation is more problematical than that from abroad. In the trade there is talk of great preparations being made, but there was the same talk before the Florida speed tournament, where American cars were conspicuous by their absence. Of American racing machines built or building are the Locomobile and the two Pope Toledos entered in the International Cup race, two Thomas Flyers, two air cooled Franklins, two White steamers, the narrow tread Ford, Walter Christie's direct drive machine, now in course of construction; the Pierce Great Arrow and the Columbia, not including track racing machines like the Peerless, Packard and Winton. As elimination trial for the American team therefore seems probable.

BRITT DENIES "CROOKED" CHARGES OF BILLY NOLAN

SAN FRANCISCO, March 23.—Emphatic denial is made by Jimmy Britt and his brother Willie to the charge made by Billy Nolan, manager of the battling colored boy, that Willie Britt refused to post forfeits for the Britt-Nelson fight unless Nelson would agree to "lay down." So intense is the feeling on the part of the Coast pugilist that another match with the Chicagoan now seems inevitable.

When the charge reached the ears of Jimmy Britt the native son turned white with anger, shutting his jaws firmly, as he went looking for Nolan, but did not find him. When he had a chance to cool down he said:

"Having gone this far, I think Nolan should come forward with some proofs. Well, I'll tell you what I will do. If he can furnish me a list of instances showing that any such thing as this took place I will give $1,000 to any charity which the newspapers will name.

"I will fight Nelson any time. I can lick him any time. I gave him his chance to fight me and he balked at an agreement which he had already signed. Coffroth has my consent for a match with Nelson. He also has a contract for a match with White. Which one he puts on first is immaterial to me."

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1,200 ENTRIES FOR PENN'S MEET

Special to the Sunday American.

PHILADELPHIA, March 23.—It is expected that every section of the country will be represented when the Pennsylvania University holds its big intercollegiate and interscholastic meet, April 19. Already over 1,200 entries have been received, and it would not be surprising that 2,000 will have been handed in by the closing time.

Positive assurances have been received during the past week that Yale, Harvard, Cornell, Princeton, Columbia, Georgetown and Syracuse from the East will be represented in the championship relay races at one, two and four miles. Similar assurances have been received from Michigan, Wisconsin, Chicago and Purdue from the West, while several other Western institutions expect to be represented in the individual events.

Should Be Great Mile Relay Race.

The most sensational fights this year will be in the one and two-mile races. The one-mile event will bring together the famous quartets from Yale, Harvard, Cornell, Georgetown and Cornell. This ought to be another duel between Penn and Yale.

The Quakers' one-mile relay team has been everything in sight this Winter, and Coach Shell predicts that as soon as the men get outdoors they will lower the present world's record of 3:22 3-5, held by Harvard. This team will be composed of Taylor, the present intercollegiate champion, Holster (49 1-5), Hyman, who has repeatedly done 50 seconds, and Shaw and Greene, both freshmen, but extremely fast.

Another exciting race will be furnished in the two-mile event. In this Yale and Penn will again be the principal entries, though the University of Wisconsin from the West, which has a quartet of extremely fast half-milers, will make the latter a doubtful one. The strength of the Yale team will be due largely to the running of Parsons, the present intercollegiate champion, who has an indoor record of 1:54 2-5.

Cornell Looks Sure in Four-Mile.

The announcement that Cornell will send a quartet of her famous distance runners for the four-mile relay makes this event look like a certainty for the Ithacans. Cornell still has three of the four men who broke the world's record last year, and should have no trouble in repeating the performances this year, though Michigan and Yale will give them a hard fight.

In the special events a good race is expected in the 100 yards, which will bring together Schick, of Harvard; Seitz, the new Georgetown flyer; Desty, of Pennsylvania; Torrey, of Yale, and Rulon Miller, of Princeton. This will help determine whether or not Seitz is a second Dufley.

In the pole vault there is also great interest will centre in the shotput. In spite of the fact that Desty, the Ohio Wesleyan city of Michigan, he will probably be seen in the same events in the Pennsylvania meet. Yanis does not insist upon eligibility rules for competition, the only stipulation being that the competitors be amateurs. The other special events will be the 120 yard hurdle, high jump, broad jump, pole vault, hammer throw, 16-pound shot and 56-pound weight, being added at the request of the Western athletes, who still cling to this event.

FAR TOO CLEVER FOR ALL FIGHTERS JEFF'S A HELPLESS MARVEL

BY TAD.

None think the great unhappy but the great," said one of the old poets.

Yes, he knew. Look at Jim Jeffries, the greatest fighter of years. A great many would like to wear the shoes of Jeff. To say that they were the big man in the pugilistic game, to draw the cheers from the crowd, and to have a Bulger sign on anything that ever pulled on a pair of gloves.

Withal, Jeff is an object of pity. He's so great that he's small. He has that ability, but he cannot use it. There is no one in his class for him to fight, and he's as tied off as though in court fight at all. That's the trouble about being too good. If he was an ordinary man he would be making his big hauls of coin fighting weekly and pulling in the money like an oil King.

Other pugilists who have not gained the laurels that Jeff has are fighting, sweating, getting sicken and talking their way into wealth. Jeff is no Jim Corbett in the chirp line. He is no humorist like Fitz, he can't pull the suckers on like O'Brien and Britt, he doesn't get the coin on hard fights like Ryan, and no one will attempt to knock him out as they do Joe Grim.

He is the wall flower kid in the pugilistic party. He sits on the bench near the wall and looks on. There is nothing else for him to do but that.

His ability bars him, and the locks will not be opened until old age or John Barleycorn get to him and put him so far on the rink that others will take a chance and try to down him.

He's a big athlete that has no ash barrel, Jeff. Jack Johnson may turn white, Ralph Rose or Kooch may come through and Sam Berger might grow big enough

"WILLIE" KEELER ALWAYS BATTED BALL OVER .300 MARK

Willie Keeler, often known as the man who, perhaps, has less enemies than any professional baseball player, was born in Brooklyn in 1873 at 266 Pulaski street, where he still resides.

He began playing baseball around Prospect Park and soon became noted among the youngsters of that section as a phenomenal batter and fielder. The first regular club to which he was attached was the Brooklyn Rivals, a famous amateur team, in 1888.

He next joined the Acmes of Brooklyn, He went from this club to the Rahway, N. J., club, and thence to the Creesents of Plainfield, N. J. He moved from that club to the Binghamtons, from which place he went to the New York National League team, but was released by it to Brooklyn because the managers feared that a left-hander would not be of much use as a fielder.

He signed with Baltimore in 1897, and here his career as one of the country's greatest batsmen and most popular players began. Keeler established himself for all time that season by batting .432 and leading the league in hitting.

Led at Baltimore.

The following year, with Baltimore, he again led the league, hitting that season .381. Keeler, in eight years that he has been in fast company since 1897, never batted below .326, and in his time batted next to the highest percentage ever made by a batsman in a championship season.

His mark of .432, made in 1897, has been surpassed but once since 1876. Duffy, of Boston, in 1894, batted .438. The record was so great that it immediately won national fame for him, and the name of Keeler was on every lip.

In 1899 he joined the Brooklyn Club, his own city organization. He played three more seasons, batting .376 in 1900, .362 in 1901, .355 in 1902, .342 in 1903. The next year found him with the New York Americans at a figure said to come close to $10,000.

This was in the war days, and he signed a two-year contract at that figure, or nearly that.

Still Gets Big Pay.

He batted .318 for the Highlanders in 1903, his poorest year. In 1904 he came back strong again and hit at .343, being second to Lajoie in American League honors. Keeler has again been signed for 1905 at only a slightly reduced salary from the war-time price.

Keeler, like Cy Young, is one of the players who saves his money, and he already owns considerable real estate in Brooklyn, where he is saving money to support his parents when they are unable longer to work.

He is rather small in statue, something like Slagle of Chicago, and the fact that he is a midget perhaps has something to do with his popularity.

Keeler has had few men knock him out.

A New York fan had a little bummer out for him a few months ago and the writers pictured this man as a cadaddy, for he knew about the first one of the kind they had ever heard of. Keeler is certainly a type of ballplayer to be emulated.

How He Does It.

An incident in which he was concerned gives a text for a short article on what may be called scientific batting. Keeler told of a letter he had received, among a lot of other things, asking him if he had a method in batting.

In reading the letter in question, Willie said: "I have already written a treatise and it reads like this: 'Keep your eye clear and hit 'em where they ain't.' That's all."

Now, here's a small volume on batting given in a few fitting words. "Brief and to the point" is Willie's treatise beyond question. Just see what those few telling words mean."

FAMOUS ATHLETE IN GAMES HERE

ST. LOUIS, March 23.—John J. Holloway, the Irish athlete, had his first workout today, after being ill for over two weeks. He has been confined to his bed with a severe cold, and still bears marks of illness.

The all-around athletic amateurism that although he has received handsome offers from the Greater New York Irish Athletic Association, which elub he recently represented in the games, and continue to wear their colors, he would represent the Missouri Athletic Club in all events.

When Holloway came to this country he joined the Irish Club of New York, and wore its colors in the Olympic series last Summer at the Stadium.

He liked the city, and chose it as his future home, and did not return East with his fellow-athletes. At first the G. N. Y. I. A. A. did not want to release its hold on the club crack, but seeing that he was sincere in his determination to remain in St. Louis decided to release him.

Recently Holloway received a letter from the Eastern club saying that they wanted him to remain with the club, as a team championship is to be decided upon, and he would help Sumner to contest for the British championship.

Holloway was wanted to represent the Irish Club, and was told that if he did he could make any offer and it would be granted. John Flanagan, Martin Sheridan, Meer Prinstein and three or four others will make up this team.

What this would give Holloway a to his native country, he refused. He is aware that one of the M. A. C. in the next month of July.

Which one he puts on first is immaterial to me."

TECH BOYS ON THE DIAMOND

Technology's new athletic field in Brookline has been laid out for a baseball diamond, and will be used by the class teams this season. Although Tech does not support a varsity team, the men are enthusiastic over the sport, and all the classes have a strong class team.

The schedule of the freshman team is:

April 5—Tech sophomores at Technology field.
April 22—Lowell Textile School at Lowell.
April 29—Ballou & Hedegard at Tech field.
April 29—Brighton High at Brighton.
May 6—Wakefield High at Wakefield.
May 13—Thayer Academy at Braintree.

The sophomore schedule is:

April 8—Tech freshmen at Tech field.
April 13—M. A. H. S. at Columbus avenue grounds.
April 15—Medford High at Medford.
April 17—Volkmann School at Locust street grounds.
April 19—Watertown High at Watertown.
April 22—Waltham High at Waltham.
April 27—Stone School at Columbus avenue grounds.
May 2—Roxbury Latin at Tech field.
May 4—Cambridge High at Cambridge.
May 6—Brighton High at Brighton.
May 9—Boston Latin at Tech field.

HARTFORD HAS BIG AUTO SHOW

HARTFORD, Ct., March 23. At the Palace Auto Station, the second annual show of the Dealers' Association opened last evening and will continue all the week. More than 20,000 square feet of floor space there are thirty-five exhibitors. Prominently located at the E. R. Thomas, Pope, Locomobile and Columbia automobiles. The show is the best specialty of its kind that has ever been held in this city. The dealers have made the show a big success, as well as an exhibition for the latest models in the auto line and have succeeded distinctly.

STRONG TEAM AT MANHATTAN

NEW YORK, March 23.—During the first week's practice the Manhattan College baseball team has made great progress, and Captain O'Brien is confident that his men will lower Yale's colors when they meet in yesterday's practice the infield worked without friction and with rapidity.

WON'T PLAY AT NEWTON

Special to the Boston American.

WILLIAMSTOWN, March 23.—The schedule of games for the football season of Williams next fall contains one important change.

The annual game with Dartmouth, which heretofore has been played at Newton Center, will be played this year at Hanover, N. H.

WILL BE KNOWN AS "NATIONALS"

Special to the Boston American.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—Hereafter the Washington Baseball Club will be known locally as "the Nationals," as decided by a committee of local newspaper men appointed to select a name to take the place of the hoodoo nickname, "Senators."

I CURE MEN
MY GUARANTEE IS, FIRST I CURE YOU—THEN YOU PAY ME. NO CHARGE FOR MEDICINES.
I never fail to cure any case I accept for treatment. For this reason I have the largest practice in Boston. I take every case on the above condition, and I give a written, binding guarantee to cure or refund every dollar paid me. I am a graduate of the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons, England, also Kings and Queens College of Physicians, Ireland; surgeon and physician to the Royal Mail Steamship Company, Liverpool, England; surgeon and physician European Emigrant Co., also graduate of Harvard Medical University. I come to stay cured. I cure Blood Poison, Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Troubles, Contracted Disorders, Nervousness, Debility, Lost Manhood, Impotency, Stricture, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Rupture, Piles, Fistula, Rectal Ulcers, Diseases of Women, Tumors, Cancers, Tapeworm and all diseases of the Eye, Ear, Throat, Lungs, Heart, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, Nerves, Blood and Skin. No matter what ails you, you have been given up by other doctors, or have been disappointed by patent medicines, you can consult me confidentially, free of charge, by call or letter, and let me examine you. I have the experience and the only remedies that cure how to cure cases that others fail in. Remember, I am not a dollar need be paid until I cure you.
Office Hours 9 to 8. Sundays 10 to 4.
DR. COLLINS
Medical Inst. 24 Bowdoin Square, Boston, Mass.
Near Hotel Pelham, off Columbus av., Boston, Mass. Mail Columbus av. cars stop at Bowdoin Square.

I CURE MEN

MY REFERENCE IS, NOT A DOLLAR NEED BE PAID UNTIL CURED.
• E. B. HERRICK, M. D.
37 Tremont St., Boston, Mass.
LOSS OF MANLY VIGOR
You may be lacking in the power of manhood, if so I want to see you. I can restore you at once to the full vigor of vitality, the loss of which may be the result of youthful indiscretions.
My guarantee to cure is:
"Not a dollar need be paid until cured."
Varicocele, Unnatural Discharges, Contagious Blood Poison, Kidney, Bladder Troubles, Rupture and Prostatic Trouble, Private and Chronic Diseases Cured.
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CURES MEN & WOMEN
The Big 1 for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Prevents contagion. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS, or in plain wrapper, express prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75, or three bottles, $5.00. Circular sent on request.
The Evans Chemical Co. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.
PRICE $1.00

BASEBALL
NEWS OF ALL THE BIG LEAGUES

BOXING
BUDDY RYAN FOUND GRIM HARD TO BEAT

RACING
AND ALL THE OTHER

ATHLETICS

WHITE LEAVES NEW YORK FOR PACIFIC COAST

By Boston American Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, March 23.—Charles White, manager of Jabez White, the lightweight champion of England, announced that a match had been made by telegraph for a fight between White and James Britt. The date of the match and the amount of the purse were not undecided. Mitchell and White left last night for the Pacific Coast. White will go into training as soon as he reaches the coast.

E. H. S. VS. DORCHESTER.

The first dual track and field athletic meeting between Dorchester and English High Schools will be held this afternoon at the drill hall of the latter, Montgomery street, at 2:30 o'clock. There will be nine events contested in addition to a team race.

TENNEY'S MEN EXPECT DEFEAT FROM DETROIT

Special to the Boston American.

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 23.—In the game against the Charleston team, which was their first of the season, the Boston Nationals used Young, Harley and Wilson during the game. Young showed great control and was very effective. Our run was scored off Wilhelm and Harley.

Wagoner, Sharpe and Delahanty carried off the batting and fielding honors for Boston. DeMontreville, brother of Sergeant DeMontreville, and Tebeau hit well for Charleston, while Rosen earned the fielding honors.

To-day the Detroits came to town, and Captain Tenney said that he thought his team was rather at a disadvantage, as the visitors have been in the South since the 6th of March and should be far ahead of the Bostons in their form, and if the boys can play them a close game it will be all that can be expected.

NED HANLON SIGNS OWEN

Special to the Boston American.

PHILADELPHIA, March 23.—Ned Hanlon, manager of the Brooklyns, secured Red Owen, a shortstop of the York club and one of the star players of the league. Owen is now on his way south to join the Brooklyn club.

It is believed that Hanlon induced Owen to join the Trinity League in order to get revenge for the efforts of another club in that organization to sign Shreckard. The Trinitite was not prepared for this move, and consternation reigns throughout the circuit.

SAVAGE DREW WITH COTE

BANGOR, Me., March 23.—Arthur Cote, of Biddeford, and Jean Savage, of Bath, went ten rounds to a draw in the Armory. Cote claims the lightweight championship of Maine, and is disputed by Savage.

All through the fight Cote acted on the defensive, while Savage adopted opposite tactics.

MARSH MEETS COFFEY.

English Tom beat Tommy Duggan in the cool championship game at Murray & Irving's, the score being 125 to 61. Phil Marsh and Kid Coffey will play to-night.

GEORGE WINTER, OF CHAMPS

This picture of Winter was taken by a Boston American photographer at the Macon training camp. It shows the Hub pitcher about to deliver the ball.

Macon Team Will Again MEET CHAMPS TO-DAY

Sessions and O'Brien Are Carded to Do the Slab Work for Colin's Pets Vs. Southerners.

BY A. H. C. MITCHELL,
Staff Correspondent of the Boston American with the Team.

MACON, Ga., March 23.—This morning's practice on the Mercer College diamond found up the Champs' work as far as their field is concerned. This afternoon they will play the second game with the Georgia team, champions of the Georgia league, and to-morrow, Saturday and Monday practice on the Macon grounds, which is in the big race track and fair enclosure. These grounds are small, about the size of the South End grounds in Boston, but the outfield is not very greasy, although the dry mood is "skin," it will be a pleasant change for the Champs after Bostons and most of them will be afraid to go after the batted kind of grounders on the hogged flies.

Collins intends to send Sessions and O'Brien to pitch this afternoon. The Set Paul boy has a lead off and probably will for five innings. Doran will do the catching with Schlei over to relieve him when O'Brien commences. The batting order will be the same as in the first game.

Seemed Like Old.

It seemed like old times for the Champs to be playing a real game of ball on a real diamond, Collins was well pleased with the first game with Macon. "Our pitchers did well," he said. "Winter used the spit ball exclusively, we need just such practice as we got in that game with Macon."

Manager Fogarty's comment was: "I was mighty glad to see Winter use the spit ball so well. Doran, too, pitched a fine game. I am well satisfied with the result."

Fogarty's opinion of the spit ball by Winter may mean much to the club as well as to the pitcher himself. He used it almost exclusively in the four innings he pitched.

The Macons only made two hits off him—one was a Texas Leaguer, which fell safe in centre field, while the other was a two-bagger, which went over Stahl's head when he was playing well in. The "skin" diamond roughened up the ball considerably, so that the spit ball was harder to manipulate than it would have been had the diamond been of grass.

Few Balls Called on Winter.

Winter has good control of it, and very few balls were called on him. Collins feels quite favorable to-day in thinking of close games with Cincinnati at Jacksonville. With Winter and Gibson both using the spit ball and the regulars batting well, there is no reason to fear the Reds. Josslyn pitched a fine game. Collins told him to just toss them over when he started, but the Macon kids lasted the ball so freely that the New Bedford boy had to cut loose with speed and curves.

After that Macon could not touch him, and he fanned eight men of the nineteen who faced him, in the third and fifth inning he struck out the side. When McGovern came in relief Winter he had his first experience with the spit ball. He handled it like a veteran. Twenty pitched the salt ball before the game. It is said he will not use it again until he gets it, but Tenny kids fair to shatter this illusion.

TRAINING CAMP NOTES.

McGovern took his eye off his big mitt and someone made off with it. Price 40 new cents.

The Boston club's share of the receipts for the first game with Macon was $92.50, President Taylor was paid off with silver dollars mostly.

Ferris astonished the natives with one of his odd-time stops and throws in the seventh inning. They were too astonished to give Hobe a hand.

Josslyn struck out eight men in five innings.

Chick Stahl's home run over the right field fence would have been good for four bucks on any grounds in the country.

The kid players, led by Kid Shaffer (aged forty-five), produced "Uncle Tom's Cabin" in their rooms last night. Josslyn was little Eva, Shaffer Uncle Tom, Scudders Simon Legree, and McGovern, locks dup in the sixth room, played the blood hound. A sheet on the floor and ice from the water pitcher completed the "props," and the show was a great success.

President Taylor took Freddie O'Connell into camp at golf again, winning by nine up in eighteen holes. Freddie is thinking of some new game.

Quite a few were the guests of Otis Skinner in "The Harvester" at the theatre last night. It is the only good show that has struck town since the Champs arrived, strange to say, don't grand them a pass," yelled a Macon fan at Farrell, who was out coaching.

How Champs Won Over Macon Team

BOSTON.	ab.	r.	bh.	tb.	po.	a.	e.
Burkett, lf....	4	2	2	2	3	0	0
Stahl, cf....	5	1	2	3	2	0	0
Freis, rf....	5	0	1	1	1	0	0
Collins, 3b....	5	0	1	1	1	2	0
Lachance, 1b....	3	0	1	1	10	0	0
Ferris, 2b....	4	0	0	0	2	3	0
Doran, c....	3	0	0	0	8	0	0
Winter, p....	3	0	0	0	0	2	0
Josslyn, p....	2	0	0	0	0	2	0
McGovern, p....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals....	39	3	7	8	27	10	1

MACON.	ab.	r.	bh.	tb.	po.	a.	e.
Lee, 2b....	3	1	1	1	3	1	0
Smith, rf....	4	0	0	0	1	0	0
Bowman, c....	4	0	2	2	2	1	1
Pre-ton, ss....	4	0	1	1	1	2	0
Kaghan, 3b....	4	1	1	4	2	0	0
Bell, lf....	4	0	0	0	1	0	0
Perkins, 1b....	4	0	0	0	11	1	0
Brown, p....	3	0	0	0	0	2	0
Harrell, c....	1	0	0	0	2	0	0
Thomas, p....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rossell, Pre....	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals....	32	2	5	10	27	15	4

Boston....	1	0	1	1	2	0	1	1	0—8
Macon....	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0—1

Home runs—Stahl. Sacrifice hits—Lachance, Ferris, Josslyn. Stolen bases—Burkett, Stahl, Freis, Collins, Lachance, Ferris, Winter, Lee, Smith, Bowman, Preston, Kaghan, Bell, Perkins, Brown, Harrell. Double plays—Doran to Ferris; Lee to Preston to Perkins. Left on bases—Boston, 7; Macon, 4. Bases on balls—Off Josslyn, 2; Winter, 1; Brown, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Josslyn, 1 (Lee). Struck out—By Josslyn, 5; Winter, 4; Brown, 1. Passed balls—Doran, 1; Harrell, 1. Time—1:50. Umpire—Connolly.

YALE NINE TO PLAY FORDHAM ON SATURDAY

Special to the Boston American.

NEW HAVEN, Ct., March 23.—Yale and Trinity Colleges did not open their baseball seasons here as scheduled. The game was called off because of the heavy rain, which made the field of practice, the first baseball work of the season, before it goes down to New York on Saturday to grapple with the Fordham College team, which is regarded as one of its strongest opponents of the season. Not a bit of handling grounders has been possible at Yale this year, outside of the cage, and Yale cannot make much of a showing against the Fordham team, which has been outdoors for two weeks.

Coach Edward Lush has been trying to teach the Yale men some inside ball, but has not had any chance yet to develop the team game. Yale will now open its home season next Wednesday, when Manhattan College comes here. Tufts will play here the following day, and Penn April 1.

Captain Bowman will take down to Fordham the following nine next Saturday:

Pitchers, Bell, Jackson and Rotan; catchers, Ervin and Lasker; first base, Bowman; second base, Hulskamp, Shevlin and Reed; shortstop, Jones; third base, Church and Kinney; outfield, Cote, Barnes and Smith.

Captain Tom Shevlin of the football eleven is the only absentee from the baseball squad. He was ostensibly on the team two years ago, but did not play last year. His heavy batting makes him a valuable general player.

'NAP' LAJOIE KING SECOND BASEMAN

By Boston American Leased Wire.

CHICAGO, March 23.—Fans who have followed the game closely regard second base as the strongest position in either league. Napoleon Lajoie is considered the fastest man, both in the field and at the bat, at the second station.

Ferris of the Boston Champs is a good fielder. He is just as clever on all fielding plays as Larry, but he is a weak batsman. To watch Ferris and Parent in action is worth the price of admission.

Jimmy Williams of the New York Americans is a clever fielder, and although he looks heavy and awkward he gets over the ground in a surprising manner and can place a ball on a runner in great shape. He is also a great batsman.

Jimmy Collins will have in Danny Murphy one of the really artistic players of baseball.

Clever Dan Murphy.

Murphy is a very clever guardian of the second sack, and can hit well enough to be considered a great batter in these days of weak batters. Danny is fast on his feet and he handles the drives and throws neat his way with great ease.

Detroit is without a second baseman of any consequence. Lowe was good in his time, but, like Herman Long, he is now out of the running. But "Tiger" rooters believe that Schaefer, the Milwaukee recruit, will prove a good man for the second base place this year.

In Dick Padden the Browns have the trickiest second baseman in the business, but Dick is not a very good batter and that lessens his value.

Bonsen, of Chicago, did well, although his work was not of the kind calculated to set the league on fire last season.

Washington will have to develop a second baseman this season. Inasmuch as McCormick is practically out of the running.

The National League has a catalog of brilliant second suckers. It would be a pretty hard matter to determine which man in the best fielder at second in the league. The honor seems to be very well divided between Johnnie Evers and Billie Gilbert.

Evers is Liked.

Were local fans given the pick of the pair, the chances are that the choice would fall on Evers. The little "Cub" is just verging on his majority, and his chances for having a long career before him are good. He is a wonderful second baseman, and has all the ear mark in the game, so far as fielding is concerned, and he is certainly a good hitter.

In the latter respect he outclasses Gilbert. Gilbert, however, is a very good man on the bases, and as a fielder is in about the same class as Evers. Miller Huggins of Cincinnati is a good player, although he cannot be adjudged that he is overrated by Cincinnati scribes. He is hardly in the same class with such men as Ferris, Evers, Gilbert and Lajoie. Hoblitzel, of Cincinnati, is much better than Johnnie Farrell, who guards the position for the St. Louis Nationals.

Ritchie of Pittsburg was the best of his day, and is still good, but he is not so fast as he was on the bases or quick on the stop and anxious that made him famous. Jack Barry, of Connie Mack's "Kid" Gleason of the Phillies is still good, but neither Boston nor Brooklyn has a first-class second sacker.

SMALL TALK FOR BASEBALL FANS

The real thing comes next week, when the Champs frolic with the Reds.

* * *

Joe Kelley has already laid down the following rules for his team, so that he can have a show with the Champs: Four hours' work a day, no late hours, abstinence from intoxicants, no knocking of candidates, no fighting feeds, no arguments with umpires, no shirking of practice, implicit obedience to orders, help youngsters, develop intelligence.

* * *

What a difference in the heads of the St. Louis teams! Nicholas says: "We will finish the first four." McAleer of the American team is modest and wouldn't put many predictions, but says his team will satisfy the fans.

* * *

Napoleon Lajoie is a modest man, and does not say somebody. Larry says he wish I had the nerve to go out on the stage before people. If I did I could be earning a little $500 a week during the vaudeville months. I bet several times, but I would rather ride the goat at the Elks' or throw some phone pitching machine that throws balls at you at the rate of ten miles a minute than make a spiel on a theatrical stage."

* * *

Babe Waddell is getting his bumps in the spring training. Apparently he is as crazy enough to eat loose at this stage of the game as he was a celebrated rookie.

* * *

"Wee Willie" Keeler may not be looking for a big bat like the other diamond artists, but he can stick and put him up near the top of the list just the same.

* * *

Jimmy Smith, who is scheduled to play short-stop for the St. Louis Browns, is one of the smallest men in the major league company. He weighs 125 pounds. Smith is fast and a sharp hitter, but trouble is predicted for him when he faces the heavy artillery of the American League.

* * *

Cy Young says that he was only a little over fourteen years ago that he pitched his first major league game, but only three of the eighteen men that took part in that game are in harness now. They are Kitty Bridges, Davis and himself.

* * *

Those Pelicans must be the goods to play the Sox to a tie. Collins and the Hub boys will need to be well-groomed when they strike New Orleans.

* * *

Charley Hemphill, who was once a Hub-ite player, is having his troubles. He refuses to sign with St. Paul unless the salary is right.

* * *

Homer Smoot, who was one of the sensations in the game with Boston a year ago, may be supplanted in the Cardinals' outfield by Hill, a youngster who has all the earmarks of a comer.

* * *

In young Hildebrand the Pittsburg club has a most promising pitcher. He only handles ties in the fact that he is a left-hander, but he can put a lot of ball around to the bases with the force and precision of a shot from a rifle.

* * *

Sam Crane says of the Highlanders' porcher: "Unger will be found in the main mark. He has everything that any pitcher has, including the nobility, and more than all has a good head and is a quick thinker. He promises to be a winning pitcher of the kind such a team as the Yankees. In my opinion he will become one of Griffith's best. His speed is something remarkable for the early season, and he has a fine curve ball, but has stamina and excellent control."

* * *

Manager Lajoie has sounded one slogan that, if rightly adhered to, will cause great rejoicing. The new idea is: "Run out everything." Larry has let it be understood in very forceful language that he will be heavy wheeling for the player who leads on his way to first after banging the ball into safe territory.

A more popular order could not have been issued. There is never, under any circumstances, any possible excuse for a player to go to first at top speed if the ball is batted inside the foul lines.

WOMEN 'BOOKIES' AT BENNINGS TRACK

Special to the Boston American.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 23.—Women bookmakers will lay odds, take bets on money and cash bets for the first time in the history of the American turf here to-day at the Bennings race track. They won't sit on high stools and elevate a slate bearing the odds, as the male members of the fraternity, but they will do the real business, nevertheless.

The invasion of women into the bookmaking field has been brought through the effort made by President A. H. Howland, Washington Jockey Club, to the effect that "messengers" or "betting commissioners" should not be permitted to take the money of the women in the grand stand down to the betting ring. Should any man or boy be found in the grand stand acting as an agent for any person in the placing of a bet in the betting ring the offender was to be handed from the track forever.

For years the "graft" of the grandstand messengers here at Bennings and on the other tracks of the Jockey Club has been easy and lucrative, and as the men who have waxed wealthy on the graft for several sons look begin to drop into town to-night, the fact that so good a thing as the grandstand messenger business would not be allowed to pass out of their grasp without a struggle became apparent.

The upshot of the affair is the advent of the more powerful and capable of the old messengers, who realize their annual income from $6,000 to $8,000, have decided to install women in the grandstand, equipped with bankrolls and prepared to accept bets from the women around about them in any amounts at odds prevailing in the betting ring. The women bookmakers will display the prices on a hand card to the women they "know" and who want to bet. By this means the messengers hope to circumvent the Washington Jockey Club and the Pinkertons.

The amount wagered by the women patrons of racing at the Bennings race track in 1904 during twenty-three days is said to be estimated at $250,000. The messengers corralled at least $150,000 of this tremendous sum.

HART SCHOOL WANTS GAMES

The Hart School baseball team has just started outdoor practice. The candidates have been putting in some hard work at the D Street gym, and the team promises to be the best in the history of the school. Logan has been elected captain and will cover the back stop. Cox, Reardon and Haskins will have it out for second, while Corbett and Connolly will show up well for short. Fagan and Connors are out for third, both promising players. Murphy and McGovern and Barrar and Greene will be the batteries, while Maher will make a strong bid for pitcher. Gorman, Lane and Quirk will make a strong bid for the field.

Games are desired with grammar school teams and second high school teams. All teams desiring games address James E. Murphy, Thomas N. Hart School, II and Fifth streets, South Boston.

PRESIDENT TO SEE GAME

WORCESTER, March 23.—Manager Campbell has arranged two more games for the Holy Cross College baseball team, one with the alumni on June 21, the day President Roosevelt will address the graduates; the other game will be with Boston University on April 10.

The new $12,000 field will be opened May 13 with Yale. Tommy McCarthy, the old Boston and Brooklyn fielder, is coaching the team, and is confident he will produce a fast aggregation.

The selections thus far made are: Polequin and Loftus, catchers; Captain Spring, Noonan, Mansfield and O'Rourke, pitchers; Flynn, first base; Emslie, third base, and Hovey, left field. The other positions are being fought for by thirty candidates.

DIAMOND WORK AT COLUMBIA

NEW YORK, March 23.—Columbia's baseball squad, which has worked regularly in the cage in the gymnasium for the last month, has transferred the scene of activities to the South Field. Under Lander, the coach, the men were drilled yesterday in stick work and short fielding. Fast work was hindered by the muddy condition of the field.

Columbia will be strong in the pitching department, for both Tyler and Tilt are eligible this year. Kruger and Saunders will have a chance to try their ability at catching the box. For the 1906 team Brinkie, from the School of Pharmacy, will be the star. In fact, it is thought that he may be pressed in the box for the varsity. With five strong pitchers the Morningside team will be able to play the games scheduled for the New England trip, when the nine will engage in seven games. T. J. Thorp is a strong candidate for first base. Arnaud, who played second base on the 1900 and 1901 elues, has returned to college, and will probably resume his old position. Nolowell, third baseman last year, played in the game yesterday. Farrell and Collins, who alternated at shortstop last year, seem to be the only ones now out for the position.

The outfield will be strong, with such players as Sec, Saunders and Hastings on the team. The coach thinks that the prospects of his team are very good, as there is plenty of excellent material in the squad to be developed. The squad, too, is one of the largest and most enthusiastic Columbia has ever had.

FRANK OWEN WILL SIGN

NEW ORLEANS, La., March 23.—There is no doubt but that Pitcher Frank Owen will sign a contract with the White Stockings this year. Before Comiskey left for Beaumont, Owen, it was learned, promised the president of the White Sox that he would attach his name to Comiskey's terms when the two squads came together at Springfield, Mo.

Some persons here and in Chicago have attempted to stir up trouble between Comiskey and Owen. Many of Owen's friends, it is said, have given him some bad advice, but he has finally decided to go by what Comiskey advised him is the best for him.

Comiskey, it is reported, has offered his star pitcher the increase in salary. This increase, however, has been a thing on it, one which Owen does not object to. According to the contract presented to Owen, he will receive an increase upon his next salary, but if he did not live up to this he would not receive the increase. This condition has not been made public by Comiskey, and Owen refuses to state what it is. That, however, should be no worry over Owen, though, because he will certainly be a White Sox.

GRIFFITHS IS ELECTED.

Ralph F. Griffiths, '06, was elected captain of the Harvard basketball team for next year. He prepared at the Pittsburg (Penn.) High School, and spent one year at Bucknell. There he played on the second team, and was on the Harvard second team last year. This Winter he was regular guard on the Harvard varsity five.

FANS FILE MANY PROBLEM ANSWERS

The BOSTON AMERICAN'S baseball puzzle still holds the attention of fans. There is just as much interest in the problem as ever, and some of the unfortunates have availed themselves of the opportunity and filed three or four answers. A few more solutions follow:

Hit in the Head.

Sporting Editor:

The batter hits the ball in front of the plate, and the catcher, trying to take it on the fly, accidentally hits him in the head. The ball rolls out into fair field and the batter goes on second and third safely. GUS FLYNN.

Mt. Hope street, Attleboro Falls, Mass.

Knocks Catcher Down.

The batter hits the ball and the two base runners start for home. The fielder who gets the ball throws it to the catcher just in time to catch the runner, but the runner knocks the catcher down, not coming on over for the catcher. The result being, A, 0, and P, 2. FRANK CASBELL,

24 Everett street, Charlestown.

Win on Lost Ball.

Sporting Editor:

The batter hits the ball to centre field and it is lost in the crowd. The men on second and third leave the bases. The batter runs to first base. This the game is won. FRED BROWN.

No. 34 Lafayette square, Haverhill, Mass.

Batsman Dead Slow.

Sporting Editor:

I think that when the batter hit the ball the man on second should have gone to third and the second went to third. Meanwhile the fielder who got the ball should have gone to the catcher throw it to third. The man started for home, got there safely, as the batsman was too slowness in returning the ball. W. J. CAMPBELL.

24 Everett street, Charlestown.

Batting Nelson Acts.

Sporting Editor:

The batter hits a slow grounder down towards first base and Battling Nelson runs out, gets it in his mouth, runs to first base and touches first. Send the reward by bicycle. CAPTAIN JOHN MULVEY.

Tilden Club, Forest Hills.

Fields It Cleanly.

Sporting Editor:

The batter knocks slow grounder to second baseman, who fields it cleanly to first, the ball reaching there at about same time as runner. The first baseman, in anxiety of getting ball before runner, pulls foot off base and fielder crosses before baseman recovers himself. Baseman then fields ball to pitcher, who touches base before runner reaches it. Is the batter out or safe? Is the runner out? Is the ball lost if child, game is ended. E. M. NELSON.

No. 109 Haverhill street, Lawrence.

Baseball Puzzle. What's the Answer?

Two teams, A and B, are playing. A is at the bat in the last half of the ninth inning. The score is 5 to 4 in favor of B. Two men are out, a man on second and another on third. The batter hits a ball into fair territory, but it is not a hit. There is no putout, no base runner hit by the batted ball, no assist or no error, and yet A wins the game by a score of 6 to 5. What was the play.

Readers of the BOSTON AMERICAN are invited to send their answers to the problem to the Sporting Editor. The first one to solve it will receive two grand stand tickets for himself and best girl for the opening game at the Huntington Avenue Grounds on April 21. Write on one side of the paper, and send full name and address.

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DR. LOUGEST

MEN!
DON'T DESPAIR

KEEP UP YOUR COURAGE. Come to me and be cured of the disease which is making you miserable.

WEAK, nervous men cannot have sound blood coursing when the parts most affected had begun actually to decay, and when the other symptoms following that decay had been so bad that the patient was thought to be in consumption.

There are those who have had no idea that their minds that death was the only refuge left them, on account of the disease which was sapping the life blood, who at last came to me and were cured and who, to-day, are enjoying life as they never did before. Young men, middle-aged men, old men, married men and single men, boys and girls as young as 15 years could write to me.

THIS IS MY SPECIALTY. CASE IS HOPELESS. If any case where other specialists have failed to cure, or where they have told you that it was incurable, come to me. I have had many years' experience in treating the diseases peculiar to men for 30 years, and I guarantee to cure you if it is possible to be a cure. COME TO-DAY.

RUPTURE is quickly and permanently cured without the use of the knife. No detention from business. NO PAY-ING FEE. No C. O. D. scheme to have you pay for a cure in advance. You pay me when cured. Don't be afraid to write me. Don't put off time, as it may be your last chance. It will cost you nothing. Every case carefully investigated. Consultation and examination free.

Hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 to 4. Wednesdays 9 a. m. to 12 noon.

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Boston American WOMAN'S Home Magazine

How to Preserve Scalp and Hair

LADY Godiva was a singularly fortunate woman in one respect. She didn't have to worry over lack of hair.

Her crowning glory never grew thin or unruly or faded or became depleted.

She had no need for hair restorers or regenerators or transformations or pompadours or wigs.

However, Lady Godiva is dead. Few of her sisters have inherited her wealth of tresses. The American men and women of to-day are waging a constant war against baldness.

It is almost a rarity to find a really luxuriant head of hair.

There is no surer seller in the world than a hair tonic, with a strong backing of before and after photographs, and the endorsement of some well-known people to the effect that "once I was bald, but now I am not." Hair-dressers flourish on every corner.

People are eager to try every known remedy and discover new ones, which will make hair grow on a shining pate or keep in the scalp what few hirsute roots remain. Why is it?

There must be a cause for falling hair.

And if there is a cause, by the same token there must be a remedy.

What is it?

Should there be frequent shampoos?

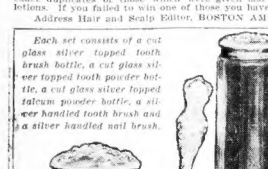
If so, of what?

If not, why not?

What is the best tonic for an oily scalp?

Send your favorite and most trustworthy recipe to the BOSTON AMERICAN. For the five best recipes there will be given five handsome toilet sets, exact duplicates of those which were given last week for the complexion lotions. If you failed to win one of those you have another chance.

Address Hair and Scalp Editor, BOSTON AMERICAN.



Each set consists of a cut glass silver topped tooth brush bottle, a cut glass silver topped tooth powder bottle, a cut glass silver topped talcum powder bottle, a silver handled tooth brush and a silver handled nail brush.

Five of these superb toilet sets will be given for best recipes for preserving the hair and scalp.

Hair Wash or Restorative

I have used it for dandruff and to clean the scalp. Shake when used: Syrup of rose marys, three liquid pounces; soap, half ounce; aqua ammonia, one ounce; oil of sweet almonds, 2½ ounces; rather oil, one ounce; good whiskey, 1½ pints.

MISS E. PABLO.

No. 550 Cedar street, Manchester, N. H.

For Falling Hair

Tincture of nux vomica, two grains; glycerine acid, one and a half grains; tincture of red cinchona, twenty minims; tincture of cantharides, one and a half grams; cologne, one hundred and twenty grams; sweet almond oil, fifty grams. Apply to the roots of the hair with a sponge once a day.

Ashland, Mass. MRS. L. RICKER.

Washing the Hair

The hair should not be washed oftener than once a month, but should be brushed before retiring should be combed well, and all dust and dirt combed or shaken out. Very little hot water should be used on the hair when combing it during the day, as water tends to rot the roots of the hair at a time. Men have poor hair. Why? They use more water in dressing the hair daily than women.

Plenty soap and water is best for the hair that is not oily. For oily hair use in the water one teaspoonful each of ammonia and borax and lump of soda one half size of an egg. After washing the hair, dry perfectly. Morning is the best time to wash the hair.

To promote the growth of the hair, twice a week, before retiring, rub well into the hair one teaspoonful of beef marrow and alsi results are invaluable for brandy. I never fails to produce hair on bald heads.

M. E. CARROLL.

46 Grand street, Worcester.

The hair falling out is caused by want of nourishment. Beef marrow and brandy supplies proper nourishment and helps the hair as it continues to grow.

M. R.

Chelsea.

An Excellent Tonic

Quinine sulphur, twenty grains; tincture of cantharides, two fluid drams; fluid extract of jaborandi, two fluid drams; alcohol, two fluid ounces; glycerine, two ounces; bay rum, six fluid ounces; rose water, sixteen fluid ounces.

The quinine should be dissolved in the alcohol by warming slightly; then the other ingredients added and the whole well shaken. Rub into the roots of the hair every night.

MRS. A. MARSH.

No. 102 Gainsboro street, Boston.

Uses No Brush

If one is desirous of possessing luxuriant hair here are a few simple rules which, if adhered to, will give pleasing results. Brushing may be beneficial to some of never use one. Use a comb with large, well finished teeth. At night separate the hair into small parts, holding it lightly between the thumb and two first fingers, carefully remove all tangles; then dip the comb into a bowl of clear cold water to which has been added a few drops of ammonia and a dash of perfume.

This method will not only make the hair soft and silky, but will add to its growth. Besides, its cleansing effects the soothing and restful results are invaluable for those who cannot sleep.

M. E. CARROLL.

46 Grand street, Worcester.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS

Prune Whip

Soak eighteen prunes over night and cook tender. Remove the stones and chop the prunes to a smooth pulp. Make a meringue of the whites of two eggs and seven tablespoonfuls of powdered sugar. Heat the prunes into this, turn into a greased pudding dish and bake for twenty minutes. Serve immediately with whipped cream.

How to Whip Cream

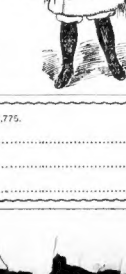
Cream to whip readily should be of medium richness and not too fresh. The average milkman's cream is too thin, the thick cream sold in small jars in the city is too thick. By diluting the thick cream with nearly an equal amount of milk you will have it right. Have the cream cold, turn into a cold mixing bowl, surrounded by ice water; beat with a whip whip until thick. Try to lift the cream upward on your beat, not with a stirring motion. When thick enough stop, or you will have butter. Just before it is done sift in some powdered sugar to sweeten.

Potato Yeast

Peel and grate eight good-sized potatoes, pour a gallon of boiling water over them and let them boil for ten or fifteen minutes. Then add one cupful of salt, one cupful of sugar and one yeastcake which has been dissolved in cold water, one cup and a half of boiled yeast. It is safer to use the yeastcake. Put the yeast in glass jars but do not screw the tops on for twenty-four hours. Keep in ice box and yeast will keep for a week. It is a cool place, and you will have sweet bread as long as it lasts.

Hearst's Boston American Pattern

Buster Brown Suit for Boys



No. 2,775.—Here is a fetching little suit for the small master of the house which will please his fond mother because of its excellent style and general becomingness. The boy finds it to the sturdy manliness of the little fellow, while the big blouse and long waisted effect add to its chic appearance. Any of the soft wool materials or knickers' linen will develop this suit excellently for service and style. For a medium size, 2½ yards of 36-inch material will be required.

Pattern No. 2,775 is in three sizes, from 2 to 6 years.

Send 10 cents to obtain this pattern, post-paid, and the size, name and address to HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN PATTERN DEPT., P. O. Box 200, Boston, Mass.

No. 2,775.

SIZE.....

NAME.....

ADDRESS.....

THE MANUFACTURE OF A HUSBAND

DOROTHY DIX

Says a Wife Can Make Her Husband Pretty Much What She Pleases.

Then a pile of heads he laid—
Thirty thousand headed on high—
All to please the Kaffir maid,
Where the Oxus ripples by.
Grimly spake Atulla Khan:
"Love hath made this Thing a Man."

KIPLING.

EVERY woman thinks every man married except the one to whom she is engaged.

She knows, abstractly, that men are full of faults and weaknesses. She sees that many men fail in business, and that they even failures as husbands, and it fills her with pity to talk of these men's wives whom she must suffer for their mistakes and their faults.

But she never thinks of herself as belonging to the class of disappointed wives. She sees her own particular Adolphus Gus-tavus as a high, lofty soul, above all the petty foibles of the balance of mankind, one who will go on from success to success, and who will always remain her gallant and adoring lover, tireless in paying him the ordinary, grumpy and knocky brand of husband.

She marries, and in the course of a year or so these fond delusions are scattered into smithereens. She ascertains that her Adolphus Gustavus is cut off pretty much the same piece of goods as other husbands.

* * *

THIS experience comes to every married woman who isn't a pitiful fool, and when it does come, and she sits down calmly and takes the measure of her husband's limitations and his possibilities, in that minute, little as she may think it, and little as he may know it, she decides their joint fate.

It is then up to the woman to boost her husband up the ladder of success, or to push him down from the rung on which he stands, for none of us remain still. We either go up or down.

Women, for men to train him, worship success. Every woman yearns for her husband to achieve things, and to the average wife it is that they seem to have so little intelligent interest in the things that a wife actually plays in her husband's career. Worse still, although most women have a desire to help their husbands, only the very few seem to have any knack how to go about it.

When the average woman finds out that the man she has married is not the unalloyed genius and the perfect prize that she had supposed him to be, she simply throws up her hands and gives the game, and begins bemoaning her cruel fate. Her only idea of helping him is for the crude one of doing her housework, and reading the wages of a servant, her notion of reforming his weaknesses is by nagging him every time one of these do-no good she is at the end of her tether. It never occurs to her to study her husband and see where he needs help, or in what form she can give it.

* * *

A FEW months ago in this city a great banquet was given in honor of a wife who is called a self-made man. After a number of speeches had been made eulogizing the talent, the pluck, the industry, the self-denial of the man, who had risen from a humble position in life as a boy to be one of the great captains of industry in this country, a man who had been associated for many years with the one who was being so highly honored, rubbing a boy in which sat a modest looking little woman, he said:

"There sits the author of this man's greatness, and there are not enough women who could have made a success of him."

Every wife in the land ought to cut that sentence out and paste it on her looking glass, where she will be sure to see it a hundred times a day every day of her life, for it contains a new gospel of hope for women.

It means that what woman has done woman can still do, and that the woman who is married to a man who has no exceptional talents or abilities, and perhaps no great energy, need not abandon herself to despair, fearing that she is doomed to be linked for life to a failure. Her role is to make him into a success.

* * *

AFTER all, husbands come to women as a general thing, as crude material, and it is true that a wife can manufacture one into pretty much whatever she pleases.

If women realized this, and if when they study her husband and see where he needs help, or in what form she can give it, they would set about trying that they wish they would set about trying to make them what they desire, it would be a hundred times a day every day of her life, for it contains a new gospel of hope for women.

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TELLS OF FIRST PLOT AGAINST MRS. STANFORD

Dead Woman's Secretary Explains the Alleged Poisoning.

MADE ILL BY STRYCHNINE

By Boston American Leased Wire.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 23.—Miss Bertha Berner, when examined by the San Francisco detectives in Honolulu, made a statement to them giving full details of the occasion of the first supposed poisoning of Mrs. Stanford. This statement was given out to-day by the police authorities.

"On the night of the poisoning," said Miss Berner, "I had just gone to sleep when I was awakened by a knock at my door and Miss Richmond said: 'Get right up and come down stairs. There is something wrong with the water Mrs. Stanford drank and she wants to see you.' I found Mrs. Stanford standing before her looking glass very much agitated and trembling. She said to me: 'Bertha, I took a drink of this water and it was terrible. It came up at once and I have vomited a number of times. I want you to taste it and see what you think of it.'

"I tasted the water and found it very bitter. I said: 'Mrs. Stanford, you had better keep on vomiting if you can.' She then drank another glass of warm water, put her finger down her throat and it came up quite clear.

"Mrs. Stanford said: 'Look at this bottle in a strong light and see if you can detect anything in it.' I took the bottle to the light, where I plainly detected particles all through the water. On tilting the bottle these particles clung to the sides. Miss Richmond, too, saw the particles. I urged Mrs. Stanford to keep on vomiting.

"Mrs. Stanford said: 'What do you suppose this can be?' I replied, 'I have it examined.' Miss Richmond agreed. Mrs. Stanford said: 'I will have that sent to a druggist.'

"Next morning I got up early and hurried down to Mrs. Stanford's room. She assured me she had had a better night than she had enjoyed for some time and experienced no ill-effects.

"After taking the water Mrs. Stanford had no spasm or convulsions. The only ill-effect I observed was nausea.

"I had never in my life seen strychnine before I saw it that evening in the bottle. I know it was strychnine from the report of the chemist who pronounced it to be so. Miss Richmond did not taste the water in my presence, that I remember.

Miss Berner explained to Detective Reynolds that Mrs. Stanford had $3,000 worth of "graft," which was divided between her and Beverly, and that she returned to Mrs. Stanford the $1,500 which was her share of the graft.

"Upon returning home from the trip in which the graft was divided I had a talk with Beverly. I told him not to annoy Mrs. Stanford. Beverly said: 'I have to know what Mrs. Stanford says. You don't think I'm travelling for pleasure. If you don't want me to follow you, then inform me what Mrs. Stanford purchases.'

"Mrs. Stanford was very much surprised when she learned of the situation, and I had great trouble to get her into accepting it and not then and there turning Beverly adrift. Beverly did not threaten to quit his place.

"Beverly paid me my share of the commissions, and I think I had made commissions amounting to something like $1,500.

"The relations between Beverly and Miss Richmond were very friendly.

"Yes, I received a letter from Beverly criticising me very severely.

"It was an all-around very bad letter."

FIRE MENACES SICK WOMAN

Mrs. Emma Wellington, of No. 68 Silver street, South Boston, came near losing her life in a fire which partly destroyed her home, while she was alone in bed, helpless and unable to go for assistance. She was found unconscious by Patrolman John Walsh, who took her to a neighbor's house.

Mrs. Wellington is an invalid. She heard the crackling of flames and saw smoke coming from the lower hall of the house, occupied by John Mason, and tried to make her way to the street, but was overcome by fright and fell at the top of the stairs. She would have burned to death had not Patrolman Walsh and the fire department gone to her assistance. The damage to the house and contents is about $700.

BANKERS FORM ASSOCIATION

More than half of the 455 banking institutions of the State were represented at a meeting at the Hotel Brunswick for the purpose of forming an organization to be known as the Massachusetts Bankers' Association. "To promote the general welfare of banks and banking institutions" is the object of the association.

The business meeting was preceded by a reception and dinner. H. M. Bachelder of the Merchants' National Bank, Salem, was chosen president for the ensuing year.

PARDON ASKED ON ACCOUNT OF WIFE

Chairman Benjamin Keeping and two other members of the Revere Board of Selectmen head a petition for the release of exchief of Police Edward H. Oakes, now serving a two-year sentence in Salem jail for uttering a forged note. The petition will be presented to Governor Douglas and Council. It asks the pardon on the ground that Mr. Oakes is ill and that other confinement of her husband would endanger her life.

No Pain—No High Prices

Dr. Thomas Jefferson King, Prop. of the Painless Dentist, originator of the only painless system of dentistry in the world. All dentists use the name and imitate the "Natural Gums," which prevent the detection of artificial teeth in the mouth.

Full set teeth as low as $5, gold crowns $5, bridge work $5, gold fillings $1 up, other fillings in proportion. Painless extraction free when sets are ordered. Hours 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 to 12. Telephone 722 Oxford. Lady attends. Examinations, estimates and advice free.

KING DENTAL PARLORS, Boston
478 WASHINGTON ST., COR. AVON
Over Crosby's Jewelry Store

FAILURE OF TREATY MEANS RUIN TO SANTO DOMINGO

—PRESIDENT MORALES.

SAYS POWERS WILL MAKE A GENERAL GRAB

He Cannot Resist, and Only Hope Is Interference by United States.

BELGIUM PRESENTS CLAIM

SAN DOMINGO, March 23.—That the postponement by the United States Senate of action on the treaty with Santo Domingo will result in a general grab by foreign powers is the expressed belief of President Morales.

Morales states that he is prepared to put down any revolution, but that a more serious matter in his mind is foreign complications growing out of Belgium's demand. Belgium wants customs receipts of $25,833 a month, according to a former agreement, on which no payment had been made for three years.

This demand is construed as a direct result of the failure of the treaty between the United States and Santo Domingo.

Expects Other Demands.

President Morales anticipates similar demands by other foreign powers, which he will be helpless to resist. He says he wants to pay all the Republic's debts, but sees the ruin of the country, with every port in the hands of a different foreign power and no revenue for the government.

In the course of an interview President Morales to-day said:

"It is entirely possible that the United States may have to send an ultimatum here, on account of the Dominican Government being unable, though not unwilling, to meet its obligations. It is utterly impossible for the government to pay the some due foreign nations unless the United States can procure from foreign powers a postponement of their demands.

No Power to Resist.

"I have no physical or moral force to resist them. With the custom houses in the control of the United States the resources of the island will develop speedily, and all demands will be paid, with the result that the country will be educated to peace and permanent prosperity."

With two Dominican ports now in the hands of the United States and the failure of the treaty, Dominicans believe that a grab game by foreign powers will begin at once.

An Italian cruiser was here a few days ago, but withdrew to Haiti when an American gunboat Castine is here with 150 men. The cruiser Chattanooga is at Samana Bay, the Detroit is at Puerto Plata and the Dixie is at Monte Christi. Rear Admiral Sigsbee has gone to Guantanamo to have a conference with Rear Admiral Barker.

With the seizure of Dominican ports by foreign powers, it is argued here that the Monroe doctrine will be nullified likewise as regards this republic.

"While the United States in the possession of two ports, it would not be logical, it is argued, to oppose the seizure of other ports by foreign powers.

MRS. READER SAYS HAY AND LOOMIS TRIED TO INCITE REVOLUTION

NEW YORK, March 23.—"Let my enemies talk. My time will come to answer them," is the only reply Mrs. Ella Rawls Reader deigns to make to the attacks upon her, since her sensational charges about the Santo Domingo treaties stirred up the State Department at Washington and gave diplomatic circles in Washington the greatest show of green.

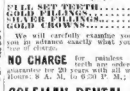
"Assistant Secretary of State Loomis could tell all if he would," she said, when seen at her offices, No. 45 Will street. "If it becomes necessary, I shall insist that Mr. Loomis tell all he knows and lays bare the true inclusive relating to the episode. When all the facts have become known it will be seen that I have told the truth all along."

Charge Against Hay.

Friends of Mrs. Reader say that Senor Manuel de J. Galvan, one of the richest and most powerful men in Santo Domingo, has in his possession a letter from John Hay, Secretary of State, during the Roosevelt administration, which proves that Hay connived for betraying Jesus Christ. We should be glad to maintain our independence. Biff! If we could to remain as Morales and his assistants insist, then the hotsy nawshood of being a foreign shall agree to annexation. We shall court it. We are willing to fight for it."

BRAVE MEN

We all admire, but the man or woman who will submit to pain needlessly is worse than a coward. When you suffer pain from a decayed or infected tooth we offer painlessness. Nobody extract teeth, fill teeth, crown teeth, bridge teeth painlessly. There is no reason why you should suffer at the hands of unskilled operators when we give you the opportunities for painless work at such moderate prices.



We guarantee a perfect fit or no pay.

FULL SET TEETH	$5.00
GOLD FILLINGS	$1.00
SILVER FILLINGS	50c.
GOLD CROWNS	$5.00

We will carefully examine your teeth and tell you in advance exactly what it will cost you.

NO CHARGE for painless extracting when sets are ordered, and a written guarantee for 20 years with all work done.

Hours: 8 A. M. to 8:30 P. M.; Sundays, 10 to 4.

COLEMAN DENTAL PARLORS,
633 Washington St., Boston.
Opposite Essex St. Ladies' Attendant.
Telephone 1464-6 Oxford.

MRS. READER, WOMAN OF HIGH FINANCE.

DAUGHTER WEDS; MOTHER DIES

LAWRENCE, March 23.—Dreading the excitement of witnessing her daughter Edna's marriage, Mrs. Edward C. Hilbert, of this city, went to her brother's home to stay with the secretary of State until after the ceremony was performed, when she was to return to the reception.

A few minutes after her happy daughter had become Mrs. G. Fred Mann a messenger was sent to the mother. "Edna's married; come right home," he said. Mrs. Hilbert gave a cry and fell dead on the floor, stricken by the attack of heart failure she had only an expert rider can maintain his seat.

KAISER TO RIDE ELECTRIC HORSE

BERLIN, March 23.—Kaiser William started to-day on his trip to the Mediterranean, which will last for several weeks. The Emperor will not return to Berlin until some time in April.

The Emperor and his party went direct to Cuxhaven where they boarded the liner Hamburg, in which the trip will be made. The vessel has been specially prepared for the voyage.

The gymnasium has been newly fitted out for the Emperor's use. The apparatus includes an electric horse on which the expert rider can maintain his

MUSIC AND COMEDY HOLD LOCAL BOARDS

All but five of Boston's many places of amusement are given over this week to a combination of music and comedy and scenery. The lighter forms of entertainment are having their innings now, and those who go to the theatre for amusement have plenty to choose from.

Boston Theatre.

Only four opportunities remain for seeing and hearing Chauncey Olcott at the Boston. "Terence" is one of the most popular plays in which he has ever appeared, and he is giving it to big audiences. Next Monday Boston will see for the first time at this house the elaborate play of Bertha Campbell's "Siberia," with its realistic representation of the massacre at Kishineff.

Majestic Theatre.

"The Filibuster" is packing the Majestic at every performance. Those who saw the amateur performance of this musical show by the bank officers are anxious to see the professional production, and they are not slow in their desire. The presentation is a very creditable one and the performance is given in a lively fashion, which makes much for its success.

Colonial Theatre.

"Sergt. Dangyr" has aroused the interest of all lovers of spectacular extravaganza, and is being applauded by immense audiences at the Colonial. It is one of the most elaborate productions the stage has ever seen, with a bewildering succession of stage pictures and legions of dancers and figurantes beautifully costumed.

Tremont Theatre.

"The Girl Question" in its pretty stage pictures, attractive musical numbers and clever people, has been warmly received at the Tremont. It is well sung, acted and staged, and forms altogether a most attractive entertainment. The engagement is for two weeks, and then will come Nance O'Neil, who will make her reappearance a week from Monday in "Macbeth."

Hollis Street Theatre.

The present is the last week of the engagement of Maxine Elliott in "Her Own Way" at the Hollis, and Saturday night's performance will afford probably the last chance of ever seeing her in this play in this city. Next Monday Maude Adams comes again to the Hollis, appearing this time in a revival of "The Little Minister," by James M. Barrie.

Park Theatre.

Only the chances afforded by the remaining performances of this week are recorded those who desire to see Charles Hawtrey once more in "A Night's Out" at the Park. Next week Robert Edeson will be seen at the Park in "Strongheart," the passage in "strongheart," the college play in which he appeared in an enlarged Indian and introduces a football game.

Keith's Theatre.

The entertainment offered at Keith's this week is unusually enjoyable. It comprises Edmund Day and his company in "The Proposal," Kaufmann Troupe, the Kelman troupe of dicyclists, the six Cuttys, in Parker's progressive dance, Leonard and Moore and Emma Littlefield in a clever skit, Ward and Curran and many other bright entertainers.

Empire Theatre.

The Hawthorne sisters are making a hit at the Empire. The list includes many other good entertainers, among them Billy B. Clifford, the Grand Opera Trio, the Harry La Rose company in "The Sailor and the Horse," the four Bards in acrobatic feats, Ray Cox, Walsh and Estes and Miller and Crosby.

Globe Theatre.

Williams and Walker are scoring heavily with the audiences at the Globe Theatre and are filling the house at every performance. "In Dahomey" affords them good opportunities and they make all kinds of fun. James J. Corbett in "Pals" will be the next attraction, coming to the Globe a week from Monday.

Grand Opera House.

In "After Midnight," this week's play at the Grand Opera House, John Webster finds excellent opportunities for the display of his versatility in the leading role, which was written especially for him. The attraction at the Grand next week will be "The Queen of the White Slaves."

Howard Athenaeum.

The bill at the Howard this week is meeting with the hearty approval of the patrons of the house and is full of good things. Among the principal entertainers are the three Navarros, the Empire Comedy Four, Charles Kenna in his one-man sketch, Murphy and Willard, the Williams-Gillian Trio, Gorman and West and Himes and Lewis. "Quick Action" is the burlesque.

Castle Square Theatre.

The performance of "Romeo and Juliet" by the Castle Square stock company this week is a very creditable one, and is being enjoyed by large audiences. Next week's attraction will be a dramatic version of "Carmen."

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Boylston Square Theatre.

"Sky Only Crime" is pleasing the audiences at the Boylston Square this week and the company gives an effective performance. "Why Women Sin" next week.

Lyceum Theatre.

The Merry Maidens company, with two burlesques and an excellent olio, is attracting many people to the Lyceum this week. There is plenty of amusing comedy and a good show is given.

Columbia Music Hall.

"The Bashful Venus," with W. B. Watson as the principal comedian and Jeanette Dupre in the title role, is proving popular at the Columbia. There is also an excellent olio.

Palace Theatre.

Sam Devere and his burlesque company are winning favor at the Palace this week. The burlesques are entertaining and the olio is composed of clever people.

Austin & Stone's Museum.

Austin & Stone's Museum has been crowded all day long so far this week. The ossified man from Maine has proved a big card. There are many other interesting features and the vaudeville shows in the theatre are decidedly attractive.

AMUSEMENTS. AMUSEMENTS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD TOURS

PINEHURST MARCH 30
North and South Combination Golf Tournaments, April 4, 5, 6 and 7.
ROUND-TRIP RATE from Boston.....$47
Covering round-trip transportation, Pullman, berth and meals on special train from New York on going trip, and three days' board at Hotel Carolina. Tickets good for eighteen days.

OLD POINT COMFORT, RICHMOND AND WASHINGTON
MARCH 24, APRIL 21, MAY 5
ROUND-TRIP RATE from Boston.....$46
EIGHT-DAY OUTINGS THROUGH THE OLD DOMINION
OLD POINT COMFORT ONLY
Round-Trip Rate from Boston.....$27

WASHINGTON March 24; April 7, 21; May 5.
EIGHT-DAY TRIPS TO THE NATIONAL CAPITAL
ROUND-TRIP RATE from Boston.....$25
For the Tour of May 5 the rate will be $27. Rates cover necessary expenses, except supper returning.

Detailed itineraries and full information may be had of GEO. M. ROBERTS, Passenger Agent New England District, 205 Washington St., Boston, Mass.
J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager. GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

MAJESTIC Tonight at 8
The FILIBUSTER
Samuel E. Rork's Spectacular Musical Merriment
Everyone Says: "It's Great"
Louise Gunning and Company of 100
SUCH PRETTY GIRLS! SUCH SWEET MUSIC! SUCH A LOT OF FUN!
And Every Critic in Boston Declares it to be a Big Success.
SEE IT TONIGHT

BOSTON THEATRE
LAWRENCE McGEARTY.....Lessee and Mgr.
High-Class Attractions at Fair Prices
25-35-50-75—ALL ORCHESTRA 1.00
LAST 3 DAYS
CHAUNCEY OLCOTT
In His Most Successful Play,
TERENCE
LAST MATINEE SATURDAY
Next Week March 27 "SIBERIA"

Pauline Hall
Is Singing at Keith's This Week. Where the Following Noted Entertainers are also appearing:

Musical Cuttys,	Kaufmann Troupe,
Edmund Day,	Ward and Curran,
Moore & Littlefield,	W. H. Windom,
Howard Brothers,	Fred Brown,
V. P. Woodward,	Eben Richards,
Pierce and Maizie,	Parker's Dogs
Morton & Diamond,	Biograph Pictures.

Next Week—Eddie Foy and Company.

EMPIRE THEATRE
FORMERLY BOSTON MUSIC HALL
Twice Daily. Every Seat Reserved.
Doors Open 1 and 7 P. M.
"QUALITY" VAUDEVILLE
Sisters Hawthorne / Billy S. Clifford
Grand Opera Trio / Mansfield & Wilbur
The Four Bards / Ray Cox
Miller & Krenko / Welsh & Estes
Drummers' Quartette / Vitagraph
And Other Features
I have told the truth all along."

TREMONT THEATRE
Evenings Promptly at 8. Carriages 10.45.
THE AUGUSTUS PITOU MUSICAL CO.
In the New and Original Musical Play
THE CINGALEE
By the Authors of "The Geisha," "San Toy," and "A Greek Slave."
WITH THE ORIGINAL CAST
From Daly's Theatre, New York.
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday at 2.

COLONIAL THEATRE
Cook, Friedman, Rich & Harris, Lessees & Mgrs.
TONIGHT at 7:45 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2.
Klaw & Erlanger's Colossal Drury Lane Spectacle
HUMPTY DUMPTY
Greatest of All Productions!
Prices 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50.

PARK THEATRE
Chas. Frohman, Rich & Harris, Lessees & Mgrs.
A NIGHT'S OUT
CHARLES HAWTREY
—IN—
A Message From Mars
Last Mat. Sat. 2. Prices 3.50, 2.00, 75, 50, 25
NEXT WEEK ROBERT EDESON in STRONGHEART

GLOBE EVENINGS 25-50-75-1.00 MATINEE SAT. 25-50-75
WILLIAMS & WALKER
60 Colored Artists "IN DAHOMEY"
In the All New
Every Sunday Night Popular 25-50c Concert.

CASTLE SQ. THEATRE Tel. Tre. 5.
Daily—2:15 and 7:45. Prices 15c, 25c, 50c, 75. Last Week—CARMEN, (Gothenvela Version).
Evil Shadows—Revival of Present Season
ROMEO and JULIET

HOLLIS ST. THEATRE
Isaac B. Rich, Proprietor and Manager.
Evenings 8. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2.
LAST WEEK
C. B. DILLINGHAM Presents
MAXINE ELLIOTT
IN CLYDE FITCH'S FAMOUS PLAY
HER OWN WAY
FAREWELL TO BOSTON IN THIS PLAY.
Next Week—MAUDE ADAMS in "THE LITTLE MINISTER."

DAILY 25c MAT. COLUMBIA KINGS AND QUEENS OF BURLESQUE.
SMOKING PERMITTED
ALLOWED 10 to 35c

PALACE
SAM DEVERE'S BURLESQUERS
GRAND SMOKING CONCERTS
Performances 1.45, 7.45, 10.30.
Telephone 2159 Haymarket.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
Evenings at 8
MATINEE TO-DAY
Mats. Tues., Thurs., Sat. at 2
JACK WEBER'S HIT
AFTER MIDNIGHT
Prices 25c, 50c, 75c. Mats. 25c, 50c.
Next Week—"Queen of the White Slaves."

HOWARD TODAY
2 till 11 P. M.
Continuous Vaudeville
J. Cassavoy, Emmett Comedy 4, Clay, Kenna & Co., Murphy and Willard, Gossler and Harrington, Williams-Gillian Trio, and other specialties. Our corps of theatrical director in the new burlesque, "Quick Action," will be seen at the Howard next week.

BOWDOIN SQUARE THEATRE
Every Afternoon at 2. Every Evening at 8.
HER ONLY CRIME
Any Seat in the House 25c.
NEXT WEEK—"Why Women Sin."

PALMER COX'S
"BROWNIES" IN "BROWNIELAND"
Children's Theatre, Huntington Chambers
Commencing Monday, March 20, at 9.30 a. m.
3 MATINEES Wednesday, March 22, 2.30 p. m.
Saturday, March 25, 2.30 p. m.
Prices 50, 75, $1. Seats on sale box office Children's Theatre.

LYCEUM MERRY MAIDENS
Today, 2.15 & 8. Orchestra seat 50c. With 30 Or.

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Waltz Down Last Among the Shady Maple Trees.
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Goodby, Little Girl, Goodby.
Where the Mocking Birds Were Singing.
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Don't Cry, Katie, Dear.
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Dream of Madrid Waltzes.
Mountain Maiden. (Reverie.)

Below we give you a few strains of "A Trip to Niagara" march and two-step, which, from present indications, bids fair to be the rage of the country this coming Summer. It is now being featured by all the leading orchestra and band leaders and should be in the repertoire of all lovers of good up-to-date music.

A TRIP TO NIAGARA
MARCH and TWO STEP
WM. J. CORNISH.

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EDITORIAL PAGE OF **HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN** THURSDAY, MARCH 23

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST

80 AND 82 SUMMER ST., BOSTON, MARCH 23, 1905.

Prevent Another Brockton Horror

Inspectors Who Can't Inspect Won't Help the Situation

The knowledge that possibly one hundred persons were killed by the Brockton boiler explosion increases the public horror and makes more clear the duty of the State and County authorities. Not only must the responsibility for this disaster be fixed, but steps must be taken to make another "accident" of the kind impossible.

Thomas Hawley, one of the greatest boiler experts in the State, made for this newspaper a thorough examination of the exploded boiler that caused the catastrophe, and he asserts without reservation that the explosion was the result of a crack in the outer plate of the boiler. This fatal crack, Mr. Hawley points out, defies detection by inspectors as it is usually in the lower side of the overlapping plate and cannot be seen. Secretary J. B. Pierce, of the Hartford Steam Boiler Inspection and Insurance Company, corroborates Mr. Hawley so far as to admit that when a pressure is put on from the inside of these lap joints there is a tendency to warp a little and that they occasionally crack.

What makes Mr. Hawley's report of especial interest is that he makes the startling statement that there are many boilers now in use in this State which unquestionably have these lap cracks, and that they are only AWAITING SUFFICIENT SHOCK TO SET THEM OFF.

"The sadness of it all is"—we quote from Mr. Hawley's statement—"that the lesson is never heeded and people go on using boilers built in this defective manner, trusting to luck that they will not explode."

The expert, who has made a careful examination of all the boilers that have exploded in this and nearby States within the last twenty years, declares that practically all of these boilers were wrecked through some fault. He says that there is but one sure way to guard against a recurrence of such an appalling tragedy as the one that has made Brockton a city of mourning, and that is to prohibit by law the use of large boilers with lap joints on horizontal seams.

But, the expert adds, he does not believe such a law can be passed; and so he advocates having more inspectors appointed.

Why cannot such a law be passed?

Because, possibly, it costs a few dollars more to build a safe boiler than it does to build one of these lap-jointed engines of death.

It sounds very well to talk about having more inspectors, but what is needed is more common honesty and regard for human life. By the expert's own statement it is practically impossible for an inspector to discover the flaw in such a boiler as the one in the Grover factory until after the boiler has blown up.

If all the boilers which have exploded in the last few years are boilers of a certain type, the solution of the problem seems to a layman very simple—**STOP THE USE OF THAT KIND OF BOILERS!**

Why not?

The Little Girl and the Bird Trap

A Sermon in a Few Words for the American People That Don't Know How to Settle Any of Their Problems

A little girl's bad brother set a trap to catch birds. She knew it was wrong, cruel, against the laws of kindness, altogether inexcusable from her point of view.

She wept at first, then her mother—two hours later—noticed that she had become cheerful once more.

"What did you do?" asked the mother.

"I prayed for my brother to be made a better boy."

"What else?"

"I prayed that the trap would not catch any little birds."

"What else?"

"THEN I WENT OUT AND KICKED THE OLD TRAP ALL TO PIECES."

The people of this country might learn a lesson from the practical little girl with the bad brother.

Uncle Sam has a bad brother—the Big Trust brother, with his traps set all over the country and doing a rushing business.

Thus far the country has confined itself to petitions, hoping that the trusts would kindly become better boys, or that their traps would catch fewer of us—fewer of our dollars.

We COULD settle our problem, as the little girl did hers—when she had finished praying, she ACTED.

When will the people act, and with their ballots kick the Trust and its traps all to pieces?

Little Editorials from the People

BY FAITH AND WORK

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

The writer has been much interested in your editorials for some time, especially the one of March 2, 1905, wherein you speak of Mr. John D. Rockefeller being as industrious in the pursuit of what he is after as the ant of the proverbs. This is true, and it is also true that Mr. Rockefeller minds his own business. We never hear of Mr. Rockefeller speaking ill of anybody.

The great trouble with the rank and file of people is they do not mind their own business, but, on the other hand, use a great deal of energy and force in minding other people's business, consequently losing a great deal of that valuable asset, time, in so doing. Mr. Rockefeller has arrived where he is at this minute by constant, steady, persistent application and has followed out, as far as he has been able, that great law, although simple, concentration, which is one of the greatest laws of the universe, whereby success can be attained. The Holy Bible says "what ever you do, do with all your might." That does not mean, make all the noise you can doing it; it does mean, doing it just as well as you know how, being master of it, instead of it being master of you. In so doing you become a law unto yourself and a master of yourself, then you will come nearer knowing yourself, as the Bible says, "know thyself."

We must all realize there is none of us perfect, none perfect but one, and there is a book that says, "judge not, that ye be not judged," and likewise says, "by their works ye shall know them." Now, with reference to the laboring class of people, is it not a fact that if there were no $5, $6 or $7 a week people to be hired the employer would not hire them? In other words, if the rank and file of the people would live in closer touch with the Almighty a proposition they would soon find that they would elevate and enlighten themselves, and, in so doing, would put themselves in an independent position through their faith in Almighty God. The one great trouble with the people of this nation and all other nations is their lack of faith in God, and when they get where they will believe and live the life according to the Ten Commandments, in other words, as the Holy Bible says, "first enter ye the kingdom of God, and His righteousness and all else shall be added unto you, then will they be shown for what purpose they are here on this planet.

And there is one one way that this can be brought about and that is by faith and by work.

WILLIAM E. DRAKE.

Boston.

AREN'T MEN THE WRETCHES

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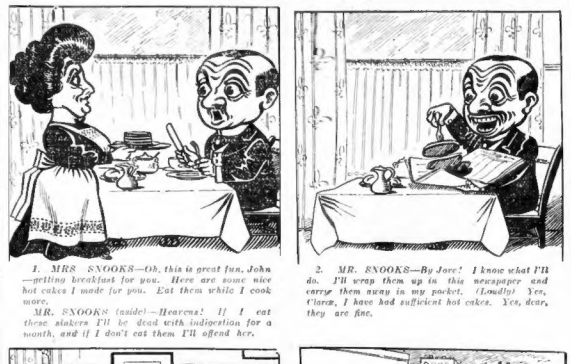

1. MRS SNOOKS—Oh, this is great fun, John—getting breakfast for you. Here are some nice hot cakes I made for you. Eat them while I cook more.

2. MR. SNOOKS (aside)—Heavens! If I eat these slakers I'll be dead with indigestion for a month, and if I don't eat them I'll offend her.

3. MR. SNOOKS—And did I enjoy the breakfast? Well I should say yes. Those hot cakes were simply delicious—fit for angels, sweetheart. Well good-by, dear.

4. MR. SNOOKS (as he turns the corner)—I hate to deceive Clara in this way, but what is a poor man to do?

EVERYDAY DREAMS

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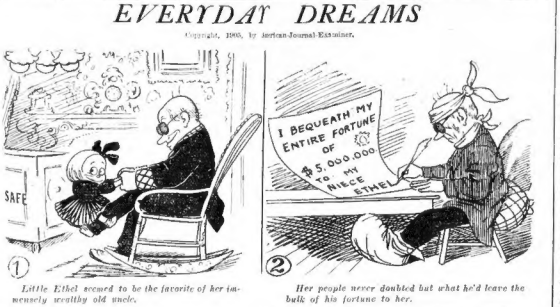

1. Little Ethel seemed to be the favorite of her imbecilic wealthy old uncle.

2. Her people never doubted but what he'd leave the bulk of his fortune to her.

3. Enabling her to marry perhaps a title.

4. But uncle left his money to charity, and poor Ethel has to work for her living like the rest of us.

IN BUGVILLE

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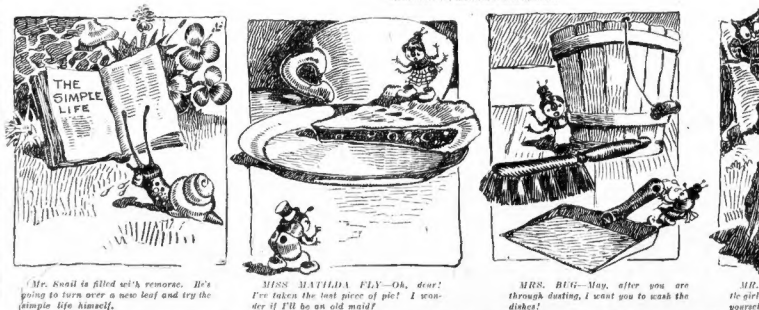

Mr. Snail is filled with remorse. He's going to turn over a new leaf and try the simple life himself.

MISS MATILDA FLY—Oh, dear! I've taken the last piece of pie! I wonder if I'll be an old maid?

MRS. BUG—May, after you are through dusting, I want you to wash the dishes!

MR. OWL—You better be careful, little girl. You're liable to stumble and hurt yourself if you prowl around in the light.

Edison Regrets Electric Chair Was Ever Invented

By James S. Evans

NOT long ago Thomas A. Edison, the greatest living genius, was asked if he had invented the apparatus used in the two States where murderers are electrocuted — New York and Ohio. The question was put to him while he was in a state of great mental perturbation, but his face softened and his voice quickly lost its flinty substance when he replied to the question on electrocution.

"I did not invent such an instrument," he said, "and I am very sorry that electricity has been put to such a bad use. When the apparatus was being installed at Sing Sing I went up to look at it. The law providing for such means of death had passed—passed to the horror of all men with keen sensibilities, the love of humanity and the fear of God in their hearts. I may have contributed something toward simplifying the method of putting men to death, but if I did so I was moved by a spirit that means less suffering for those condemned."

"Is electrocution the most painless way of putting one to death?"

"Assuredly it is. There is a sensation of a moment only—as quick as the lid of an eye. But in that second there is pain indescribable. The flash comes and the shock; it is ten times more excruciating than the feeling that results from one's placing his hands on live coals. It is a burning, devilish, harrowing feeling. Imagine the quick thrusting of ten thousand hot needle points into the body at one time, and you may have a faint idea of the shock when the current is turned on."

His blue eyes fell on the crackling logs that lay burning in the big fireplace before him. For a minute he sat wrapped in gloomy meditation. Around him were miniature models of his greatest discoveries—the telephone, the graphophone, the electric light, the phonograph, the storage battery—dozens of mechanical contrivances that have given the world incalculable benefits. His big yard dog that had been lying before the fire got up, yawned, stretched himself and then walked over and put his nose between his master's knees. The greatest electrical inventor the world has ever known thus was awakened from his reverie. He continued:

"I am sorry the gallows was ever thought of; the guillotine is a barbarous instrument. The system of garroting belongs to the Dark Ages, and whatever may be said in behalf of the present way New York has of treating its murderers, it is no less ghastly and inexcusable than are the instruments of death used in the semi-civilized nations.

"We call ours a country of advanced thought. Our men think and feel and our women pray. But we have not yet emerged from the shadows that made the Middle Ages a text for historians. But it were time that we threw off some of our barbarity. This country is big enough and rich enough and human enough to lock up those who kill and make them work. If it is the desire of the law to punish, what mole could there be that would carry more anguish, greater torture than to keep the criminals in a big house, they knowing that from that moment they never again would see wild flowers, hear the songs of children, catch the clasp of a friendly hand, listen to words of cheer, see the glories of the earth, feel the freedom of the air? Could one imagine a condition worse? Because a crazy man or woman, under the influence of whiskey, or moved by some devilish passion, slays his fellow, is there any reason or excuse why the State should do the same thing? That old Mosaic law—an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth—may have been all right in those days, but it does not fit modern times.

"But let's quit talking about such gruesome subjects. Did I ever tell you of the time I was working in a newspaper office and received a message conveying the information that Lincoln was dead?"

He had not, and I said so.

"Well, it was after a hard day's—"

"Mr. Edison, did you know you had to get up at 6 in the morning?" broke in his secretary. "It's now 5 o'clock."

"Is that so?" he asked, in surprise. "Well, I must be going to bed," he said. "But I'll tell you about it to-morrow."

The Causes of Suicide

By the Rev. Thomas B. Gregory

IN the light of the religious idea we are souls in bodies. In the absence of that light we are bodies, and nothing more.

In proportion as the religious idea loses its hold upon us we fall more and more into the conviction that we are nothing but animals, and that the material is the "be all and the end all" of our existence.

Blind indeed is he who does not see that it is in precisely this condition that the present day civilized humanity finds itself.

Now, the animal life, if a healthy one, is not necessarily unhappy. On the other hand, the healthy animal life is a very felicitous one, quite satisfied with itself and as far removed from all worry and unrest as the east is from the west.

But, unfortunately, the human animal life of to-day is anything but healthy. Its nerves are out of tune, its digestion is unsound, its sleep is a nightmare and its waking hours are Sodom, Pandemonium and Hades all tumbled together in hopeless confusion.

In the mad chase after the dollar we are wearing ourselves out. The heart is made to beat twice where it should beat but once. The drain on the phosphorus in the brain and on nature's reserve in general is such that we are growing prematurely old, decrepit, hopeless, miserable.

With unstrung nerves, insomnia, unrest by day and torment by night, we ask ourselves the question: "Is the game worth the candle?" and the answer is the crack of a pistol or a jump into the sea!

The question is often asked, "is not the person who kills himself insane?" and every time the answer must be "yes."

Did you ever stop to think that pretty nearly the entire civilized humanity of to-day is insane?

If you don't believe it, glance around yourself carefully here in Boston. Go go to Chicago, or London, or Paris, or any other big town, and take a sober look at things!

Watch the maelstrom of human life! Watch the plunging, foaming, seething rush and roar of the human tide! See men running, leaping over one another's shoulders, pushing, plunging, tearing away like so many wild animals!

The dollar has crazed them. Too much struggle has made them mad! They are no longer rational beings. They are insane. beside themselves. They are insane.

But nature remains. The laws of nature, though forgotten or despised, are still supreme, and the penalty for this false life must be paid.

If you don't believe that it is being paid, if you don't believe that nature is steadily at work collecting her bills, just look at the vital and criminal statistics; glance at the steadily increasing number of lunatics; behold the fearful rapidity with which the suicide roll is being up!

When I think of the way in which we are living the wonder with me is that there are not a great many more suicides than we actually have.

Civilization, even when at its best, is a promoter of self destruction; and the civilization of this twentieth century, especially in England, Germany and the United States, is a veritable hotbed of suicide.

Man is the only creature in the universe who has the fatal power of ignoring the supreme law of his being; but, as I have said, to ignore a natural law is one thing, to escape the consequences of ignoring it is quite another matter.

We are scorning nature's laws, but we cannot escape the penalty, and in the midst of our unnatural, artificial, mad, feverish life nature is killing us like so many flies.

And the more artificial our life becomes the swifter and more maddening our scramble and rush, the more will nature destroy us and cast us away into her refuse heap.

Nature gave us reason to guide us along the ways of peace and happiness, and our only salvation is in listening to reason's voice and obeying it. Spurn that voice, disobey it, and we become madmen, running amuck through the world to premature graves.

More Little Editorials from the People

THE EMPTINESS OF WEALTH

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

We find the same confession of the emptiness of wealth again and again in the Scriptures. Solomon, the richest of all the Jewish kings, who made silver to be as stones in the streets of Jerusalem, wrote his experiences in tones of melancholy. "Give me," he says, "neither poverty nor riches; feed me with food convenient for me."

"They that desire to be rich," says St. Paul, "fall into a temptation and a snare, and many foolish and hurtful lusts such as drown men in destruction and perdition."

"Go to now, ye rich men," says the stern St. James, "weep and howl for the miseries which shall come upon you. Your riches are corrupted. Your garments are moth eaten."

"I thank thee, my most dear God," says Luther, "that thou hast made me poor and a beggar upon earth."

Hear our own Shakespeare:

"I swear it is better to be lowly born,
And range with humble livers in content,
Than to be perked up in a glistering grief,
And wear a golden sorrow."

Many men, however, do not create wealth for themselves, either by honest or dishonest means, but are born to it in possession. Whether it confers happiness on them or not, it certainly imposes upon them many grave and serious responsibilities. The object of this letter is merely to indicate how such cares and responsibilities may be most nobly faced so as to bring to those rags and permanent happiness to us all.

Yours very truly, DANIEL MULLEN.

March 21, 1905.

THE BROCKTON EXPLOSION

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

We have all read with great regret the numerous detailed accounts of the appalling disaster due to the explosion of a boiler in Brockton. Probably the thought has come to the majority of readers—what caused such an accident and could it have been prevented? In this particular case the exact cause will probably never be known, and speculation as to the cause can do no good—unless it results in finding a solution which will prevent future accidents of the same character.

I have been an engineer since boyhood, learning my trade in a boiler shop, and have tried to keep up with the developments in steam practice. There is hardly a week passes that does not record some explosion more or less serious of the old type of horizontal tubular boilers, and it seems to me that if users of steam would adopt the policy of our employers and install straight water tube boilers, free from stay bolts, such serious accidents would be practically impossible.

I sincerely hope this accident will set some of the managers and owners of steam plants to thinking, and that before long New England will get into the procession and keep up with the times and install up-to-date boilers, and then we will not have to record so frequently such calamities.

S. A. SHINDLER.

Boston.